

THE NAPANEE

Vol. LVI] No 29 - E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA-FRI

WEDNESDAY HAI
STORES CLOSE AT NOON FROM N

Historical Society

THE DOMINION BANK

Paid Up Capital \$6,000,000 Reserve Fund \$7,000,000

Depositors in this Bank are assured of efficient service.

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED

NAPANEE BRANCH: F. COTTLE, Manager.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA. ESTABLISHED 1864.

Capital Paid up.....\$7,000,000
Rest and Undivided Profits... 7,421,292
Total Deposits.....92,102,072
Total Assets.....121,130,558

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid.
Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

Napanee Branch, **E. R. CHECKLEY Mgr.**
Yarker Branch, **R. M. MACPHERSON, Mgr.**

PAUL'S BOOKSTORE

IN THIS, my last adv., I wish to thank my many friends for their patronage in the past, and for their expressions of regret at my closing business. I also wish to thank the many merchants who have purchased of my lines to the extent that very little of my very large stock is unsold.

The only part of which I have a quantity is Christmas Books and Cards, Games, Toys and Dolls. It being out of season for these lines and as the other dealers are stocked up with the same lines, I have been obliged to store these goods, and it will probably be necessary for me to open a store at Christmas in order to dispose of these. Should I not sell these goods in bulk I shall do this, and if so will give you special bargains.

The Delineator and Butterick Patterns—These popular patterns will be

War Summary of The Latest Events

The submarine is still a serious menace to Britain's food. According to the weekly summary given out Wednesday night 27 ships of over 1600 tons and five ships under 1600 tons were sent to the bottom within the past seven days. These figures show a heavier toll exacted by the German plungers than in any of the six preceding weeks. The greatest destruction to shipping since the middle of April was during the week ending April 28th, when 38 ships of over 1600 tons and 13 of less than 1600 tons were torpedoed. Admiralty officials point out, in seeking some cause for hope in the present situation, that an increasing number of vessels are successfully resisting attacks. On the other hand, the increasing number of vessels of large tonnage being sunk constitutes considerable cause for alarm. Again, the Admiralty officials announce that the weapons being used to combat the submarines have constantly grown in efficiency, and it is intimated that, though British cargo carriers are being sent to the bottom with painful regularity, too much pessimism is not reasonable. Critics of the Admiralty point out that there is too much passive resistance in the anti-submarine policy, and that, instead of spasmodic raids both by sea and by land on submarine bases on the Belgian coast, there should be pursued a more vigorous and constant assault upon the lairs of the sea-wolves. They contend that these can be more surely destroyed in the shallow waters of the Belgian coast than in the open seas. A Paris despatch

PRESENTATION AND ADDRESS,

On Thursday evening, May 31st, a number of the members of Selby Circuit, representing all the appointments, gathered in the basement of the Methodist Church, Selby, to do honor to their pastor and his wife by endeavoring to show our appreciation for services rendered. The gathering was presided over by Mr. E. J. Sexsmith, Empey Hill; Miss Mildred McKim, Switzerville, and Mrs. Tuman, Selby, delighted all with their musical selections. Then a recitation was given "the old Church Organ" a piece that is ever new when given by Mrs. Alex. Denison. Mr. and Mrs. Cook were called to the platform and an address was read by Mrs. J. C. Hudgins, and a presentation of a well-filled purse was made by Miss Milling. Mr. Cook replied to the address and thanked the people for their gift, his words were filled with emotion and were of a character that could not help but strengthen the ties that all ready exist between Pastor and people. Mrs. Cook favored the gathering with a Solo, then several of the members, young and old, expressed themselves freely regarding the work of the circuit, and the hope that our minister be returned to us the fourth year. The meeting closed with Bless be the tie that binds, and God Save the King.

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Cook:—

We, the people of Selby Circuit, are reminded that the third year of your pastorate is rapidly winging its way and will soon, very soon, be gone, the chapter of its experiences closed, a memory, a matter of history merely, and we instinctively look about us to ascertain what duties are incumbent on us, that should be attended to before the chapter closes.

In this quest we make the discovery, that the impressions produced by your preaching, we believe will continue to have a most helpful influence upon the lives and character and destiny of this people as long as time and circumstance.

Your prayers have apparently been answered in the hearts and lives of those around you, the friendly grasp of your hand and your happy greetings, have been an unfailing inspiration, your life in our midst has been an illustration of what is implied in the expression "A follower of Him, who went about doing good."

And to Mrs. Cook:

Your helpmate in the true sense of the word, your life has attracted our attention, your personality, your spirit of song, your teaching, your kindness, there is but a halo of

DENBIGH.

Rev. C. F. Christiansen Monday for Hanover, Ontario, to attend the annual session of an Synod of Canada, which opens there on the 14th. Christiansen is accompanied by his wife and they intend to visit a few towns in Western Ontario before returning.

Mr. J. S. Lane, our Reeve to Napanee this week, at the Sessions of the County Court. Mr. and Mrs. Emil Warlick, daughters, of Vanburgh, for students of Denbigh, enjoyed a visit with some of their relatives and friends here, as to their present home again.

Our farmers have now their seedling and planting forming Statute Labor is the day.

MARYSVILLE.

Mr. Frank O'Sullivan has been in Belleville all week, serving jury.

Mr. J. Campbell is adding a veranda to his residence.

Mr. J. Barnhart has secured a contract for raising and Mr. F. O'Sullivan's barn.

Messrs. Morden, of Melton, completed the moving of Oliver's barn and drive-shed.

A few from here attended a tainment given by the youth of the C.M.E.A. Hall, at Lorain Friday night.

Mrs. Jas. Toppings and sons spent Saturday afternoon in Deseronto.

Mrs. Allen Oliver accompanied her son and his wife, called on N. Harvey on Thursday afternoon last week.

Miss Estelle O'Sullivan is a couple of weeks with her law, Mrs. F. O'Sullivan.

Mrs. Jno. Fahey and her Mrs. R. Lloyd and Mrs. Deseronto, Miss Maggie Cameron, Mrs. O. Shaughnessey, of R. Harvey and son, and O'Sullivan were recent visitors. Mrs. Nellie Meagher's.

PLEASANT VALL

Miss Marguerite Pringle visited at Mr. W. A. McLeod's.

Mrs. James Denison and Selby, spent Wednesday afternoon at Sills.

Mr. Harold Dupree and Cline and Eckhardt attended a S. S. Class Social evening at Robert Denison's, River Road last evening.

open a store at Christmas in order to dispose of these. Should I not sell these goods in bulk I shall do this, and if so will give you special bargains.

The Delineator and Butterick Patterns—These popular patterns will be kept in stock by Geo. and E. Walters, at the well-known and popular Gents' Furnishing Store, next The Haines Shoe Stores. Messrs Walters have also taken over the agency of R. Parker and Co. for Dying and Cleaning.

My accounts will be rendered by July 10th and we shall expect prompt settlements.

I shall be in town for about three weeks before going on the road and will be glad to adjust any unsettled business. Again thanking you all

PAUL'S BOOKSTORE

Per A. E. PAUL.

SEE ME FOR

Binder Twine

Bran; Shorts,
Corn, Oats, Flour,
Barley,
Seed Buckwheat.

And Watch My Advt.

Next Week for

GROCERIES

FRED. A. PERRY,

Dundas Street,
NAPANEE, ONTARIO.
Opposite Campbell House.

The Shell Shop

Wants Handy
Men

Good Chance to get on
Machine Work.

Apply

H. TAYLOR,
Superintendent.

NAPANEE IRON WORKS

We still buy all
kinds of - - -

Scrap Metals

And to Mrs. Cook :
Your helpmate in the true sence of the word, your life has attracted our attention, your personality, your spirit of song, your teaching, your kindness, there is but a halo of Christian Graces, which have had their full exemplification in your life in our midst.

And this is why we have gathered here to-night, we have been seized with the ever deeping conviction that we ought to manifest our appreciation in some tangible form, and in so doing we are only discharging a duty we owe to ourselves.

We would therefore most respectfully, ask you and Mrs. Cook to accept this donation as a token of the very high regard in which you are both held by the people of Selby Circuit, and we, your people, are looking forward to the coming year, the fourth year of your pastorate, as the crowning of your labor of love.

We also trust that when your life work has been finished you shall receive from the hand of Him and Whom you have taught us to serve, the reward of a life long service well and faithfully preformed.

Signed in behalf of the people of Selby Circuit.

could offer. He lays stress upon the difficulties of transportation, and gives his readers a hint of what tremendous achievements have been won by the engineers from Britain and Canada. Maintenance of communications was one of the most serious impediments to progress this spring, and he himself expresses wonder at the manner in which his men were able to keep in contact with an ingenious retreating foe. General Haig makes this remark: "The prospect of a more general resumption of open fighting can be regarded with great confidence."

The Italians have resumed their offensive on the Trentino front, and have captured Austrian positions on Monte Ortigara, together with nearly a thousand prisoners. The chief objective of the drive is the city of Trent, which was once almost within their grasp. Despatches from time to time state that the Italians have greatly increased their striking power in this area, and there can be little doubt that under fairly favorable conditions this northern goal will soon be attained.

Hindenburg continues his efforts to dislodge the French from their commanding positions in the Champagne. Wednesday the Germans launched an attack on a front of nearly a mile between the Ailette River and Moulin de Laffaux. The French report states that the assault was very violent, and was carried out with large effectives. No material success was gained by the foe.

Operations in German East Africa have been resumed by the British. Aided by warships, a surprise landing was effected near Mrweka, in the estuary, and the Germans were driven towards the southwest. The British struck from the port of Lindi.

Your Old Wheel.

May be made as good as new at small expense. Bring it to us and we will put it in first class condition. We have a full supply of parts, tires, tubes and fittings.

W. J. NORMILE.

Sills.
Mr. Harold Dupree an Cline and Eckhardt attend S. S. Class Social evening Robert Denison's, River Road day evening.

Miss Lottie Vanalstine has man measles. We hope for recovery.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Birr spent Saturday and Sunday George Dupree's.

Miss Hattie Herrington home for a couple weeks thisness ; but we are glad she come able to resume her se

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Card c day afternoon at Mr. W. B.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Bowen, spent Sunday at Mr. Albert

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Mill Monday evening at Mr. W.

Messrs. Ed. Card and J. bough have sold their farm tens of Camden East, and leaving this fall.

Mr. and Mrs. Milford Dup bought a house in town a soon be moving away f neighborhood also. We are to lose so many of our go bors.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Ball family, Strathcona, visited Messrs. W. B. Sills and E.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Sw Saturday evening at Mr. Sills.

Miss Eckhardt took tea at Mr. W. R. Pringle's.

Mr. I. B. Sills visited at Mr. John T. Empey's, R

Mr. Rupert Taylor came h Kingston Monday and is gett nicely.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Roc Road, visited Tuesday at Taylor's.

Rev. and Mrs. Cragg, Mis and Eckhardt and Mr. I took tea Tuesday evening of at Mr. Jno. Cline's.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Black and Mrs. Jas. Burgess, I motored out and took dinne at Mr. Jas. Black's.

Mr. and Mrs. John Mi granddaughter visited Sund P. Smith's.

Mr. Will Caniff, Ottawa, ing a few days at Mr. Esli

Mrs. Walter Herrington h ed after spending a few friends at Bath.

Mrs. Ed. Boyle, Mrs. Kna Frank Vandebogart and I motored to Belleville on

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Pri family visited Sunday at Friskens's, Selby.

Mrs. W. B. Sills called F Mr. J. H. Rombough's.

Miss Maybus Dean spent e with her sister, Mrs. Archie

Mr. Garfield Sills went to Sunday to see his brother-the General Hospital.

Mr. Clem Taylor spent ov at his father's, Mr. I. Tay

Mr. and Mrs. George Du family motored to Deseron day afternoon.

Mrs. G. H. Rankin is spe week with her sister, Mr Pringle.

Miss Sarah Bowen spent a last week visiting her b Kingston.

Mr. and Mrs. Z. Dean w Monday at Mr. Charlie M Kingsford.

Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Smith and Mrs. Fred Smith and be ed to Belleville Friday.

Mrs. D. B. Preston, spent a few days with her Mrs. Garfield Sills.

A nest of German trenches at the foot of Reservoir Hill was captured by the Canadians in a smart engagement Wednesday. The Germans made three separate attempts to recapture the lost ground, but all these were futile. Thirty-five prisoners were taken, the dugouts were blown up, and the new positions have been incorporated in the British lines. This latest success of the Canadians removes another obstacle from before Lens. British troops farther south have retaken the posts east of Monchy-le-Preux, from which advance detachments were forced to retire when the enemy attacked Infantry Hill on Monday. Three heavy Teuton counter-attacks against the British positions immediately north of the Souchez River were completely repulsed. Slight gains were made by the British, too, south of the Cojeul River and north of the Souchez River. Four German field guns were taken east of Messines last Thursday.

General Haig, in a review of operations in Northern France from December 18th to the present offensive, makes clear two or three notable facts. One of these is that the campaign following the Somme battle and begun against the villages of Pys and Grandcourt in November 18th has been uninterrupted by any German enterprise. The British Commander-in-chief shows that he had a clearly defined plan last summer, and that he has been executing it ever since with astonishing success against the heaviest resistance that Hindenburg

NOTICE !

Re Fire Alarm.

The fire alarm boxes in the Town of Napanee have been tampered with from time to time and the attention of the public is hereby drawn to the provisions of the Criminal law as follows: Sec. 521, "everyone is guilty of an indictable offence and liable to two years' imprisonment who wilfully (a) destroys, removes or damages anything which forms part of or is used or employed in or about any—fire alarm or in the working thereof; (b) prevents or obstructs the sending, conveying or delivering of any communication by any such.....fire alarm.

2. Every one who wilfully, by an overt act attempts to commit any such offence is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a penalty not exceeding \$50, or three months' imprisonment, with or without hard labor.

By order.

W. A. GRANGE,
Municipal Clerk.

NOTICE !

On and after this date COAL SALES will be STRICTLY CASH.

All outstanding accounts must be settled promptly.

21tf CHAS. STEVENS

NEE EXPRESS

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

TADA—FRIDAY, JUNE 22nd, 1917

Y HALF HOLIDAY FROM NOW UNTIL END OF AUGUST

DENBIGH.

F. Christiansen left last for Hanover, Ont., to attend annual session of the Lutheran of Canada, which was to be on the 14th inst. Mrs. en is accompanying him and d to visit a few friends re- other towns and cities of atario before returning home. S. Lane, our Reeve, is away ee this week, attending the f the County Council.

Mrs. Emil Warlick and three of Vanburgh, former resi- Denbigh, enjoyed a pleasant some of their numerous re- d friends here, and returned resent home again yesterday mers have now all finished ing and planting and per- tatute Labor is the order of

MARYSVILLE.

nk O'Sullivan has been at all week, serving on the

Campbell is adding a new o his residence.

Barnhart has secured the for raising and rebuilding 'Sullivan's barn.

Morden, of Melrose, have the moving of Mr. V. arn and drive-shed.

om here attended the enter- given by the young men in A. Hall, at Lonsdale, on ght.

as. Toppings and her two it Saturday afternoon at

en Oliver accompanied by his wife, called on Mrs. on Thursday afternoon of

stelle O'Sullivan is spending of weeks with her sister-in- F. O'Sullivan.

o. Fahey and her daughter Lloyd and Mrs. Jones, of Miss Maggie Cassidy, Mrs. Shaughnessey, of Toronto, and son, and Mrs. F. were recent visitors at e Meagher's.

PLEASANT VALLEY.

rguerite Pringle visited Fri- r. W. A. McLeod's. ames Denison and Stella, ent Wednesday at Mr. Merle

arold Dupree and Misses Eckhardt attended their ass Social evening at Mr. enison's, River Road, Thurs- ng. ttie Vanalstine has the Ger-

TOWN COUNCIL

COUNCIL CHAMBER,

June 18th, 1917

Council met n regular session on Monday evening, Mayor S. C. Denison in the chair.

Present—Reeve Graham and Councilors Robinson, Gibbard, Hunter, Lowry and Steacy.

The minutes of the last regular session were read and confirmed.

J. N. Osborne, in behalf of the local Orange Lodges, asked permission of the council to string banners across the street on July 12th; also for permission to erect refreshment booths on the streets, said booths to be erected under the direction of the Streets Committee.

Request granted.

Jas. Lakas appeared before the council in reference to a transient traders' licence to allow him to sell tobacco and cigars. He felt very indignant when told that his license would cost him \$250.00. He was given to understand that he would have to have a transient traders' license to sell tobaccos, cigars, etc.

Mr. Michael Maker appeared before the council with plans and specifications for a moving picture theatre.

The question was referred to the Finance Committee to consult with the Town Solicitor with power to act in the matter.

The clerk was instructed to order a new Voucher Book from R. J. Lovell & Co., Toronto, for the Town Treasurer, at a cost of \$16.13c.

A communication was read from the Daughters of The Empire suggesting, that to avoid some unnecessary criticism, it would be advisable to have a flag erected on the Town Hall for July 2nd.

On motion the Town Property Committee was instructed to have the flag pole replaced on the town hall and a flag put up. Also that an estimate of the cost of repairs to cornices in the town hall be made and placed before the council.

J. E. Madden, on behalf of his client, Mr. Clarence Vine, asked the council to pay \$2.00 for a broken automobile spring, which accident occurred on June 3rd, on Dundas street, in front of the property of Mr. G. Joy. Referred to the Streets Committee with power to act.

The Hydro Electric Commission asking permission for the Corporation to remove from the old steam power electric plant the remaining generator to be leased to the Corporation of Iroquois, to be used in providing power for a munition plant in that



Model 9, - - \$ 975

Model 85-4 - \$1,250

Model 85-6 - \$1,435

County Club - \$1,110

Any one of these Models represents the Highest Grade Car in its class.—Therefore if you seek motoring satisfaction of the most complete kind, speed, power, low expense for gasoline and tires,

Buy an "OVERLAND" Car.

Lennox Automobile & Motor Boat Company, 'Phone 234, NAPANEE, ONT.
ALL MOTOR BOAT AND AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES

G. F. RUTTAN, K. C.

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.

Office—Merchants Bank Chambers, Napanee
Money to loan.

Telephones—Office 33, Residence 132.

DENTAL OFFICE, Yarker.

DR. NASH, of Kingston, will be in rooms over J. M. Wright's Store every Monday.

Office Hours—9 to 5. 21-3-m-p

U. M. WILSON,

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public, Crown Attorney, Clerk of the Peace.

PHONES—Office 46, residence 125.

OFFICE—Dundas Street, Napanee.

19-t-f.

DR. A. B. EARL

DOXSEE & CO.

MILLINERY

A special lot of trimmed hats in rose, blue, green, mastic and grey. All new models on sale commencing

Saturday June 23

CREPE DE CHENE WAISTS

A choice collection of newest styles showing the latest color

Blackhardt attended their Social evening at Mr. son's, River Road, Thursday. Vanalstine has the German. We hope for a speedy

Mrs. Will Birrell, Bath, day and Sunday at Mr. ree's.

ie Herrington has been couple weeks through ill-ve are glad she has be- o resume her school.

Mrs. Ed. Card called Sun-on at Mr. W. B. Sills.

rs. Will Bowen, Kingston, ly at Mr. Albert Bowen's.

Mrs. Edwin Miller called ning at Mr. W. B. Sills.

l. Card and J. G. Rom-sold their farm to Mr. mden East, and will be fall.

Mrs. Milford Dupree have ouse in town and will moving away from this d also. We are very sorry many of our good neigh-

rs. W. A. Ballance and thsona, visited Sunday at B. Sills and E. R. Sills. Mrs. Harold Sweet called vening at Mr. Garfield

hardt took tea Wednesday R. Pringle's.

Sills visited Wednesday t T. Empey's, River Road. T. Taylor came home from nday and is getting along

Mrs. Henry Rook, Slash ed Tuesday at Mr. Isaac

Mrs. Cragg, Misses Cline rdt and Mr. I. B. Sills esday evening of last week Cline's.

rs. Fred Black and Mr. as. Burgess, Enterprise, and took dinner Sunday Black's.

Mrs. John Milling and ter visited Sunday at E.

Caniff, Ottawa, is spend-lays at Mr. Esie Smith's. er Herrington has return-spending a few days with bath.

Boyle, Mrs. Knapp, Mrs. lebogart and Mrs. Reid , Belleville on Friday.

Mrs. W. R. Pringle and ed Sunday at Mr. Adam elby.

3. Sills called Friday at Rombough's.

ous Dean spent a few days ster, Mrs. Archie Turnbull. ld Sills went to Kingston see his brother-in-law in Hospital.

Taylor spent over Sunday er's, Mr. I. Taylor's.

Mrs. George Dupree and tored to Deseronto Thurs-on.

I. Rankin is spending the her sister, Mrs. W. R.

h Bowen spent a few days visiting her brother in

Mrs. Z. Dean were guests Mr. Charlie Melbournes,

Mrs. E. P. Smith and Mr. ed Smith and baby motor-ville Friday.

B. Preston, Frankford, d days with her daughter, d Sills.

removed from the old steam power electric plant the remaining generator to be leased to the Corporation of Iroquois, to be used in providing power for a munition plant in that town.

Moved by Coun. Gibbard, seconded by Reeve Graham, that the request of the Commission be granted. Carried.

The Finance Committee reported they had been working in the estimates and would have them ready for the next meeting of council.

Moved by Coun. Hunter, seconded by Reeve Graham, that Mr. Chas. Maracle, caretaker of the disposal works, be paid a salary of \$25 per month. Carried.

Moved by Reeve Graham, seconded by Coun. Steacy, that the County grant for county roads for 1917, be spent on the Newburgh road from Thomas street to the boundary. Carried.

On motion of Reeve Graham, seconded by Coun. Hunter, the Lennox and Addington Motor Club was given permission to use the road roller and grader on Wednesday afternoon on work being done on the Newburgh road.

The Town Property Committee were instructed to procure prices for waste paper boxes to be erected in the Harvey Warner Park.

ACCOUNTS.

The following accounts were ordered paid:

F. J. Vanalstine...	\$ 1 00
Harold Denison...	2 00
Harold Denison...	7 90
Dafoe & Waller...	2 16

The following accounts were referred to Committees with power to act: Harold Denison, \$5.50, Poor and Sanitary; Templeton & Son, \$10.40, Finance Committee.

Dominion Day celebration at Napanee, Monday, July 2nd.

ODESSA.

The many friends of Mrs. Milsap will be sorry to hear that she passed away on June 9th, at her home in Buffalo, N. Y. The remains were placed in Cataragui cemetery by the side of her late husband, who preceded her about two years. Mr. and Mrs. Milsap resided here some years ago.

The new cement walk on Centre street will be finished in a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Joyce, Sydenham, called on friends last Tuesday.

Mrs. John McConnell, Sydenham, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. B. I. King.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Smith returned last Tuesday from visiting friends in Bloomfield and Picton.

Miss Lena Snider returned last Saturday from visiting friends in Kingston.

Edward Kelly, Alberta, who has been visiting his brother, T. J. Kelly, returned to his home last week.

Stanley Mabee, Williamsport, Pa., who has been visiting his parents, for a few days left last Tuesday accompanied by his mother, Mrs. P. A. Mabee.

Mr. and Mrs. Horace McGuire and Mr. and Mrs. David Arbuckle, Ottawa, have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Burt.

Henry Benjamin, Alexandria Bay, is visiting his son, Ralph Benjamin.

Bicycles.

Our new stock of bicycles is now in. We have a splendid assortment at various prices. Place your order early.

W. J. NORMILE.

OFFICE—Dundas Street, Napanee. 19-t-f.

DR. A. B. EARL

EAST STREET, NAPANEE

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, AND ACCOUCHEUR

20-tf

H. W. SMITH

(Successor to W. D. MacCormack)

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.

OFFICE—Centre Street.

'Phone 61.

34

DR. W. A. ASHLEY

DENTIST

who for the past four years has given Deseronto three days a week, will discontinue his visits, and in future will occupy the late Dr. Wartman's rooms over the Merchants Bank, Napanee.

51-3-m

TO THE FARMER

Stop! Look! Listen!

If you are going to have a sale it will pay you to phone or write E. L. AMEY, the leading auctioneer, Verona, Ont., or Napanee office, at J. E. Madden's law office, John street.

52-3-m-p

FOR SALE—A Five Passenger Ford
Car in First-Class Repair and Good Running order. Enquire at this office.

27

WANTED—Good General House
Maid. Apply to MRS. C. I. MAYBEE, John Street.

27b

ROOMS TO LET—Furnished or unfurnished. Apply evenings MRS. JOHNSTON, Cliff's Terrace, Robert Street.

29-cp

FOR SALE—A number of houses and lots in town, and also a number of desirable farms. Apply to T. B. GERMAN.

42-t-f

FOR SALE—On easy terms. One Seed Store on Dundas Street; one Store House and Evaporator, on Water Street. Apply to Thos. Symington.

6tf

FOR SALE—House, 9 Rooms in good repair. Good well water and other modern conveniences. Situated south of Mr. M. P. Graham's residence, South Napanee. Apply T. B. GERMAN.

12h

ORGAN FOR SALE—In first class condition. Would make good organ for country church. Uxbridge make—solid walnut case. Apply to MRS. JOHN POLLARD, Dundas Street, Napanee.

52

FARM FOR SALE—In Township of Richmond, 3rd Concession, four miles from Napanee. For particulars, apply to G. H. JOY, at Joy & Son's Brick and Tile Factory, near R. R. Bridge, Napanee, Ont.

40tf

FARM FOR SALE—75 or 80 acres, pt. lot 33, 3rd concession Township of Camden. All good land, seed to hay and pasture. 9 wells, good fences. Apply to R. A. BEARD, Napanee, or S. W. SWITZER, Deseronto.

31tf

HOUSE FOR SALE—Good Frame House on Mill Street. 6 rooms, good cellar, cistern, well, in first-class condition. Also 6-room frame house to rent on Mill street. Gas Stove for sale. Apply on premises to MRS. S. HAYES.

24tf

A 25c. bottle of WALLACE'S Crow Strychnine will rid your corn patch of crows. WALLACE'S, Napanee's Leading Drug Store.

CREPE DE CHENE WAISTS

A choice collection of newest styles showing the deep sailor collar. Some have pretty embroidery touches, while others show neat tucks, hemstitching, etc. Full range of sizes from 36 to 44 bust measure.

Neckwear and Corsets a Specialty.

The Leading Millinery House

NORTHERN CROWN BANK

HAED OFFICE—WINNIPEG.

DIVIDENED NO. 17.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum on the paid up Capital Stock of this Bank has been declared for the six months ending May 31st, 1917, and that same will be payable at its Banking House in this city, and at all its Branches on or after the 2nd day of July next to shareholders of record of the 15th day of June, 1917. The Transfer Books of the Bank will be closed from the 15th day of June to the 30th day of June, both inclusive. By order of the Board.

ROBERT CAMPBELL
General Manager.

Winnipeg, May 15th, 1917.

24-30

Notice

Owing to change in business I find it necessary to have all outstanding accounts paid in at once. And all future accounts must be settled at least every month.

We carry a full line of choice GROCERIES, FLOUR, FEED, SALT, HAY, STRAW—CORD WOOD and CUT WOOD—which will be sold at Bottom Prices.

S. CASEY DENISON.

Centre Street, North.

'Phone 102

ROAD NOTICE

Motor Car Travel.

That part of the ADDINGTON ROAD in Sheffield, between Mellon's Hotel and the Kaladar boundary is CLOSED AGAINST MOTOR CAR TRAVEL unless at the entire risk of persons so using said part of said road. Sheffield will not be responsible for any damage resulting from such travel.

By order of the Municipal Council.

JAMES AYLSWORTH.

Clerk, Township of Sheffield.

Tamworth, 2nd April, 1917. 19-3m

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.

EDITOR and PROPRIETOR

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

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Particulars free.

H. E. METCALF, Principal.

SATURDAY.

Canada is to have "daylight saving" this summer.

Several cases of smallpox have been reported in Dover township.

Great Britain released without reservation the Irish rebel prisoners.

Up to date 100,00 prisoners have been captured by the British during the war.

Mr. W. Sanford Evans, ex-Mayor of Winnipeg, is likely to be appointed Food Controller.

The Moulders' trouble in Brantford has been settled and the men will return to work Monday.

It is now stated that the Bloor street viaduct at Toronto cannot be opened for traffic until next summer.

The cost of living is still rising, the average workman's weekly budget for May being \$11.82, as compared with \$10.37 in April.

Lieut.-Col. (Rev.) Cecil Williams in a farewell message to the Toronto Methodist Conference, said even men of three-score and ten have a duty in the war.

Le Croix, a French-Canadian clerical paper, has suggested that Quebec might break off from Confederation and form a separate British protectorate.

Mayor Church has called the city members of the Provincial and Dominion Governments into conference to find out new sources of revenue, including rental of Exhibition Camp.

It is expected that the Venizelist Government will soon be transferred to Athens and will convoke the Chamber of Deputies elected in May, 1915, which the followers of former Premier Venizelos maintained was dissolved illegally by King Constantine.

MONDAY.

Bread dropped to ten cents in Woodstock Saturday.

Berlin denied that the steamer Kroonland was sunk by a German submarine.

A State coal monopoly in Russia was decided upon by the Provisional Government.

The battle for the trenches on Infantry Hill was won by the British in two minutes.

Hastings county has decided not to rebuild any wooden bridges till after the war.

The winter apple crop in Huron county, it is reported, will be almost a total failure.

An immediate offensive in co-operation with the Allies was urged by the Russian Duma.

Four hulls of fishery protection vessels were launched at the Polson Iron Works shipyard, Toronto.

A rich vein of feldspar has been discovered under the county road at Moira Lake, Huntingdon township.

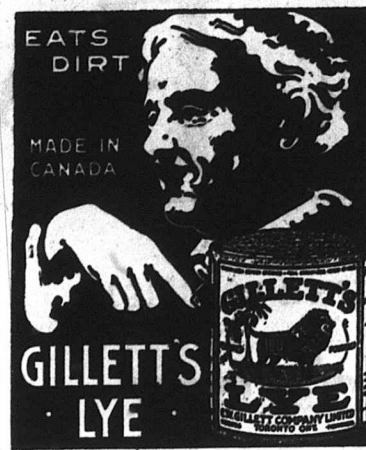
Alvin Schuchard, six years old, fell through a hole in the M. C. R. dock at Windsor, while fishing, and was drowned.

Mrs. E. H. Macklin, wife of the President of The Manitoba Free Press, died suddenly in Winnipeg while her husband was in Toronto.

The Greater Toronto Labor party condemned conscription as proposed by the Borden Government, but was favorable to a policy of wider scope.

Sir John Willison has resigned the editorship of The Toronto Daily News, and the paper has been reorganized, with Mr. F. D. L. Smith as editor.

Mr. C. A. Magrath, Fuel Controller, asks for immediate information as to the needs of users of bituminous coal for this summer and next



RUSSIANS STAND FIRM

Will Not Make Separate Peace
With Germany.

Minister of Foreign Affairs Makes
Ringling Reply to Message From
President Wilson, and Duma Has
Decided to Start an Immediate
Offensive on Eastern Front.

PETROGRAD, June 19. — The Duma in secret session has passed a resolution for an immediate offensive by the Russian troops. The resolution declares a separate peace with Germany would be ignoble treason toward Russia's allies, for which future generations never would pardon the Russia of the present day.

"The Duma therefore considers," the resolution adds, "that the safety of Russia and the maintenance of the liberties which have been obtained lie in an immediate offensive in close co-operation with Russia's allies."

Ringling words, expressing the attitude of the Russian Government toward America and the American Mission, headed by Elihu Root, were voiced Saturday night by Mr. Tere-schenko, Minister of Foreign Affairs, responding for the Council of Ministers to Mr. Root's address of sympathy and good-will on the part of the American Government. He said in part:

"The Russian people consider war inevitable and will continue it. The Russians have no imperialistic wishes. We know that you have none. We shall fight together to secure liberty, freedom, and happiness for all the world. I am happy to say that I do not see any moral idea or factor between America and Russia to divide us. The two peoples—Russia fighting tyranny and America standing as the oldest democracy—hand in hand will show the way to happiness to nations great and small."

The American Ambassador, David R. Francis, presented the Root mission to the Ministers in the Marinsky Palace, explaining that the mission had come to Russia to discover how America can best co-operate with its ally in forwarding the fight against the common enemy. The presentation was very informal, only a few Russian officials and the members of the American Embassy attending. Mr. Kerensky, the youthful Minister of War, just back from the front, wore the khaki blouse of a

BRITISH OUTWIT

German Army Trapped
Narrow Triangle

Prussian Generals Will Find
Difficult to Get Troops Out of
German Front Without
Losses, and Lille May Show
Allies.

LONDON, June 19. — on the Belgian frontier no Prussians penned in the River Lys, which forms a triangle, and the Ypres-Comblain. This, with the British, Hollebeke to the front, the hypothesis, makes an angle pointing east. The along the Lys and the each about five miles long portion of the British line of length of seven miles, narrowing and encircling the Prussians.

Military men who know it is to move large troops with all their equipment when there is the slightest water to cross will appreciate an obstacle the Lys and form to the retirement of the Prussians or to their reinforcement. fresh troops should they take a stand. Apparently they are minded to retire at least a short distance. Berlin hints at a withdrawal in its official despatches the fact that the heavy enemy's guns no longer are on the British line is conclusive of this supposition.

British forces east of the Ridge are engaging the Prussians both the north and south of the triangle they occupy. They have pushed northward directly north of Warneton.

The Prussians still occupy a narrow strip of land between the Ypres-Menin railway, which runs between the Lys and the river. This strip is more than a mile wide, a narrow strip completely dominated by British lines. Above Warneton the line runs straight north for nine miles to near St. Julien east of Ypres, which must have been at last been relieved of their damage from Prussia.

Pushing east from St. Julien British have reached the running south-east from the Douve brook that flows into the Lys. It is here that British are retirement and the occupation of the town is hourly expected. The southernmost section is the southernmost West Flanders, and the perfectly flat all the way to the canal. There is only one bridge in the region, Houthulst canal about midway between the Douve and the Lys.

How many prisoners the British can take depends, of course, on the speed and the manner in which they can close the gap between the Prussians in the Lys angle. But about 8,000 have been reported from the British, which means at least a few killed and an equal number of prisoners. Thus the Kaiser's army has been reduced by about

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Or if you wish to take boarders or have places to rent, now is the time to place your Classified Ad.

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All government tests prove without doubt that it surely pays every farmer to vaccinate. Fresh vaccine "in sealed tubes" as recommended and used by the government. For sale at **WALLACE'S DRUG STORE LIMITED**

TILE.

Full stock of drain tile from 2 1-2 to 8 inch., also chimney brick—Napanee Brick Yard.

Mr. C. A. Magrath, Fuel Controller, asks for immediate information as to the needs of users of bituminous coal for this summer and next winter.

W. A. Rae, Liberal; P. H. Michin, Conservative, and L. H. Adair, Independent, have been nominated in Peace River for the Alberta Legislature, polling to take place on the 29th.

TUESDAY.

The crisis in Spain was reported to be past.

More advances on the Carso plateau was made by the Italian troops.

An appropriation of \$500,000,000 will be asked for the U. S. aerial service.

A Teuton submarine was sunk in the Mediterranean Sea by Japanese warships.

Doris, the three-year-old daughter of Mrs. James Scott, London, was fatally scalded by falling into a pail of boiling water.

A class of instruction for subalterns opens at Camp Borden next Monday, and officers must either qualify or resign from the militia.

The Non-Partisan League in Saskatchewan has eight candidates in the field for the Provincial elections next Tuesday, and expects to elect them all.

The Canadian Pacific Railway Company has loaned ten million dollars to the Imperial Munitions Board to help purchase munitions in Canada during the next year.

Miss Freda C. Webb, 22 years of age, died in Victoria Hospital, London, as a result of burns received six weeks ago on a visit in Ardian, Mich., due to an explosion while she was using a gas iron.

John Hunter, who was doing guard duty on the Farren's Point Canal, near Cornwall, was drowned by falling off one of the lock gates into the basin. Hunter was about 33 years of age.

It is officially stated that the Canadian Pacific Railway Company has loaned the Imperial Munitions Board ten million dollars to assist in meeting financial requirements for the purchase of munitions in Canada during the next year.

The Portuguese forces on the western front having been initiated into the art of modern warfare by progressive stages, have now received their baptism of fire. The *Matin* says that they are perfectly organized and have proved their worth in exemplary fashion.

Not Encouraging.

He had been calling on the Widow Smithers for some time, and it could not be said that he had made an impression, although he had failed to realize the fact. She decided to speed him on his way at the first opportunity, and it came that night. He heaved a sigh and said, "I have only one friend on earth—my dog."

"Well," she answered calmly, "if that isn't enough, why don't you get another dog?"

A Mail "Detective."

Take an indelible pencil and make light lines across the edge of the sealed flap on the back of the envelope, says *Popular Science Monthly*. Do not wet the pencil when making the lines, and it is not necessary to bear heavily on the pencil, for if the envelope should be steamed the lines made with the indelible pencil will turn to a bright purple and remain plainly visible.

tending. Mr. Kerensky, the youthful Minister of War, just back from the front, wore the khaki blouse of a common soldier.

The Ministers listened with rapt attention to Mr. Root's address, which was a powerful utterance, both in substance and manner.

Mr. Tereschtenko rose from a sickbed to attend the presentation, and responded without notes, expressing great joy in welcoming the Commission from America. He said Russia's revolution was based on the words uttered by America in 1776. He read part of the Declaration of Independence and exclaimed: "Russia holds with the United States that all men are created free and equal."

Mr. Tereschtenko sketched the history of the Russian revolution briefly, saying that the Russians, enslaved for centuries, threw off all the old order just as the wind blows autumn leaves from the forest. Russia now faces two problems, said the Minister, the necessity of creating a strong democratic force within its boundaries and the fighting of an external foe. Then he declared for war, and expressed an unbounded confidence in the power of Russia to meet the situation.

LIBERTY LOAN A SUCCESS.

American People Give Hearty Support to the War.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—While official figures are not available, it is estimated on the basis of returns from various sources that the subscription to the Liberty Loan will amount to between \$2,700,000,000 and \$2,800,000,000. The Treasury Department has not exact figures, and declines to make a statement, but it is more than reasonably certain that the over subscription will exceed \$700,000,000.

Instructions have been sent by the Treasury Department to all Federal Reserve banks to make their returns of subscriptions by Monday, so that the Treasury may begin the work of making allotments of bonds. The Reserve banks have been asked to separate their subscriptions into classes in order that the allotments can be more readily made. The smaller subscriptions will be separated from the larger, and as it is the intention of the Treasury Department to favor the small investor in making allotments, the classification ordered will be of material assistance in expediting the distribution of the bonds to subscribers.

That it is a popular loan has already been assured. From present indications, the number of subscribers may go to three million. The Liberty Loan Committee of the Treasury Department distributed up to last Thursday 3,800,000 buttons to be given to subscribers to the loan. On Thursday there was a renewed demand for buttons, and the committee placed orders for 600,000 more.

Ask about "Nectone" the new plant insect destroyer at **WALLACE'S**. Guaranteed to keep your plants free from worms and insects. 25c. the bottle at **WALLACE'S** Drug Store—gents for Napanee.

GET IT AT
WALLACE'S

... killed and an equal number of ualties. Thus the Kais have been reduced by all men since the drive began 7th.

It is unlikely that the will make a serious state Ypres-Comines Canal. It vantage of a railroad pa on the further side, but, o hand, the British are canal at Klein Zillebeke a flank the Prussians from A retreat five miles further likely, to Menin, which lent railroad communication directions with Ghent and other Prussian supply Belgium, and consequent more easy to hold.

The danger of such a ever, is that it would u from the north. That g facturing city is already menaced from the north east, where the British within five miles of the the western end of the to

Greek King Has G

ATHENS, June 19, via Former King Constantine, cated the Greek throne la has now left Greek territory.

Both the Government High Commissioner representative Allies are taking every r avoid disorder. The aut Piræus have posted notices streets summoning all possess arms to deliver t authorities.

More allied troops were Piræus Saturday.

The food situation is A steamer is discharging 4,000 tons of wheat at I other wheat cargoes are arrive within 24 hours.

A despatch to the Giorn says former King Cons Greece arrived at Mess Sunday morning, and wa to leave immediately fo land.

The former king and consisting of Queen Sc crown prince, other mem royal family and several G taries, arrived on the G port Spakteria, which w by Italian, French, and I pedo-boat destroyers and Greek transports.

Portuguese Repel R

LONDON, June 19.— troops have repelled sever raids during June," says statement issued here Su

"We captured a few Saturday night as a resul north of Gouzeaucourt. Sc Ypres-Comines canal a being party, caught in ou barrage, failed to r trenches."

Diplomatic.

"Have you ever kissed and asked the girl.

"If I have," replied the e young man, "I've forgotten it."

Whereupon she asked no tions.

It May Be So.

Willie—Why is a wife call band's better half, dad? Cr suppose it's because she isn with splitting his salary f

OUTWIT HUNS

Army Trapped Inside
narrow Triangle.

Generals Will Find It Difficult
Get Troops Out on Bel-
mont Without Heavy Loss-
Lille May Shortly Fall to

June 19.—The British
an frontier now have the
enned in between the
which forms the bound-
e Ypres-Comines Canal.
the British line from
o the frontier as the
, makes an irregular tri-
ng east. The two sides,
ys and the Canal, are
five miles long, and this
he British line has a
even miles, constantly
and encircling the Prus-

men who know how diffi-
move large bodies of
all their impedimenta
is the slightest body of
ss will appreciate what
the Lys and the canal
retirement of the Prus-
their reinforcement by
should they try to make
parently they have deter-
tire at least beyond the
hunts at a partial with-
official despatches, and
t the heaviest of the s
sh no longer drop shells
sh line is corroborative
osition.

ces east of the Messines
aging the Prussians at
th and south angles of
they occupy. Already
shed north-east and are
h of Warneton.

hans still occupy Warne-
row strip of the Armen-
railway, which follows
the Lys. A good high-
between the railway and
This strip is not much
mile wide, and is com-
ated by British artile-
Warneton the British
right north for about
near St. Julien, north-
s, which much battered
ast been relieved of fur-
from Prussian shells.

ast from St. Yves, the
reached the highway
h-east from Messines
ide the Douve, a small
ows into the Lys at War-
here that Berlin admits
and the occupation of
hourly expected. This
e southernmost edge of
rs, and the country is
all the way to the
e is only one small vil-
lagon, Houthem, on the
midway between Holle-
Lys.

prisoners the British
ends, of course, on their
d and the rapidity with
an close the net around
s in the Lys canal tri-
about 8,000 prisoners
ported from headquar-
neans at least 32,000
equal number of casus
the Kaiser's armies
duced by about 70,000

CALLS FOR REFERENDUM.

Liberals Want People to Pronounce
on Conscription.

OTTAWA, June 19.—Sir Wilfrid
Laurier unmasked the battery which
he has been laying against the Gov-
ernment's Military Service bill for
the past week, when the second read-
ing was moved by the Prime Minister
in the Commons Monday. Following
the motion of Sir Robert Borden, the
leader of the Opposition put forward
his expected amendment. His pro-
posal was a referendum and his mo-
tion read:

"That further consideration of
this bill be deferred until the prin-
ciple hereof has been, by means of
a referendum, submitted to and ap-
proved by the electors of Canada."

Sir Wilfrid's amendment was se-
conded by Hon. Frank Oliver, who
announced himself as "a strong sup-
porter of conscription."

It was significant that although
he was vigorously, even enthusiasti-
cally, applauded by the French mem-
bers and some of the members of
the Maritime Provinces, he was given
no encouragement by the pro-con-
scriptionist element.

Sir Wilfrid's amendment was pre-
sented at the close of a speech which
occupied slightly more than an hour
in delivery.

The address was in the main an
argument that the Government had
been, until May 18th last, the date
upon which Sir Robert Borden an-
nounced his intention to introduce a
compulsory service bill, pledged not
to resort to such a method of pro-
viding reinforcements for the army
at the front. The extension of the
Parliamentary term in 1916 would,
he asserted, not have taken place
with the assent of the Opposition
had it been known that conscription
would, within a year, be the policy
of the Government.

Sir Wilfrid maintained that a
moribund rump of Parliament had
no right to adopt a measure of com-
pulsory service. He admitted the
failure of French-Canadians to re-
spond to the call to arms as had
their English-speaking compatriots,
but laid the blame for that condition
of affairs at the doors of the Govern-
ment, saying that it had neglected
to make an appeal to French-Can-
adian sentiment through the instru-
mentality of a French-Canadian.

OFFENSIVE IN SERBIA.

Signs of Big Events Coming in the
Balkans.

LONDON, June 19.—The massing
of Entente troops in Thessaly, south
of the line now held by General Sar-
rail's forces, taken in connection
with the withdrawal of British
forces on the extreme eastern wing
along the lower reaches of the Stru-
ma River, seemingly is an indication
that big events are in the making
in the Macedonian theatre in an at-
tempt to retake Serbia, or at least
that portion of it as far as Nish,
through which runs the famous Ber-
lin-Constantinople railway.

Along the Vardar and Morava
River valleys, northward through
Serbia, undoubtedly would prove
easier ground over which to operate
than northward along the Struma
and through western Bulgaria, to the
junction of the railway at Sofia. No
impediment is being placed in the

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

TORONTO, June 19.—The Board
of Trade official market quotations
for yesterday:

Manitoba Wheat (Track, Bay Ports.)
No. 1 northern, \$2.68.
No. 2 northern, \$2.65.
Manitoba Oats (Track, Bay Ports.)
No. 2 C.W., 77½c.
American Corn (Track, Toronto.)
No. 3 yellow, \$1.81, nominal.
Ontario Oats (According to Freight Outside.)

No official quotations.
Ontario Wheat (According to Freight Outside.)

No. 2 winter, per car lot, \$2.55 to \$2.60.
No. 3, winter, per car lot, \$2.53 to \$2.55.
Peas (According to Freight Outside.)
No. 2—Nominal.

Barley (According to Freight Outside.)

Malting—Nominal.
Rye (According to Freight Outside.)
No. 2, \$2, nominal.

Manitoba Flour (Toronto.)
First patents, in jute bags, \$13.30.
Second patents, in jute bags, \$13.30.
Strong bakers', in jute bags, \$12.90.

Ontario Flour (Prompt Shipment.)
Winter, according to sample, \$11.25 to \$11.35, in bags, track, Toronto.

Milled Flour Lots Delivered, Montreal
Freights, Bags included.)

Brans, per ton, \$32.
Shorts, per ton, \$39.

Middlings, per ton, \$42.
Good feed flour, per bag, \$2.80 to \$2.90.

Hay (Track, Toronto.)
Extra No. 2, per ton, \$13 to \$13.50.
Mixed, per ton, \$9 to \$11.50.

Straw (Track, Toronto.)
Car lots, per ton, \$9.

WINNIPEG GRAIN MARKET.

Winnipeg, June 18.—Winnipeg held
pretty steady with a good active demand,
which absorbed the fairly liberal offer-
ings that came as a consequence of our
market holding up fairly well against
American decline. The drop in cash
wheat was 4c on No. 1 and 5c on No. 2,
and lower grades against a break of
10c in Winnipeg October. Winnipeg July
oats were down ¼c and October 1¼c.
Flax was down 4c for July and 1c for
October.

Winnipeg cash prices: Wheat—No. 1
northern, \$2.51; No. 2 northern, \$2.48;
No. 3 northern, \$2.43; No. 4, \$2.31; No. 5,
\$2.09; No. 6, \$1.88; feed, \$1.38. Oats—
No. 2 C.W., 70½c; No. 3 C.W., 69c; extra
No. 1 feed, 68c; No. 1 feed, 66½c;
No. 2 feed, 64½c; Barley—No. 3, \$1.31;
No. 4, \$1.26; rejected, \$1.09; feed, \$1.09.
Flax—No. 1 northwest Canada, \$2.84;
No. 2 C.W., \$2.80; No. 3 C.W., \$2.65.

Wheat—
Oct. Open. High. Low. Close.
Oats—
July 208 209 196½ 198
Oct. 59 59½ 57½ 57½
Flax—
July 289½ 289½ 285 285
Oct. 271½ 271½ 268 268

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

J. P. Bickell & Co. report:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—					
July ...	220	220	211½	211½	221½
Sep. ...	19.	195	185	185	195½
Corn—					
July ...	155½	157	154½	155½	156½
Sen. ...	147½	149½	146	146½	143
Dec. ...	108½	110½	107½	107½	109½
Oats—					
July ...	64½	65½	63½	63½	65
Sep. ...	53½	54½	52½	52½	53½
Dec. ...	54½	55½	54½	54½	55½
Pork—					
July ...	38.60	38.75	38.55	38.60	38.20
Sep. ...	28.85	39.05	38.85	38.95	38.65
Lard—					
July ...	21.72	21.72	21.57	21.57	21.65
Sep. ...	21.85	21.85	21.77	21.77	21.85
Ribs—					
July ...	21.05	21.10	21.02	21.02	21.05
Sep. ...	21.37	21.37	21.25	21.25	21.17

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

Liverpool, June 18.—Hams, short cut,
14 to 16 lbs., 125s; bacon, Cumberland
cut, 26 to 30 lbs., 123s; Wiltshire cut, 45
to 65 lbs., 115s; short ribs, 16 to 24 lbs.,
137s; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs., 127s;
long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 lbs.,
123s; long clear middles, heavy, 35 to 40
lbs., 127s; short clear backs, 16 to 20 lbs.,
125s; shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs.,
110s; lard prime western, in tins, 112s;
American refined, 114s 3d; in boxes, 113s;
cheese, Canadian and American, nominal;
tallow, Australian in London, 60s 3d;

AN EMPIRE FARM.

Unique Plan for Helping to Redeem
National Debt.

The redemption of the National
Debt of four thousand million ster-
ling by the establishment of an Em-
pire farm, is the proposal put for-
ward in London by the Empire Re-
sources Development Committee, of
which Sir Starr Jameson, former
Premier of South Africa, is chair-
man, and Mr. Willson Fox, M.P. for
Tamworth, hon.-secretary. This
great Empire settlement scheme
hinges upon Canada, and the sugges-
tion was made by Mr. Moreton Fre-
wen, an Irish M.P., vice-chairman of
the Imperial Federation League, and
a frequent writer upon economic
problems.

Mr. Frewen sees great possibili-
ties in the acquisition and ultimate
sale by the State, of farm lands in
Western Canada. It is pointed out
that certain lands in the United
States, inferior in fertility to those
in Western Canada, originally
bought for nominal prices, have ad-
vanced to \$100 per acre. It is sug-
gested that there might be lands in
Canada which could be bought from
the Dominion Government at five
dollars an acre, which twenty years
hence, under proper development
might realize \$100 an acre. This
would naturally depend upon the
fertility of the soil, transportation
facilities, proximity of elevators and
markets. The fact that the United
States will in the near future be-
come a large purchaser of Canadian
cereals, coupled with the fact that
European wheat lands have suffered
owing to the war, would exercise an
important influence in these upward
values. If these anticipations proved
correct then the purchase of 200,-
000,000 acres from the Dominion
Government at five dollars an acre,
re-sold twenty years later at \$100,
would redeem the whole of the
national debt of \$20,000,000,000. At
the same time the Dominion would
benefit by the attraction of a great
body of immigrants of the land
settlement type so much preferred.

Ridiculing the English.

There was a time when the bur-
lesque of the type known as the
"silly ass Englishman" was fairly
popular in America. This sort of
comedy was offered in many Ameri-
can musical productions, and also in
vaudeville, but there appears to be a
growing reaction against it in the
Dominion. Quite recently two Ameri-
can vaudeville artists offered a
burlesque sketch of that nature in
Toronto, and two papers protested
against it, a thing that would not
have happened five years ago. The
Toronto Mail and Empire referred to
the way in which the American
critics scolded whenever an English
play contained a caricatured Ameri-
can, and went on to say: "We
Canadians, who have looked on En-
glishmen in American plays and
Americans in British plays with what
might be called the judgment of a
neutral, are inclined to think that
the Londoners have more cause for
complaint than the New Yorkers. We
have seen so many American plays
containing stupid Englishmen with
spats and monocles whose opera-
tion suggests that they are a mixture
of cad and silly ass. They tremble
with terror when they meet the big

equal number of cas-
bus the Kaiser's armies
educed by about 70,000
he drive began, on June

kely that the Prussians
a serious stand on the
ies Canal. It has the ad-
a railroad paralleling it
er side, but, on the other
British are beyond the
in Zilebeke and can out-
russians from the north.
ve miles further is more
lenin, which is in excel-
communication in sev-
ons with Ghent, Brussels,
russian supply bases in
d consequently is much
hold.

er of such a move, how-
t it would uncover Lille
rth. That great manu-
is already seriously
m the north-east and
the British lines are
miles of the citadel on
end of the town.

King Has Gone.

June 19, via London.—
g Constantine, who abdi-
cated throne last Tuesday,
Greek territory.

Government and the
issioner representing the
aking every measure to
ler. The authorities at
posted notices in the
nooning all those who
s to deliver them to the

l troops were landed at
rday.

situation is improving.
s discharging a cargo of
of wheat at Piræus, and
cargoes are expected to
a 24 hours.

h to the Giornale D'Italia
King Constantine of
ed at Messina, Sicily,
ning, and was expected
mediately for Switzer-

er king and his party,
f Queen Sophia, the
f, other members of the
and several Greek digni-
ed in the Greek trans-
eria, which was escorted
French, and British tor-
estroyers and two small
ports.

These Repel Raiders.

June 19.—"Portuguese
repelled several German
June," says the official
sued here Sunday.
ured a few prisoners
ht as a result of a raid
izeaucourt. South of the
es canal a hostile raid-
aught in our artillery
ailed to reach our

Diplomatic.

ever kissed another girl?"
L
replied the experienced
"I've forgotten all about

she asked no more ques

It May Be So.

y is a wife called her hus-
half, dad? Crabshaw—
because she isn't satisfied
his salary fifty-fifty.—

junction of the railway at Sofia. No
impediment is being placed in
way of the troops that have been
landed in Thessaly, and with the de-
parture of former King Constantine
from the country the people are de-
clared to have become more friendly
to the allied cause by placing their
adherence in the provisional govern-
ment of M. Venizelos.

Although on the eastern wing the
British have given up numerous vil-
lages, which they previously burned,
they are holding tightly to the
bridgehead position on the left bank
of the River Struma, in the Lake
Tahinos-Butkovo sector, north-east
of Salonica. That the retirement of
the British was voluntary is indicat-
ed by the Bulgarian official report
dealing with the manœuvre, which
does not mention any fighting as
having taken place. There has,
however, already been some activity
on the part of the British in the
Vardar-Lake Doiran sector, but
Sofia reports that the attempt made
by them to advance near Dautli was
repulsed.

SUGGESTS IMPERIAL SENATE

House of Lords Favors New Demo- cratic Plan.

LONDON, June 19.—It is reported
that when the bill for franchise re-
form, which includes the establish-
ment of woman suffrage, the redist-
ricting of the country and the prac-
tical abolition of plural voting,
reaches the House of Lords an influ-
ential group of Conservatives will
propose a detailed measure for re-
forming the Upper Chamber and
making it a quasi-Imperial Senate,
with representatives of India and the
self-governing dominions, while the
number of British peers will be re-
stricted.

The plan really is designed to give
the Upper Chamber a new relation-
ship to the Constitution, giving it an
Imperial importance.

The plan is supported by a consid-
erable body of opinion which be-
lieves that a democratized upper
body is the ideal basis on which to
build an Imperial Senate in which
all the British Empire would be re-
presented while simultaneously pro-
viding an excuse for continuing the
existence of the Upper Chamber and
giving it a real field of usefulness.
Many believe that otherwise the
House of Lords will not survive long
after the war.

Captain Aymer de Cherge, a mem-
ber of the French Horse Buying
Commission in Montreal, committed
suicide in the Ritz-Carlton Hotel by
strangling himself with a rope at-
tached to a bedpost. Captain De
Cherge was injured in the early
days of the war by a fall from a
horse.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo.
Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior
partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing
business in the City of Toledo, County and
State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay
the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for
each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be
cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.
FRANK J. CHENEY sworn to before me, and
subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of
December, A. D. 1896. A. W. GLEASON,
(Seal) Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and
acts through the blood on the Mucous Surfaces
of the System. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

1105; lard, prime western, in cases, 1125;
American refined, 114s 3d; in boxes, 113s;
cheese, Canadian and American, nominal;
tallow, Australian in London, 60s 3d;
turpentine spirits, 54s 3d; rosin, common,
30s 6d; petroleum, refined, 1s 24d; war
kerosene, No. 2, 1s 23d; linseed oil,
55s; cotton seed oil, 67s 6d.

CATTLE MARKETS

UNION STOCK YARDS.

TORONTO, June 19.—Trading on
the Union Stock Yards yesterday
was undoubtedly a trifle stronger
than that of last week, but it could
scarcely be designated as sharp and
active, especially in the later stages
of the trade. The market was steady
for all classes of good butcher cattle
with last week's figures, but there
was a decline of from 25c to 50c for
cows from last week's figures. There
was a fairly heavy run of cattle,
nearly 2,200 in all, with a big per-
centage of cows; but, while there
were a number of lots, the general
run of cattle offered yesterday was
fair to good.

BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

East Buffalo, June 18.—Receipts—
steers, 5,000. Market weak; prime steers,
\$13 to \$13.50; shipping steers, \$10 to
\$12.50; butchers, \$9 to \$12; heifers, \$7.50
to \$11.50; cows, \$6 to \$10.50; bulls, \$7 to
\$10; fresh cows and springers, \$50 to
\$120.

Hogs—Receipts, 8,000. Strong; heavy,
\$16.40 to \$16.50; mixed, \$16.25 to \$16.40;
yorkers, \$16.10 to \$16.25; light yorkers,
\$15.25 to \$16.00; pigs, \$15 to \$15.25; roughs,
\$14 to \$14.25; stags, \$12 to \$13.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 300. Ac-
tive and strong; lambs, \$8 to \$13.50;
others unchanged.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, June 18.—Cattle—Receipts
21,000. Market unsettled. Beefsteaks, \$8.85
to \$13.75; stockers and feeders, \$7.20
to \$10.50; cows and heifers, \$5.90 to \$11.75;
calves, \$10.50 to \$15.25.

Hogs—Receipts 39,000. Market firm.
Light, \$14.75 to \$15.85; mixed, \$15.05 to
\$16.05; heavy, \$15 to \$16.10; rough, \$15
to \$15.25; pigs, \$10.50 to \$14.75; bulk of
sales, \$15.30 to \$15.95.

Sheep—Receipts 13,000. Market steady.
Lambs, native, \$10.40 to \$16; springs,
\$13.50 to \$18.

CHEESE MARKETS.

St. Hyacinthe, Que., June 18.—At the
regular meeting of the St. Hyacinthe
Cheese Board, 1000 boxes of cheese were
offered. All sold at 20½c; 100 packages
butter boarded and sold at 24½c.

London, June 18.—At the meeting of
the London Cheese Board, 11 factories
offered 1641 boxes; 603 sold at 21c.

Vankleek Hill, June 18.—There were
1544 boxes of white and 150 boxes colored
cheese boarded, and sold on the Vankleek
Hill Cheese Board. The price paid was
21½c for both kinds. Five buyers were
present.

Belleville, Ont., June 18.—At the cheese
board, 2525 white were offered; 1015 boxes
sold at 21 1-16c; 1340 sold at 21c; balance
refused at 21c.

Cowansville, Que., June 18.—At the
meeting of the Eastern Townships Dairy-
men's Exchange, 14 factories offered 1380
packages of butter; all sold at 36½c; 40
boxes of cheese offered and refused at
20½c.

A new forestry unit is to be form-
ed from among Indians.

Lord Northcliffe presented his
credentials to Secretary of State
Lansing at Washington.

At the Wedding.

"You know, the beginning of the
happy pair's acquaintance was when
he offered her an umbrella to keep her
new hat from getting ruined."

"I see. He was her rain bean and
that is why she carried a shower bou-
quet."

The Cure.

"Lady," said Meandering, Mike,
"would you lend me a cake of soap?"
"Do you mean to tell me you want
soap?"

"Yes'm. Me partner's got de hic-
cups, an' I want to scare him."—Pear-
son's Weekly.

don suggests that they are a mixture
of cad and silly ass. They tremble
with terror when they meet the big
breezy Americans who are the heroes
of such dramas. This objectionable
type of caricature can be seen in a
mild form in the sketch given
by the Ward Brothers who come
from the United States. The silly
ass dialogue reaches its climax when
the Johnnies try to discuss baseball.
American vaudeville artists, for some
reason that it is difficult to fathom,
seem to be very proud of their na-
tional game, even in its commercial-
ized form. They regard it as a great
reproach to a man that he may know
little and care less about the points
of this typical American summer
amusement. In the sketch Bertie
and Archie miff every baseball term
they try to catch, and after that no-
thing further need be said—to an
audience in the United States—to
prove that Bertie and Archie are the
last word in silly asses. Now to put
the matter very plainly, this sort of
thing does not seem funny to Cana-
dian audiences any longer. Every-
body knows that these little Johnnies
with monocles and spats are among
the most daring fighters in the world.
In France, the Berties and the
Archies have shown that they need
no instruction in the manly virtues,
least of all from the baseball fans
of the world's biggest republic—or
is China the world's biggest repub-
lic? If the American peculiarities
had ever been exaggerated on the
stage as the English queernesses
have been, thousands of louder walls
than this one would have been writ-
ten about it. As the British are not
insular and hyper-sensitive, they
have said nothing about it. However
a Canadian is in a position to say
very emphatically that it is a type
of comedy which we are growing to
like less and less as time goes on.
We may even come to regard it in the
light of an impertinence."

Italian Women Will Vote.

ROME, June 19.—Replying to a
letter from General Mirabelli, form-
erly Under-Secretary of War, and
one of the most eloquent advocates
of woman suffrage, Premier Boselli
says there is no longer any doubt
that the time is ripe for granting to
Italian women the right to vote in
municipal and all other "administra-
tive" elections.

"As to their participation on an
equal footing with men in political
elections," the Premier says, "my
opinion is that we should first wait
for the results of their participation
in the administrative elections. I be-
lieve, however, that sooner or later
even political suffrage must be grant-
ed to them."

Had an Instance.

"Youth enjoys many things that man-
hood dislikes."
"Oh, I don't know. That's a platitu-
de. Cite an instance."
"Well, when I was about sixteen
years old I thought that shaving was
fun."

Philadelphia's Boast.

Philadelphia was the first place and
remains the only place in America
where a first class battleship can be
built and equipped from keel to armor
and fifteen inch guns without going be-
yond a state border for the materials.—
Philadelphia Ledger.

Whoever lives true life will love true
love.—Mrs. Brownina.

WOODEN SHIPS RETURN

OLDTIME SHIPYARD TAKES NEW LEASE OF LIFE.

By a Combination of Events Growing Out of the War, a Type of Vessel That Belonged to the Past Will Be Seen Once More on the Great Lakes and the Atlantic Coast.

BY a combination of events which, even in the most vivid flights of imagination, would hardly have been forecast three years ago, the coast cities and the cities on the Great Lakes are about to witness the revival of an industry that flourished at an earlier period, particularly along the Atlantic seaboard. This reviving industry has its impulse in the fact that the world is in need of ocean-going vessels, and that these may be constructed much more speedily of wood than of steel. There is at the point of economy to be considered. The projected fleets are intended to meet an emergency, and will probably give way to steel vessels with the return of world peace; hence cost is a consideration. Nevertheless, the wooden ship is coming back, and the old-time shipyard is taking on a new lease of life.

The shipyard of to-morrow will, however, lack some of the picturesque-ness of the shipyard of yesterday. There will be missing, most conspicuously, the tall masts which formerly were the necessary adjunct of the freighter, and, still longer ago, of all ocean-going carriers. Present-day ingenuity has provided, in internal combustion engines of the Diesel type, a means of propulsion, for craft of all kinds, which waits not upon the fickle winds. There will be missing also the legion of ship's carpenters, armed with the adz and the broadax, hewing, fitting, and trying the unwieldy timbers fresh from the forests. The ships to be built are to be "standardized." That is, each is to be a replica of the others of equal displacement and tonnage, and, in sawmills many miles distant from the sea, each part, which likewise will be a replica of every other similar part, will be sawed and shaped ready to take its place when the other parts are assembled. There is, it is clearly seen, wise method in this plan, for by it one ship's carpenter will be able to direct the labor of a crew of carpenters unaccustomed to that particular class of construction. Ship carpentry, it must be remembered, is all but a lost art, and in the present emergency, with wharves and warehouses bulging with stores of foodstuffs and other commodities awaiting transportation, it is not practicable to wait for men to be trained in so intricate a craft. Likewise, with the parts fitted by machinery, and ready to be placed in position almost without the use of tools, the work of construction can be done more quickly and cheaply than in the old way. It is estimated that in four months a 280-foot ship of 3,600 tons, capable of a speed of nine or ten knots an hour, could be made ready for commission. The need of many additional ocean-going freighters is imperative. Now that war has been declared between the United States

headed friends of the Empire as Colonel George T. Denison of Toronto. Few men have had their opinions on public questions so justified by events as Colonel Denison. It must give him ironic amusement to look about him and behold among the host of his disciples so many of those who heaped ridicule on his ideas of twenty years ago. In 1897 he went to England as the delegate of the British Empire League in Canada to impress its views on certain questions, and especially to urge the taking of vigorous steps to provide that the British food supply should be grown within the Empire. Those who have not read Colonel Denison's "The Struggle for Imperial Unity" should get it and read it now. There they will learn how the colonel talked to British statesmen and British audiences on this food question, and in the light of present-day events they will be able to see, as clearly as he saw then, that in the food-producing resources of the Empire, properly developed, lies the main defence of the Empire.

At a meeting of the British Empire League in London on the 5th of July, 1897, he pointed out that for the daily bread of three out of every four of her population Britain was at that moment dependent upon two foreign nations. "Let the method be what it may," he said, "whether great national granaries, a duty on food, a bounty or what not, but let something be done." In a discussion with the famous statistical authority, Sir Robert Giffen, Colonel Denison some days later showed the fallacy of the view that command of the sea would of itself ensure a plentiful supply of foodstuffs. He was in England again in 1899, and in a speech there he said: "Our food should be grown under our own flag, or there should be large stores in England, and a preference which would increase the growth of wheat to the extent of 10,000,000 quarters (80,000,000 bushels) additional in the British Isles would be the best-spent money for defence that could be expended, and a preference to the colonies would soon produce the balance within the Empire." Recently Mr. Lloyd George said that a system of preference could be established without adding to the cost of food.

Crows and Other Birds.

About the only bird that the average farmer notices particularly is the crow, and that is because of the trouble that it gives him at corn-planting time, and for a few weeks; the useful birds are seldom recognized by him or other dwellers in the rural districts.

If the fruit-grower, for instance, would give up sufficient of his time to observe the work done by robins, woodpeckers, and other common birds, in cutting down the number of harmful insects, he would be satisfied to devote a good deal of his time to the protection of useful birds of all sorts.

The great increase in the number of crop-destroying insects of later years and the resulting necessity for increased activity in spraying to protect crops, is largely due to the decrease in the number of insectivorous birds, and who would not prefer having a number of birds protect his trees, to standing out day after day in a rain of poisonous liquid in order to ensure his fruit crop.

To gain an idea of the benefits to be derived from the presence of a large number of birds in our fields

GRAFT IN THE ORIENT.

An Incident That Illustrates the Way of the Far East.

I had had experience with corruptible Turkish officers, and one day when barrack conditions became unendurable I went to the officer commanding our division, an old Arab from Latakiah who had been called from retirement at the time of the mobilization. He lived in a little tent near the mosque, where I found him squatted on the floor nodding drowsily over his comfortable paunch. As he was an officer of the old regime, I entered boldly, squatted beside him and told him my troubles. The answer came with an enormous shrug of the shoulders.

"You are serving the sultan. Hardship should be sweet."

"I should be more fit to serve him if I got more sleep and rest."

He waved a fat hand about the tent. "Look at me! Here I am, an officer of rank and"—shooting a knowing look at me—"I have not even a nice blanket."

"A crime! A crime!" I interrupted. "To think of it, when I, a humble soldier, have dozens of them at home! I should be honored if you would allow me"—My voice trailed off suggestively.

"How could you get one?" he asked.

"Oh, I have friends here in Saffet, but I must be able to sleep in a nice place."

"Of course. Certainly. What would you suggest?"

"That hotel kept by the Jewish widow might do," I replied.

More amenities were exchanged, the upshot of which was that my four friends and I were given permission to sleep at the inn—a humble place, but infinitely better than the mosque. It was all perfectly simple.—Alexander Aaronsohn in Atlantic Monthly.

MILLION ACRE FARMS.

Those Are the Kind, as a General Rule, They Have in Mexico.

In the United States the farmer is a humble person. In Mexico he is a king of millionaires. You look out across a level plain and you see a magnificent house of stone, cement and great timbers, covering sometimes as much as half an acre. Surrounding it are other houses, hundreds of them, but all small, constructed of adobe, brush or even of cane stalks. You are not looking at a town, but at a ranch settlement. In the great house, which costs many times more than all the little houses put together, live the hacendado and his family. In the little houses live the peons.

The typical farm in Mexico is not of 100 acres, but of 1,000,000. In the state of Morelos twenty-eight hacendados own all the agricultural lands; twelve own nine-tenths of them. The territory of Quintana Roo, double the size of Massachusetts, is divided among eight companies. The greater portion of the state of Yucatan is held by thirty men, kings of sisal hemp. A major fraction of the agricultural and grazing lands of Chihuahua is owned by one family. Lower California, equal in size to Alabama, is nearly all held by five great corporations.

The 1,000,000 acre farms lie mostly fallow. Naturally a rich agricultural

INDIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Members of Every Different Race Read These Signs

A white man who visits a nation finds it hard and so possible to make his movements known. The red man such difficulty. The problem of universal language was solved ago by the savage inhabitants of the western world.

Should an Indian from northern Canada go to Patagonia he could of this universal language with his southern brethren easily as he could with his at home. That would also if he visited Central America the tribesmen of our own western mountains.

When this language was one knows, but every Indian in addition to his own. The chiefs of different tribes. Geographical society room in London and held a conversation lasted nearly three hours, whether one knew a word of language.

This universal language is made up of signs. For example, an Indian is passing through a country and sees other Indians in the distance he makes the "peace" sign, that is, he holds up his blank corners so that it covers his face. The same thought is conveyed by extending the hands, upward, slightly inclined from each other. Any Indian would understand one of these signs.

Then there are the abstract signs which these "savages" convey their thoughts with regard to Great Spirit, heaven, good and death, sickness, health, poverty. Life is expressed by an imaginary thread from death by chopping this thread. Another sign for death is the tips of the fingers of one hand touching the palm of the other and gradually slip downward, drop beneath the palm.

Most white people think of the Indian word of greeting, "How are you?" But the Indian word is really "aou," which means "brother" or "friend." So comes up and grows out of an inquisitive "How" he is after your health, but tell him he is a friend.—Youth's Companion.

WHISTLER WAS IN

Buying One of His Pictures Mean Getting It

A certain eminent titled Englishman who admired Whistler's gift to the extent of purchasing one of his pictures, never was able to get possession of her property. He drove to the studio in his motor car. Mr. Whistler went to greet him.

"Mr. Whistler," she said, "ago I bought one of your beautiful things, and I have been able to hang it on my wall. It has been loaned to one exhibition after another. Now, today I have it with me, and I would like to have it home with me. I am told it is your possession."

for commission. The need of many additional ocean-going freighters is imperative. Now that war has been declared between the United States and Germany, the Navy Department of the Republic will immediately commandeer a large tonnage from the merchant carriers to handle coal and other naval supplies, and for a reserve against possible losses.

Private enterprise will doubtless take over completely the task of supplying the needed number of wooden vessels, to be used mainly in commerce but to be available for auxiliary naval service. The idealist who scorns pure utilitarianism will perhaps see what he may term a reversion to the primitive in this return to methods of a day almost forgotten. Modern methods and inventions, wonderful as they are, are sometimes too complex to be utilized in a great emergency. The weapon at hand is the most useful when defense is imperative. One will hardly walk around a block to purchase the latest device when immediate action is necessary. And so it comes about that the wooden ship and the abandoned shipyard will return to usefulness for a time, to serve, perhaps as greatly as in the years when they were considered the last word in completeness and efficiency.

Better Than Fearlessness.

J. G. Simle, in his book "Canada Chaps," tells of a talk with a young Canadian officer, who spoke about a chum of his, the finest boy that ever stepped, up to everything, scared at nothing, first there and last to come away again. "One day I asked him, 'Are you never scared, same as the rest of us?' He looked at me and laughed. 'Scared!' he replied, 'I'm scared stiff all right. There's never been a day, an hour, since I've been out that I'm not scared and frightened all to bits?'"

He explained: "You folks back there at home all think it's charging and recklessness and rush, and feeling nothing. Well, it isn't—Don't you see that it's far finer just the way it is? The men are scared to death and cheery. They're frightened stiff, and yet they do the things. The men, they're fine. You never saw the like of them. They're brave, they're frightened and they have the courage of the devil; they do the things. What they do! Oh, they're"—he hesitated for the word. "They're irresistible. They're fine."

Before Kemp Took Charge.

One of the songs that the Canadians used to sing at the front, to the tune of "Do Ye Ken John Peel?" ran as follows:

"Do ye ken Sam Hughes?
He's the enemy of booze;
He's the great champeen
Of the dry canteen.
So we'll all go to bed,
For the place is dead,
And we won't have a head
In the morning."

COLONEL DENISON'S ADVICE.

British Statesmen Now Realize That He Was Right.

More than once men from the British overseas Dominions have given the statesmen at Westminster very sage advice. Just at the present time the people of the Old Land are learning from bitter experience of one Canadian who was more farsighted than they realized. The food condition in the British Isles is very serious just now. How different would have been the situation if British statesmen had had ears to hear the warnings of such sound-

to ensure his fruit crop. To gain an idea of the benefits to be derived from the presence of a large number of birds in our fields it is only necessary to recount the experience of Mr. Nash, of the Ontario Department of Agriculture, who fed a robin 70 cut-worms a day for 15 days, and Mr. Treadwell, of the Boston Society of Natural History, who fed a young robin 68 earth worms in one day. Under the supervision of the United States Biological Survey the crops of 3,500 birds were examined. Thirty grasshoppers and 250 caterpillars were found in the crops of cuckoos. In the crop of a nighthawk 60 grasshoppers and in another 500 mosquitoes. Mr. Furbush, State Ornithologist of Massachusetts, estimates that a single yellow-throated warbler will consume 100,000 aphids or tree lice in a day.

The protection of the useful birds, especially insectivorous ones, is provided for by law, but if an increase in the number of these birds is to be brought about, more than just living up to the law is necessary. The owner of a farm property should go as far as seeing that no other person is allowed to scare the birds on his place; feed should be provided to help carry native birds through the winter, and places should be set apart where the birds may nest without being disturbed.

To return to the crow—even this robber of the cornfield should not be destroyed, although it is necessary to discourage him of augmenting his diet at the expense of the seed grain. The crow is a devourer of harmful birds and insects and as such does more good to agriculture than harm.

Scotland Forever.

At a picture show the Battle of the Somme film now so familiar to Canadians was being shown, and sitting side by side were a Highlander and an English Tommy. When one picture showed the English regiments going over the parapet Tommy turned to the other and said, "Where are all the Jocks now—the men who get the credit of doing all the fighting?" "Awa," was the reply. "They're up in the front line haudin' the Germans back tae let the English chaps get their photo tae'en!"

Not So Far Wrong.

"Have you written all the invitations to my party, mamma?" queried little Eva.

"Yes, dear," answered her mother.

"They are all written and mailed."

"And how soon will the acceptions and deceptions begin to come in?"—Chicago News.

Work of a Beacon.

There is a flashing beacon on Richardson rock, a wave swept spot west of the Santa Barbara Islands, California, which, without attention, will flash its warnings every three seconds for seven months, or over 6,000,000 flashes, before it requires recharging with gas.—Argonaut.

All Sorts.

"How's this—seven different styles of plug hats?"

"The line officers of our lodge. Each bought a plug hat the year he was elected"—Kansas City Journal.

To dread no eye and to suspect no tongue is the greatest prerogative of innocence.—Dr. Johnson.

equal in size to Alabama, is nearly all held by five great corporations.

The 1,000,000 acre farms lie mostly fallow. Naturally a rich agricultural country, Mexico does not produce enough corn and beans to feed her own peon population. Modern machinery is needed, but modern machinery will never be used extensively so long as the peon is so cheap that primitive methods are cheaper than machine methods.—World Outlook.

Drum Fire and Curtain Fire.

"Drum fire" and "curtain fire" are modern war terms. "Drum fire" is the firing of artillery at stated intervals, the resultant noise being described as like the steady hammering of a great drum. When the desired effect of reducing the point of the attack has been accomplished the guns are elevated to a higher point and are fired continuously, making a "curtain of fire" to prevent reinforcements reaching the point of attack from the rear and at the same time allowing the infantry to attack under protection of the guns.

Practical Religion.

The story is told of a little housemaid, far over the sea, who, when asked whether she realized that she was in any way different after uniting with the church from what she had been before, thought for an instant and then, smiling brightly, said, "Well, I sweep the corners." She could hardly have given a better demonstration of the reality of her religious life.—Christian Herald.

Autland and the Sea.

Jutland is one of the few countries where political change has been avoided. Denmark has looked after the Jutes for over 1,000 years without challenge. But the sea has refused to let Jutland alone. Like Holland, it needs the protection of dikes, and but for these there would be considerably less Jutland. Even on the east coast, with its higher elevation, the sea runs into many inlets. One of the longest of these, the Lymsford, was in 1825 broken into from the west by the waters of the North sea, and the north corner of Jutland has ever since remained an island.—London Chronicle.

Had His Title All Ready.

Disraeli's first novel affords a curious instance of intelligent anticipation. Among the host of characters in "Vivian Grey," most of them slightly veiled portraits of celebrities of the day, Lord Beaconsfield is one of the most important in the secondary rank. The novel was written in 1826, exactly fifty years before the writer assumed the title he had invented. It is usual for novelists to portray themselves in their first book, but no other instance can be found of an author christening a character with a name subsequently to become his own.—London Spectator.

Sheepskin.

Sheepskin was used as parchment before the invention of paper. Even then it was a substitute for vellum, which is made from calfskin and of a far finer quality than parchment, and was employed for fine illuminated work. Tanned sheepskins are in the trade called basils. For these there are many legitimate uses, but it is for imitation purposes that the sheepskin is most largely used.

with me, and I would like home with me. I am told possession."

"Dear lady," returned W. ask the impossible. I will you when I have it again, here. You have been m And the lady drove off picture.

After she had departed commenced to poke around and, to the great astonishment of friend who had been an listener to the above conversation brought forth a canvas.

"Here it is," he said. "S about one thing—it is beautiful."

"But the impudence of the he continued, 'who think they pay a few paltry hands they own my pictures. Who secures them the privilege them in their houses now The pictures are mine!'"

CARLYLE AND DIC

The Cynic's Caustic Comment on the Work of the Novelist

When James H. Hume Franklin Fyles as dramatist the New York Sun he applied Fitch for his indefatigable writer of plays, envied him to earn a hundred thousand year and advised him to years by way of getting preparation for the work "a real play."

This is not wholly untrue. Incident reported by John his life of Charles Dickens time the great English man preparing to write his "A Tale of Two Cities," Thomas Carlyle for the local authorities on the French. That immortal dyspeptic replied and sent to Dickens Broadstairs home, a drayload of desired books. Time passed. "A Tale of Two Cities" duly All the English speaking it up avidly, and another it been achieved by its creation.

One night about that time and Carlyle met at a dinner. The young novelist, naturally was desirous to learn what authoritative Carlyle thought of the success and greatest boast of him the point blank question "Yerra weel," was the when air ye goin' tae write Char-r-ley?"

Her Early Resolution

This story was told by a man who lived a century ago dining out in London and saw whom he did not know. The resolution turned upon early and how very seldom they and the lady said: "Well, when a girl I made three resolutions determined that I would never soldier; second, that I would marry an Irishman, and, third, I would not be long engaged those three resolutions I bro do you think I did marry? of Wellington! He was a Irishman, and I was engaged for twelve years." This Katherine Pakenham. It was a happy marriage, and the couple lived apart.

N SIGN LANGUAGE.

of Every Different Tribe Can Read These Signals.

man who visits a foreign nation who is hard and sometimes impossible to make his most ordinary own. The red man has no culture. The problem of a universal language was solved centuries ago by the savage inhabitants of this world.

An Indian from northern Alaska, Patagonia he could by means of universal language converse with southern brethren almost as he could with his neighbors. That would also be the case of Central America or met men of our own western prairies.

His language was invented not by him, but every Indian learns it from his own. Recently two different tribes met in the local society rooms in Washington and held a conversation that lasted nearly three hours, and yet neither knew a word of the other's

universal language is, of course, of signs. For example, if an Indian is passing through a strange land and sees other Indians at a distance, he makes the "peace sign"—holds up his blanket by two corners so that it covers his whole figure. The same thought is expressed by holding the hands, palms outward, slightly inclined from the face. An Indian would understand either of these signs.

There are the abstract signs by which the "savages" can express thoughts with regard to the spirit, heaven, good, evil, life, sickness, health, riches and life is expressed by drawing a wavy thread from the mouth and by chopping this thread off. A sign for death is to hold the fingers of one hand against the palm of the other and let them slip downward and at last reach the palm.

Some people think that the Indian greeting, "How," is mere abbreviation of the question, "How are you?" But that is not so. It is really "aou," which means "or friend." So when he greets you and grows out his seemingly "How" he is not asking "How," but telling you that he is his friend.—Youth's Companion.

ER WAS INDIGNANT.

one of His Pictures Did Not Mean Getting It.

An eminent titled English lady, a friend of Whistler's, was purchasing one of his pictures. She was able to obtain possession of her property. One day she took the studio in her victoria. Her friend went to greet her.

"Whistler," she said, "two years ago I bought one of your pictures, a thing, and I have never been able to hang it on my walls. It has been taken to one exhibition or another, today I have my carriage and I would like to take it home. I am told it is in your studio." returned Whistler "you

AN HISTORIC SOCIETY

REACHES BACK TO BEGINNING OF LITERATURE IN CANADA.

His Excellency the Marquis of Lorne Suggested the Formation of the Royal Society of Canada in 1882, and the Organization Has Fully Justified His Hopes for Its Future.

THIRTY-SIX years ago on the invitation of our then Governor-General, his Excellency the Marquis of

Lorne, a few gentlemen prominent in Literature and Science designated by him as provisional officers, met Dec. 29th to consider a memorandum from him relating to the formation of "an Institute, Academy, or Society for the promotion of Literature and Science in the Dominion of Canada." It was unanimously decided to suggest to his Excellency a provisional basis for the constitution of such society, some of the more prominent features being that the title of the society upon the sanction of her Majesty Queen Victoria should be The Royal Society of Canada for the Promotion of Literature and Science within the Dominion; that the members be persons resident in the Dominion of Canada or in Newfoundland who had published original works or memoirs of merit or had rendered eminent services to literature or to science; and that the society should consist of two departments, representing literature and science respectively, divided into four sections, namely (1) French Literature, with history, archaeology, etc.; (2) English literature, with history, archaeology, etc.; (3) mathematical, chemical, and physical sciences; (4) geological and biological sciences. It was also agreed that the number of members in each section be limited to twenty (at a later period increased to forty); and, further, that the original members be nominated by his Excellency, that the first meeting of the society be held at such time and place as his Excellency might appoint, that the headquarters of the society be in Ottawa, and that it shall hold at least one general meeting annually at such times and places as might be determined. These and some other suggestions relating to the society having been approved by his Excellency and other preliminaries having been arranged by the Provisional Council the new society held its first meeting in the railway committee room, Parliament Buildings, Ottawa, on Thursday, May 25th, 1882, and started on what now may be fairly called its long and honorable career.

Following are the names of the officers for the organization and the first session of the society. A generation has passed since that historic day and it is a melancholy, though not a surprising fact, as they were all no longer young, that all of them have passed away. Canadians will be able to recall their place individually in the educational, literary, scientific or political world: President, J. W. Dawson, C.M.G., LL.D., F.R.S.; Vice-President, Hon. P. J. O. Chauveau, LL.D.; Presidents of Sections—(1), J. M. Le Moine, Faucher

see only the rudiments and beginnings of things, but if these are healthy and growing, we should regard them with hope, should cherish and nurture them as germs of greater things in the future."

AS OTHERS SEE US.

Two American Opinions of Conscription.

We are so fond of expressing opinions about the various happenings of American political life that we are interested occasionally to read what they say about us. Here are a couple of editorials from leading American newspapers on the recent conscription announcement of Sir Robert Borden. The Syracuse Post-Standard said:

"The Dominion Government has determined to draft soldiers in all the provinces. Canada has raised nearly 400,000 soldiers by the volunteer method. The record is splendid, but the volunteer system has nevertheless fallen short of success. It has not laid its hand with equal weight upon all the provinces. It is not because Canadians shrink from conscription as something undemocratic, as Champ Clark does, that they have clung to volunteering. It has been fear of the French of Quebec, who have no liking for war. They have not volunteered, and Canada has been afraid to impress them. The Borden Government has decided that the time for this timidity is past. The French-Canadians must fight for Great Britain and France. The Dominion has still 365,000 men who are of military age and ability. Of these it is estimated that 150,000 are more needed in the pursuits of peace than of war. At least 200,000 will be available under conscription to bear arms against Germany. If so many are enlisted Canada will have furnished one soldier to twelve in its population for service overseas."

The New York Herald said: "In large measure Canada's 'slacker' problem is the problem of Quebec—in plainer language, the problem of the French-Canadian. Few residents of other parts of the Dominion eligible for service have failed to enlist; in Quebec the situation has been different. While a number of French-Canadians have joined the colors and have given good account of themselves at the front, the mass of the residents of Quebec have been indifferent when not openly hostile. The hostility is at bottom religious, and is directed towards France, not Great Britain. In many instances, particularly in small towns, the villages and the country districts, church influence has kept men from enlisting. Supplementing this more or less openly hostile influence has been the indifference resulting from the nationalist movement headed by Henri Bourassa. The adoption of a law providing for universal service with conscription doubtless will bring Quebec's quota up to what it should be, and without trouble. The French-Canadian is patriotic and he will obey the law."

He Talks Real English.

Several of Mr. Balfour's hearers have noted with interest that he speaks with only a trace of what we, absurdly enough, are wont to call an "English accent." All but a few, a very few, of his words he pronounces just about as they are pronounced by those of us who have had a decent amount of schooling and have not passed too much of our

PAINS IN SIDE AND BACK

How Mrs. Kelly Suffered and How She was Cured.

Burlington, Wis.—"I was very irregular, and had pains in my side and back,



but after taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Tablets and using two bottles of the Sanative Wash I am fully convinced that I am entirely cured of these troubles, and feel better all over. I know your remedies have done me worlds of

good and I hope every suffering woman will give them a trial."—Mrs. ANNA KELLY, 710 Chestnut Street, Burlington, Wis.

The many convincing testimonials constantly published in the newspapers ought to be proof enough to women who suffer from those distressing ills peculiar to their sex that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the medicine they need.

This good old root and herb remedy has proved unequalled for these dreadful ills; it contains what is needed to restore woman's health and strength.

If there is any peculiarity in your case requiring special advice, write the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass., for free advice.

FORETOLD HIS OWN DOOM.

Lord Kitchener Felt That He Would Lose His Life at Sea.

Lord Kitchener had a sort of foreboding of an accident at sea. So much was this the case that he never crossed from Dover to Calais without wearing a life belt waistcoat, one that he had specially made for him in Egypt before he made his famous advance to Khartoum.

Though so often on the sea and an excellent sailor, he detested sea trips and never felt comfortable on board any ship. He complained that the sea affected his sight.

Another curious point was that while he always acquired curios in any part of the world in which he might be, he took care never to allow his purchase to be on the vessel on which he was a passenger.

When Lord Kitchener was in France a few months before he lost his life at sea off the Orkney Islands he was visiting the British front. There he met his friend, the naval Captain Testu de Balincourt, then on service at Dunkirk, whom Lord Kitchener asked to be his special aid if he should need one later during the war.

Lord Kitchener told his friend how a heavy shell had burst close to him while on this visit, but added, "that it did not disturb me, for I knew that I shall die at sea."—New York Sun.

to an exhibition or an-
ow, today I have my carriage
and I would like to take it
h me. I am told it is in your
1." "returned Whistler, "you
possible. I will send it to
I have it again, but it is not
u have been misinformed." "The
lady drove off without her

she had departed Whistler
ed to poke around his studio
ed great astonishment of a
o had been an involuntary
o the above conversation, he
orth a canvas.

"is," he said. "She was right
thing—it is beautiful." And
utiful.

"The impudence of these people,"
ed, "who think that because
a few paltry hundred pounds
my pictures. Why, it merely
em the privilege of having
their houses now and then!
res are mine!"

LYLE AND DICKENS.

James H. Huneker succeeded
Fyles as dramatic editor of
York Sun he applauded Clyde

his indefatigability as a
plays, envied him his ability
hundred thousand dollars a
advised him to rest for two
way of getting his wind in
n for the work of writing
y."

not wholly unrelated to an
reported by John Forster in
Charles Dickens. At the
great English novelist was
to write his masterpiece,
of Two Cities," he solicited
 Carlyle for the loan of a few
on the French revolution.

ortal dyspeptic readily com-
sent to Dickens, at his
s home, a drayload of the
oks. Time passed, and "A
Two Cities" duly appeared.
English speaking world took
y, and another triumph had
ved by its creator.

it about that time Dickens
le met at a dinner party.
novelist, naturally enough,
ous to learn what the au-
Carlyle thought of his new-
and greatest book and ask-
point blank question.

"Well," was the reply, "but
ye goin' tae write a bulk,
?"

Early Resolutions.

y was told by an English-
ved a century ago. He was
in London and sat by a lady
id not know. Their conver-
ed upon early resolutions
ery seldom they were kept,
ly said: "Well, when I was
de three resolutions—first, I
that I would never marry a
cond, that I would never
rishman, and, third, that I
be long engaged. And all
resolutions I broke. Whom
k I did marry? The Duke
on! He was a soldier and
1, and I was engaged to him
years." This was Lady
Pakenham. It was an un-
tage, and the couple mostly

ually in the educational, literary,
scientific or political world: Presi-
dent, J. W. Dawson, C.M.G., LL.D.,
F.R.S.; Vice-President, Hon. P. J. O.
Chauveau, LL.D.; Presidents of Sec-
tions—(1), J. M. Le Moine, Faucher
de St. Maurice, M. P.; (2), Daniel
Wilson, LL.D.; Goldwin Smith, M.
A.; (3), T. Sterry Hunt, M.A., LL.D.,
F.R.S.; Charles Carpmel, M.A.; (4),
A. R. C. Selwyn, LL.D., F.R.S.,
George Lawson, Ph.D., LL.D.; Hon.
Secretary J. G. Bourinot, F.R.S.

It would be interesting to give
also the names of the sixty members
present at the first meeting, but it is
not possible. A few are with us
still, among whom are the veterans,
Colonel G. T. Denison, of Toronto,
and Sir James A. Grant, of Ottawa,
but the great majority, like Louis
H. Frechette, George Paxton Young,
Alpheus Todd, and Principal Grant,
live only in the memory of their
countrymen, and the records of their
time.

At the formal opening of the first
session his Excellency, accompanied
by the Marchioness of Lorne, Prince-
cess Louise, in the presence of a
large number of representative citi-
zens of Ottawa, welcomed the mem-
bers of the society, and outlined the
object aimed at in its institution. It
was an attempt to have meeting at
the capital from time to time a body
of men whose achievements would
entitle them to recognize and en-
courage the appearance of merit in
literature, and to lead in science and
the useful application of its discov-
eries. The meeting together of emi-
nent men would contribute to unite on
a common ground those best able to
express the thoughts and illustrate
the history of the time. It would
serve to strengthen emulation among
Canadians themselves, for the discus-
sion of progress made in other
lands must breed the desire to push
the intellectual development of
own. "Our countrymen," he aug-
ured, "will recognize that in a body
of gentlemen drawn from all our Pro-
vinces and conspicuous for their abili-
ties there will be a centre around
which to rally. They will see that
the welfare and strength of growth
of this association shall be impeded
by no small jealousies, no carping
spirit of detraction, but shall be
nourished by a noble motive common
to the citizens of the republic of
letters and to the students of the
free world of nature; namely, the
desire to prove that their land is not
insensible to the glory which springs
from numbering among its sons
those whose success will become the
heritage of mankind."

Whether this high ideal outlined
by his Excellency has been fully real-
ized we shall not now undertake to
determine. It is enough at present
to recognize that the institution
which he helped to found and of
which, as the first President, Dr. J.
D. Dawson, happily observed, he had
undoubtedly a personal as well as a
hereditary right to be the patron, has
belied the fears of those who regard-
ed the enterprise as premature, and
that, like some tender plant too early
exposed to the frost of the Canadian
spring, it would be nipped and
perish. The society has lived and
flourished for thirty-five years, and
as its yearly transactions show, has
done much to promote and record
national progress in literature and
science. Notwithstanding all that
has been done in these directions, it
is to be presumed that the same
mind that was in the first president
continues in the society as a whole:
"In Canada at present, whether in
science, in literature, in art, or in
education, we look around in vain
for anything that is fully ripe. We

"English accent." All but a few,
a very few, of his words he pro-
nounces just about as they are pro-
nounced by those of us who have had
a decent amount of schooling and
have not passed too much of our
lives in parts of the country suffi-
ciently isolated to develop—and
maintain—a distinctive variant of
"American accent" as the British de-
scribe Canadian speech.

There are not many of us, indeed,
who enunciate as clearly and care-
fully as does Mr. Balfour, and if hard
pressed we would probably have to
confess that therein his "accent" is
"English," for a good many of his
countrymen show the same admir-
able peculiarity, but that isn't what
is usually meant by "English ac-
cent." At any rate, Mr. Balfour
agrees with ourselves in making
"here" and "there" the monosyl-
lables they ought to be, and if he
divides "issues" with a longer pause
between its parts than is familiar to
us, that may be not "English," but
"Balfour."

Of course, the way he talks is
English, not "English," and it ought
to be Canadian; and, it is he, and
men like him, not the people who
talk one or another British dialect,
whom the ambitious Canadians
should try to imitate. Those who, in
or out of "society," talk with a
marked "English accent," simply
talk bad English, and deserve either
ridicule or pity, according to the cir-
cumstances of their education.

Canada's Saw Timber.

Canada's timber resources are the
third largest in the world, according
to official reports compiled at Ot-
tawa. The Dominion has a supply of
from 500,000,000,000 to 800,000,-
000,000 feet board measure, cover-
ing an area of approximately 250,-
000,000 acres. This estimate, which
is about half of the wooded area of
the Dominion, refers only to saw
timber. Material suitable for pulp-
wood, firewood, and poles is not in-
cluded.

Mountain Peaks.

There are three mountain peaks in
close proximity in Alberta named
Kitchener, Joffre, and Patricia. The
great peaks also include a Cave
Mountain.

Never Was "Union John."

Of the objects whose name is derived
from the diminutive of John the union
jack cannot claim to be one. In the
days of chivalry the knights and men-
at-arms wore a surcoat, or "jacque," as
it was called, bearing the emblem ei-
ther of their nationality or of the lord
to whose service they were sworn.
Gradually the word was transferred to
the banner which was carried before
the army, and this use of the word still
survives today in the name of the British
national flag and also that of the
small flagpole at the bow of a ship
known as the "jackstaff."—London
Chronicle.

Two Sets of Muscles.

You have two sets of muscles—the
outer ones, which you can feel, and
the inner ones, which are your lungs,
heart, stomach and other internal or-
gans. The outer ones are conveniences
for performing actions. The inner ones
are your life—the "fate" which makes
you happy or depressed, powerful or
weak, useful or the contrary. These
inner muscles require training, just
like any other muscles, by intelligently
directed exercise.

a heavy shell had burst close to him
while on this visit, but added, "that
did not disturb me, for I know that I
shall die at sea."—New York Sun.

STREETS OF LONDON.

A Name System That Is Confusing
Even to Residents of the City.

When it comes to confusing street
systems London should not be over-
looked. Some consider it the most con-
fusing, even Londoners not always be-
ing sure of locations.

As an example of what one meets in
the British capital a man once asked
to be directed to a certain house on
King street. He was sent in one di-
rection. When he did not come to
King street as soon as he expected he
asked again for King street and was
sent in an opposite direction. Again
not sure of his direction, he asked a
third time for King street and was
asked which King street he wanted.

The question stumped him, not know-
ing that London has nineteen King
streets. This number does not include
the King streets in London's suburbs.

If this man who wanted King street
had asked for Queen street his predic-
ament would have been even greater,
for there are thirty-four Queen streets
in London.

Great as the city is, it is far behind
New York in regard to a compre-
hensive street system, even though cor-
ners of New York such as Greenwich
Village are most confusing.—Exchange.

They Took the Lash.

One of the traditions of the British
Royal Yacht club is of Lord Yarbor-
ough's Falcon, the crew of which were
paid extra wages on condition that
they they submitted to the usual rules
in force on British vessels of war.
These included flogging under certain
circumstances, and it is said that in
consideration of the additional wages
paid by Lord Yarborough some of the
crew cheerfully submitted to the oc-
casional application of the cat-of-nine-
tails. "Indeed, before the Falcon left
Plymouth sound for a cruise all hands
cordially signed a paper setting forth
the usefulness of a sound flogging in
cases of extremity and their perfect
willingness to undergo the experiment
whenever it was deemed necessary for
the preservation of good order."

Superstitions About Hares.

There have been at various periods
all manner of queer superstitions
about hares, which would seem to in-
dicate that the believers were them-
selves madder than any hare that ever
gamboled in March. Its brains were
believed to make children's teeth come
quickly and painlessly; those who ate
its flesh became lovely and gracious
for a week after; a waistcoat made of
hare's skin straightened the bodies
both of young and old, etc. Even to-
day there are those who take as an
evil omen the crossing of the road be-
fore them by this most innocent of
creatures.—London Chronicle.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.
In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears
the
Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Women's Patriotic Service and Red Cross Work

Through the "U. E. Loyalist" Chapter, I.O.D.E.



DONATIONS FOR BELGIAN CHILDREN'S RELIEF.

Last week the Infant Class of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church Sunday School collected \$1.00 for the

above object, which was handed to one of our Treasurers through their teacher, Miss Bain.

In this connection one cannot refrain from commending the thoughtfulness and generosity of the Primary Class of Trinity Methodist church Sunday School, towards the Belgian Children, who through the initiative of their energetic teacher, Mrs. Dickinson, conceived the idea some weeks ago, of holding a tea-party in their Sunday School room, to which a number of older friends were asked. The tea hour was preceded by an excellent address to the Children, on Belgium by Mrs. W. G. Wilson—Mrs. M. C. Bogart also being called upon for a few remarks relative to her visit to Brussels; the children themselves and their young friends giving some very creditable recitations and songs, after which the Rev. C. W. Demille in a few apt remarks brought the proceedings to a happy conclusion, when Mrs. Dickinson handed the collection to Mrs. Harshaw asking her

to transmit the amount through her Chapter of the Daughters of the Empire, to Mrs. Arthur Pepler the Convener of the Belgian Relief Committee in Toronto. The fund collected by these little people is being held at Mrs. Dickinson's request until completed. We desire to thank Mrs. Dickinson and her class for asking us to act as intermediaries in the transmission of this evidence of sympathetic kindness towards the suffering children of Belgium.

We wish to thank very sincerely Mrs. Richards, a lady of over four score years, mother of Mrs. J. G. Daly, for her kindness in knitting a large number of socks for us, notwithstanding the demands made upon her time and energy by many members of her family serving in His Majesty's forces.

Another excellent knitter, whose faithful work we shall greatly miss, was suddenly called away from mundane affairs. We refer to the sudden demise of Mrs. Eelfour, who, though she had reached the great age of 90 years, has knitted very many pairs of socks for us, as ever since the war began she found time to send us in examples of her skill and industry at short intervals; and we much regret her loss.

This week 50 pairs of hand-knitted socks have been forwarded to Lieut. A. B. Fennell, P.P.C.L.I., C.E.F., somewhere in France, for the men of his Platoon, in memory of our late splendid worker, and deeply regretted member, Mrs. J. G. Fennell, who was much interested in Lieut. Fennell's work in France. We are much indebted to Mrs. Fennell for packing and shipping same.

Do not forget our work-meetings on Thursday and Saturday afternoons, when all friends and workers are gladly welcomed.

When your hat begins to look faded remember a 25c bottle of Colorite will make it look like new. WALLACE'S Drug Store, agents for Napanee.

YES! LIFT A CORN OFF WITHOUT

Cincinnati authority tells you
Up a corn or callus so
off with fingers.

You corn-pestered men need suffer no longer. Wea that nearly killed you before Cincinnati authority, because drops of freezone applied tender, aching corn or callusness at once and soon the hardened callus loosens so lifted out, root and all, with a small bottle of freezone

Little at any drug store, but tively take off every hard corn or callus. This should as it is inexpensive and is irritate the surrounding skin

If your druggist hasn't a tell him to get a small bottle from his wholesale drug house fine stuff and acts like a ctime.

NEWS NOTI

There are not so many the evenings. So many and watering and weeding will live high by and by ducts of the garden.

Dr. G. W. Bell, V.S., has pointed milk inspector for Kingston at a salary of \$8

Strawberries are selling er, N. Y., for eight cents a

The hands of the clock w ed onward for an hour on July. The wonder is w people will realize the diffi it occurs so far as daylig ments are concerned.

The Belleville Cheese Bo that on June 29th the would be given for the pa or its equivalent by all f the buyers will also cont share towards the fund.

At a meeting of the Cheese Board A. Moore Thurlow township, stated cholera was prevalent in tions of this community. a pen of 102 hogs were in of this number seventy-fou led, owing to being infecte disease.

Joseph C. Chartrand, years ago created several by making daring escapes Kingston Penitentiary w mate of the insane ward was transferred to the Gu created another sensation away from the farm on I returned and gave himself

Edward J. Slater, a tail a shop at the corner of Division Streets, Kingston the Police Magistrate city on Monday and fined costs, or three months, o of having liquor for sale, and costs for having place other than his priva He took the three month

Kirby, in the New York a cartoon showing the Russia and the ex-King of

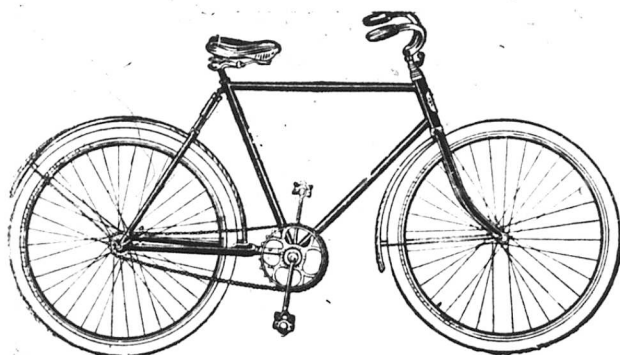
Back to BICYCLES

Everybody Ought to Ride a Bicycle This Spring.

It's healthy, it's handy, and this is the year to save money. It has been proved that it is cheaper to ride a Bicycle than to wear out shoe leather.

NOW IS THE TIME

To Pick Out Your Favorite Bicycle.



How is your old wheel. Can we put it in good repair for you? We have tires, rims, saddles and everything you might need for your old wheel. Or we will trade you for a new one.



The Red Cross Society

A pleasant and profitable afternoon was spent on Tuesday last, at the home of Mrs. Denis Daly, when the Red Cross workers met to complete the shipment of three dozen housewives, donated and beautifully made by Mrs. Daly. When the work was completed, delicious refreshments were served, after which all left feeling deeply indebted to the Hostess for her generous help to the Red Cross.

The report just received of the Lennox and Addington Motor Ambulance states that last month, the Ambulance carried 949 lying cases and 208 sitting cases. This report gives us some idea of the need of Hospital supplies.

Mr. Jennings, Treasurer of the Ulster Royal Black Chapter, No 831,

might need for your old wheel. Or we will trade you for a new one.

Our Repair Department is fully equipped with tools and machinery for repairing Bicycles, and our long experience enables us to guarantee perfect satisfaction. Bring in your wheel and let us put it in First-Class Condition for you.

Auto Tires and Supplies.

W. J. Normile

Order your Ford Car now. We cannot promise you present prices very long.

W. J. NORMILE.



A Car of Proven Quality

THE Ford car has been on the market twelve years, surely long enough to have proven its high quality. There is nothing experimental about it. Every part has stood the test of time and proven its stability with hard service. No other car has ever approached the durability records of the Ford.

No matter what price you pay for a car you cannot get one with a stancher chassis. Government Laboratory tests have shown that the different parts of the Ford car are superior to those in any other car. Ford Vanadium steel has never been equaled in strength.

If you want a car that can plow through deep mud, sand and gravel—that can cross fields, corduroy roads and ford streams—that can climb the steepest hills with ease—that will give the greatest mileage all year round with the least expense and care—then there is only ONE car for you—The Ford.

Ford

Runabout - \$475	Town Car - \$780
Touring - - 495	Sedan - - 890
Coupelet - 695	F. O. B. Ford, Ontario.

W. J. NORMILE,

Dealer,

Napanee, Ont.

Ford Motor Company
OF CANADA, Limited

...of the day of hospital supplies.
Mr. Jennings, Treasurer of the Ulster Royal Black Chapter, No 831, has given us a cheque for \$50 from the chapeer. This handsome donation is greatly appreciated. We also acknowledge \$5.00 from a friend.
The hall will be open all day Saturday. Refreshments will be served during the afternoon.

A bottle of Nyal's Bug Poison will rid your house of Buffalo Moths and bed bugs. 25c. at WALLACE'S, the Leading Drug Store.

...the three months.
Kirby, in the New York W a cartoon showing the ex-Russia and the ex-King of G loafers on a park bench, w Kaiser, as a policeman, is that he knew both those bo; they held good jobs. Spain, pulled down the blinds and i a row indoors, which may the arrival of Alphonso w others on that park bench.

Quite a stir has been throughout the county over of a circular having been s from the Education Department, giving orders to have teachers pension rates taken their salaries. The 2½ per ce to be deducted by the Schoo dating back to May 1st. 2½ is deducted from the legislatu to schools. The school board losers in the deal, but it n lot of extra work.

\$825 in prizes for Horse Ra Ball, Kingston, Victoria and ville, Ontario. Motor Cycle etc.

SELBY.

We are glad to say that Cook is to remain with us year.

Mr. and Mrs. Lane, Denbig last week at R. W. Paul's.

Miss Gracie Hudgin, who w week to the General Hospite ston, for treatment, we are say is gaining.

F. Denison and W. Rams purchased cars.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Freeman s Saturday in Kingston.

C. Lucas, pathmaster, is bc cement walk on the east side street.

Mrs. G. Sexsmith is spendi days at W. J. Booth's, Fore

Mrs. Williams and daughte Sunday at Centreville.

Visitors: R. Pringle and f D. Denison's; Mr. Chaplin

Mr. Cook's; Mrs. Weese a Paul's; Mr. and Mrs. B. Ma

children at H. Martin's; M Weese and Miss Mable Wees

Arnold's.

STORM'S CORNERS.

The weather is fine and w all kinds of crops and vegeta growing rapidly.

Mrs. Metzler and daught spending a week in Kingst Glenburnie, have returned hor

The Wilton Ladies' Aid monthly meeting at Mrs. I cock's, where there was an t large attendance.

F. Cole is spending a fe near Odessa, taking care of bert, who had a very bad st is paralyzed.

S. Simmons has purchased automobile.

Mrs. S. Gile, Harlem, at ler's; Mrs. R. Miller at B.

Murvade; W. L. Storms and and Mr. and Mrs. L. Hartma

den East, at J. D. Storms'; Mrs. M. Irish and Mr. and

Silver, Yarker, at B. Babcock

Mrs. A. N. Lapum, Mr. Hinchey and little Genevieve,

ville, visited last week at Mr. Rose's, Selby.

GET IT AT
WALLACE

A CORN OFF WITHOUT PAIN!

Authority tells how to dry
corn or callus so it lifts
off with fingers.

pestered men and women
no longer. Wear the shoes
killed you before, says this
authority, because a few
zones applied directly on a
corn or callus, stops sore-
ness and soon the corn or
callus loosens so it can be
popped off and all, without pain.
A bottle of freezone cost very
little at drug store, but will pos-
sibly off every hard or soft
corn. This should be tried,
expensive and is said not to
surrounding skin.
Freezone hasn't any freezone
get a small bottle for you
at a wholesale drug house. It is
said to act like a charm every

NEWS NOTES

not so many idle men in
the city. So many are hoeing
and weeding. And they
are by and by on the pro-
gress garden.

Belleville, V.S., has been ap-
pointed inspector for the City of
a salary of \$800 per year.
The city are selling in Rochest-
er eight cents a quart box.

of the clock will be push-
ed for an hour on the 1st of
the wonder is whether the
realize the difference when
so far as daylight engage-
concerned.

the Cheese Board decided
June 29th the day's milk
even for the patriotic fund,
valent by all factories, and
will also contribute their
share to the fund.

meeting of the Belleville
and A. Moore, Plainfield,
vsnship, stated that hog
prevalent in certain sec-
s community. On Friday
2 hogs were inspected, and
over seventy-four were kil-
ed being infected with the

Chartrand, who some
created several sensations
daring escapes from the
penitentiary while an in-
mate of insane ward, and who
fled to the Guelph farm,
then sensation by running
the farm on Friday, but
he gave himself up.

Slater, a tailor, who has
the corner of Brock and
Streets, Kingston, was be-
lieved Magistrate of that
city had fined \$1000 and
three months, on a charge
of liquor for sale, and \$200
for having liquor in a
place than his private dwelling.
in three months.

the New York World, has
showing the ex-Czar of
the ex-King of Greece as
a mark bench while the

A CLOSELY GUARDED CLOCK.

It is the Most Accurate Timekeeper
Man Has Devised.

In the Case School of Applied Science
in Cleveland there is a clock that holds
the world's record for accurate time-
keeping. Over a period of several
months it showed a variation of only
eight-thousandths of a second a day,
which in a year's time would be less
than three seconds.

Ship chronometers, which are the
most accurate time measuring instru-
ments in general use, cannot keep true
time within less than three to five sec-
onds a month. Marine observations
are absolutely dependent on accurate
timepieces, but ship's officers have to
be satisfied if they can adjust their
chronometers so that they will either
gain or lose a certain amount each day.
Then they add or subtract and get ab-
solutely correct time. In plotting rec-
ords of a ship's timepiece its desirability
is judged by a line that ascends or
descends with absolute regularity. If
the line rises and falls the instrument
is worthless.

The Case clock stands on a stone pier
independent of the building that ex-
tends sixteen feet to a natural shale
foundation. It is in a small room sur-
rounded by two other rooms, all built
with brick walls. Gas stoves heat the
outer rooms, and electric contact ther-
mometers regulate the temperature.
The gas stove flame automatically rises
or falls with the variation in the out-
side air temperature. Thus on warm
days in August the flame in the gas
stove is very low, while in below zero
January it burns at its brightest. In
the clock room itself the temperature
is adjusted by an ordinary sixteen can-
dle power incandescent lamp that is
flashed on and off by another electric
contact thermometer. The school strict-
ly enforces the rule that there must
never be more than two people in this
inner room at one time.

The clock, which stands five feet
high, has three separate dials that reg-
ister the hours, minutes and seconds.
It is inclosed in an airtight glass jar,
inside of which are delicate instru-
ments for measuring temperature, at-
mospheric pressure and moisture. A
small amount of chloride of lime, which
is an efficient desiccating material, is
kept always in the jar to absorb the
moisture.

By the aid of a set of dry batteries
the clock automatically winds itself
every seven minutes. The movement
is adjusted slow or fast by pumping
air in or out of the glass container.
Observations are made from the out-
side through double glass windows
through the separating walls and by
means of a small electric lamp placed
over the dials.

Not only can this wonderful piece of
clock mechanism be adjusted to show
less than a three second annual varia-
tion, but it is also possible to make
electric connections with other similar
clocks elsewhere. With this as a mas-
ter clock the others can be made to
keep the same accurate time.—Youth's
Companion.

Historic Hampton Roads.

In no territory of like extent in the
United States is more historical inter-
est gathered than in that which bor-
ders Hampton Roads. Here was plant-
ed the first English colony in America.

The Gibbard Furniture Co'y.

[Limited.]

Are Up-to-Date in Stock
and Cheaper than Any-
other House.

NOTE THE LIST

China Cabinets \$19 to \$30
Buffets from - 13 to 50
Dressers in Oak
and Mahogany 12 to 40
Parlor Suits - 24 to 60
Devenports - 18 to 50
Iron Beds New-
est Patterns 3.50 to 14
Brass Beds in Great Variety

All we ask is to Inspect Our
Lines and get Prices.

The Gibbard Furniture Co'y.

East End Barber Shop.

Everything neat; first class work-
men; cigars and tobacco. Give me a
call.

J. N. OSBORNE.

Bicycle Tires.

We have never had as large and
varied a stock of tires as this year.
The prices are the lowest possible for
good goods. Can sell you tires at all
prices.

W. J. NORMILE.

Music.

If you are thinking of buying a
Piano, Organ, Talking Machine or
Sewing Machine see us before you
buy. We trade for anything. Terms
to suit purchaser. Hundreds of refer-
ences. Three used Cars for sale, one
Regal, two Chevrolets. We decided to
not ship a car of horses so have
some for sale.

VANLUVEN BROS.

Napanee and Moscow.

P.S.—See the new Briscoe car at my
place, Napanee, before you order, or
at W. J. Normile's Garage, where cars
will be sold and repairs kept.

Two rubber-tired Buggies for sale.

Egerton L. VanLuvén.

50t-f

LEGEND OF THE CLOCK DIAL.

It Tells Why the Figures IV Were Al-
tered to Read IIII.

It is a tradition among watchmakers
that the first clock that in any way
resembled those now in use was made
by Henry Vick in 1370. He made it for
Charles V. of France, who has been
called "The Wise."

Charles was wise in a good many
ways. He was wise enough to recover
from England most of the land which
Edward III. had conquered, and he did



THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.

We think we can please you.
TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc
PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

F. W. SMITH,

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee

0-3-m

FRED CHINNECK

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Next Wallace's Drug Store
Napanee

Strictly Private and Confidential.

39

JOHN T. GRANGE

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

NEW

EMPIRE TYPEWRITER For Sale

Apply at This Office.

16t-f

SYMINGTON'S

the New York World, has showing the ex-Czar as the ex-King of Greece as a park bench, while the a policeman, is reflecting on both those boys when odd jobs. Spain, too, has the blinds and is having ors, which may end with of Alphonso with the at park bench.

stir has been created the county over the fact having been sent out luation Department, Tor- orders to have school sion rates taken out of s. The 2½ per cent. has ted by the School Boards, to May 1st, 2½ per cent. from the legislature grants The school boards are no deal, but it means a work.

izes for Horse Races, Base on, Victoria and Belle- io. Motor Cycle Races,

SELBY.

ad to say that Rev. Mr. o remain with us another

rs. Lane, Denbigh, spent K. W. Paul's. e Hudgin, who went last General Hospital, King- entment, we are glad to ng.

n and W. Ramsay have rs. rs. J. Freeman spent last Kingston. pathmaster, is building a on the east side of Main

exsmith is spending a few J. Booth's, Forest Mills. ams and daughter spent Centreville.

R. Pringle and family at s; Mr. Chaplin at Rev. Mrs. Weese at R. W. and Mrs. B. Martin and H. Martin's; Mrs. K. Miss Mable Weese at C.

RM'S CORNERS.

er is fine and warm and crops and vegetables are idly.

ler and daughter, after week in Kingston and ave returned home.

n Ladies' Aid held its eting at Mrs. B. Bab- e there was an unusually ance.

is spending a few weeks taking care of Mr. Gil- id a very bad stroke and

ns has purchased a fine

ile, Harlem, at R. Mil- R. Miller at B. Purdy's, L. Storms and family Mrs. L. Hartman, Cam- J. M. Storms; Mr. and h and Mr. and Mrs. W. r, at B. Babcock's.

N. Lapum, Mrs. W. J. little Genevieve, Centre- last week at Mrs. James

United States is more historical inter- est gathered than in that which bor- ders Hampton Roads. Here was plant- ed the first English colony in America; here was held the first gathering of the people's representatives to make their own laws; here were erected the first fortifications in the English speaking new world; here were fought the land battle that terminated America's war of independence and the naval battle that revolutionized the warfare of the sea.

The first fortifications where Fort Monroe now stands were built 305 years ago, in 1611. Since that time, with short lapses, there has been some sort of a fortification always guarding the entrance to Chesapeake bay.—National Geographic Magazine.

Whales Once Lived on Land.

Scientists tell us that whales did not always live in the sea, but in prehis- toric days dwelt upon the land. They are not true fishes, and their skeletons still give evidence of the days when they possessed four legs. Further- more, while fishes breathe water from which the air is separated by means of their gills whales breathe air and sepa- rate the life giving oxygen from the other gases by internal lungs like land animals. In contrast to fishes also they are warm, red blooded animals. The largest whales are found in the antarctic and arctic seas.

Our First Canal.

America's first canal was dug at South Hadley, Mass., when Washing- ton was president. It was completed in 1796. That little waterway gave De Witt Clinton his idea for the canal across New York state—the greatest single impetus ever contributed to the upbuilding of a large city.

It was the Erie canal that gave New York the needed speed to pass Philadel- phia as the metropolis of this contin- ent.

Horticulture In Mustaches.

Children are consistent and logical in their thinking, if nothing else.

Uncle Jim removed a mustache he had worn for a year or so. A relative remarked she never had seen Uncle Jim with a mustache, and another member of the family said: "Oh, yes, he grew it about two years ago."

"Did he plant the seed?" little Bob- bie asked.—Indianapolis News.

Mean Fellow!

"Three times now my wife, who is visiting her mother, has sent for the money to come home on."

"Three times! And she hasn't come home yet? Changes her mind and spends the money, I presume?"

"Oh, no; she wouldn't do that."

"Then why hasn't she come home?"

"I haven't sent it to her yet."—Pitts- burgh Chronicle Telegraph.

Warned.

"These pills have a horrible taste," said the lady customer. "Please take them back and give me something I can enjoy."

"Very well, madam," answered the obliging druggist, "but please remem- ber that the difference in the price of a box of pills and a box of bonbons is considerable."—Birmingham Age-Her- ald.

Charles was wise in a good many ways. He was wise enough to recover from England most of the land which Edward III. had conquered, and he did a good many other things which bene- fited France. But his early education had been somewhat neglected. Still, he had a reputation for wisdom, and thought that it was necessary, in order to keep it up, that he should also be supposed to possess book learning. The latter was a subject he was extremely touchy about.

So the story runs in this fashion:

"Yes, the clock works well," said Charles, "but," being anxious to find some fault with a thing he did not understand, "you have the figures on the dial wrong."

"Wherein, your majesty?" asked Vick.

"That four should be four ones," said the king.

"You are wrong, your majesty," said Vick.

"I am never wrong!" thundered the king. "Take it away and correct the mistake!" And corrected it was, and from that day to this 4 o'clock on a watch or clock dial has been IIII. In stead of IV. The tradition has been faithfully followed.

STYLES IN CHINA.

Six Times a Year Clothing Changes as if by Signal.

The Chinese are nothing if not con- servative in the matter of dress. It is the custom in China, as if by direct or- der, to change regularly the style of dress. It appears that there are no less than six distinct changes of attire that every self respecting Chinese of any importance must make, according to the season—heavy furs in the depth of winter, then light furs, then wadded garments, then lined clothes, unlined, and finally what the Chinese them- selves call "summer clothes," made of China grass. These are in white and blue.

The Chinese wear caps made of plaited bamboo, lightly covered with silk. In the height of summer none but officials wear caps. There are ordi- nary black covered lined caps; and there are fur trimmed hats and fur caps.

Foreigners have been particularly struck by the fact that on the same day and throughout the vast country stretching over nearly as many degrees of latitude as America men change from one cap to another, from one style of clothing to another, as though by signal.

Occidental tailors have a good word for Chinese clothes. They aver that the Celestial cut for jackets is "per- fect" so far as convenience goes, and in the opinion of many they are pecu- liarly elegant.

Its Advantages.

Scene—Train stopping at small sta- tion. Irritable Old Gentleman—What on earth do they stop at a station like this for? Objectionable Passenger (alighting)—To allow me to get out. Irritable Old Gentleman—Ah! I see it has its advantages then.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

SYMINGTON'S

Is the place to get the
Following Goods :

FEEDS

Cotton Seed Meal, Ruby Chop
Barley Feed, Cracked Corn.
Feed Wheat, Etc.

SEEDS

Timothy, Alsike, Clover, Alfalfa.
Flower Seeds, Lawn Grass, Etc.

Also Hen Supplies, Garden Seeds,
and Plants.

THOS. SYMINGTON,
NAPANEE, ONT.

50-11

REPRESENTATIVE WANTED!

at once for
NAPANEE
and District for

CANADA'S GREATEST NURSERIES.

Spring 1917 planting list is now ready.

Splendid list of hardy CANADIAN GROWN Fruit and Ornamental Stock, including McIntosh RED APPLE, ST. REGIS EVERBEARING RASPBERRY, and many other leaders.

New Illustrated Catalogue sent on application.

Start now at best selling time.

Liberal proposition.

STONE & WELLINGTON.

The Fonthill Nurseries
(Established 1837)
TORONTO, ONT.

HONESTY



HONESTY

There are lots of honest people in the world. If you have lost something perhaps an honorable person found it.

This is an honest paper and honest people read it.

● Tell them about your loss in our Classified Want Ads.

Copyright 1917 by H. W. Judson

Fresh bottled and bulk
pickles, sweet and sour,
at JUDSON'S.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

GET IT AT
LLACE'S

THE LIFTUP



(Patented)

BIAS FILLED CORSETS

Positively the most effective corset for ladies who require abdominal support. All the latest styles of corsets to suit any figure.

CORSETS MADE TO ORDER

Write us for catalogue and measurement form.

REPRESENTATIVES WANTED

Write to-day for particulars to Department A

BIAS CORSETS LIMITED

39 BRITAIN ST.

TORONTO

24-34

Have You Seen BEAVER BOARD Paneled Walls and Ceilings?

THEY far surpass lath, plaster and wall-paper in beauty, durability, ease of application, and economy.

They deaden sound, resist heat and cold, retard fire, resist shocks or strains, do not crack, chip or deteriorate with age.

BEAVER BOARD

can be used in new or re-modeled buildings of every type.

We carry full stock and can furnish sizes as ordered, with full information about use, application, etc.



APPLY TO

MADOLE HARDWARE CO.

PHONE 13,
NAPANEE, ONTARIO



ONTARIO AFFAIRS

ONTARIO CELEBRATES CONFEDERATION.

From one aspect the semi-centennial of Canadian confederation on the 1st of July is being overshadowed by the pressing necessities of the war and by the series of political crises through which Canada is passing this

and jubilation. It is doubtful, however, if the people of the country would have given as much attention or thought to the Canadian Confederation both in its origin in 1867 and in its present state in 1917 as they will do under the quiet but more serious and thought provoking times of this year.

Ontario's part in the celebration by its quietness and its dignity will, it is hoped, interpret the spirit of the

the local House in Opposition. Wile, Liberal wing member.

"Bill" Macdonald, North Bruce, has been Owen Sound under the Women's Liberal Association that place. He reviewed isolation.

Northwest Toronto the leadership of Mrs. are active in education.

ches
best buys
It is a
tore.

Every Style Bracelet and Strap Watch

Silver, Gunmetal, Filled and Solid Gold

Our \$3.00 Strap Wristlet Watch is one of the best you can make. It is dandy and fully guaranteed. All Watches good values.

F. CHINNECK'S Jewellery Store

and by the series of political crises through which Canada is passing this summer.

From another aspect, however, the extraordinary and critical circumstances of the present time make this semi-centennial even more significant. If it had occurred during a period of peace and prosperity there would doubtless have been many more fireworks displayed and much more noise



NAPANEE TRAIN SERVICE.

Corrected to Date.

TRAINS LEAVE.

For TORONTO and intermediate stations. Connecting at TRENTON for Picton 5.40 a.m., 4.10 p.m.

For TRENTON and TORONTO: 2.32 a.m., 5.40 a.m., 4.10 p.m.

For BROCKVILLE and JUNCTION, SMITH FALLS and OTTAWA 3.30 a.m., 2.50 p.m.

For OTTAWA, connections at Yarker for TWEED, and connections at Harrowsmith for KINGSTON 2.50 p.m.

For DESERONTO, TRENTON and PICTON 2.32 a.m. 5.40 a.m. 4.10 p.m.

TRAINS ARRIVE.

From TORONTO and intermediate stations 3.30 a.m., 2.50 p.m., 10.30 p.m.

From PICTON and intermediate stations 2.50 p.m., 10.30 p.m.

From COE HILL and intermediate stations 2.50 p.m.

From DESERONTO 3.30 a.m., 2.50 p.m., 10.30 p.m.

From SYDENHAM and intermediate stations 2.32 a.m., 4.10 p.m.

From TWEED and intermediate stations 4.10 p.m.

From BROCKVILLE JUNCTION, SMITH FALLS, OTTAWA 2.32 a.m., 4.10 p.m.

For tickets, rates, folders and other information apply Depot Agent, R. E. McLean or Town Agent, E. McLaughlin.

A few Second Hand Cars For Sale. Prices Low.
W. J. NORMILE.

its quietness and its dignity will, it is hoped, interpret the spirit of the people of the province. On the suggestion of Mr. Rowell in the legislature at the last session, a strong committee was appointed to arrange the details. Municipalities throughout the province have been asked to co-operate in public meetings and demonstrations to be held on Monday, July 2nd, and a favorable response is being received from a large number of them. In Toronto the municipal authorities, the school children, the military, patriotic and public societies of all kinds are co-operating. There will be a patriotic parade and a demonstration at Exhibition Park. Sir William Hearst, Hon. Dr. Pyne and Hon. W. D. MacPherson are acting for the government, Mr. Rowell and Mr. Dewart for the Opposition.

MEN FOR FARMS.

Indications point to the success of the Ontario Organization of Resources Committee and allied organizations in their efforts to recruit labor for the farms of the province from new sources to meet the present emergency. The secretary of the committee at its recent meeting presented an optimistic report, showing that city workers, university and High School students, both men and women have responded well to the call for help and either have gone already to the country or have made definite arrangements to go at a suitable time. It is estimated that the number already gone or arranged for reaches between ten and fifteen thousand. The Trades and Labor Branch have sent out 500 men and 600 boys; 569 women students are working on fruit farms and 55 in canning factories. District representatives of the Department of Agriculture have secured help to fill 120 applications from farmers; 5000 school boys and 2000 girls from the public schools have gone to farms and the War Production Club of Toronto, working in conjunction with the Organization of Resources Committee has sent over 1000 men for farm work.

NOTES.

The action of the Dominion Government by order in council in suspending betting on race tracks for the duration of the war, is a step which has been well received by public opinion. For a long time there has been agitation for this measure by religious and public bodies throughout the country, focussing in the attitude of the Liberal Party in the Ontario legislature which made it one of their main policies this last session. The Mail and Empire in commenting on the Federal government's decision says, "the cessation of betting on race tracks is an effective war economy and in the public interest. Racing itself is not interfered with."

Following a visit of Mrs. Margaret Hyslop, Travelling Secretary of the Ontario Women's Liberal Association, organization of the Liberal women of Stratford and vicinity has been decided upon. The work to be undertaken will be patriotic, public and educational as well as political.

Hon. F. G. Macdermid, Minister of Public Works and Highways, accompanied by W. A. McLean, Deputy Minister of Highways, have been on a motor tour over a wide area inspecting the roads and making plans for future development. Among the counties visited were York, Simcoe, Peel, Wellington, Waterloo, Oxford, Brant, Wentworth and Halton.

Wm. C. McCormick has been nominated by South Essex Conservatives for

the leadership of Mrs. J. J. are active in educationalization work. They held a business meeting in Sherbrooke. Mrs. McClive has been elected president of the new St. Catharines Liberal Association. Oliver heads a similar organization in Niagara-on-the-Lake.

Good results are expected from the organization of the women into a Women's Liberal Club. Mrs. Geo. S. Gibbons, vice-president, is a Federal candidate for the constituency of London. J. M. McVey is President of the Ontario Liberal Association and aims not only to look after the interests of London Liberals but to assist similar women's organizations in Western Ontario.

LOWER CALIFORNIA

Rugged and Barren, It Was Land of Fable and Adventure.

Lower California, once a land of romance and thrilling adventures, is one of the most sparsely populated of the Mexican republic, an area corresponding in size to the Atlantic coast peninsula of Florida, but nearly 700 miles long owing to its extreme length. Florida has more than 100 miles of coastline, while Lower California has more than 1,000 miles.

Varying in width from 10 to 100 miles, Lower California is a barren strip of land, with a rough backbone largely of virgin soil. For nearly 200 years a covet by the Spaniards it was to be an island.

The southern portion of the state has some rain, but the north is dry and arid, producing bacco, grapes, cassava and only after being thoroughly irrigated. The mineral resources are varied. Gold, silver, lead, salt, gypsum, turquoises, opals are profitably mined. The mines of La Paz were won by the Jesuits as early as 1700, after the famous padre, who established the first permanent settlement in the land.

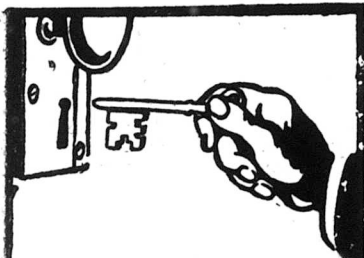
The magnificent Magdalena River, whose protected waters, a long and twelve miles wide, are the fleets of the American navy. The target practice years, was discovered by the Spaniards in 1539 with the age of exploration seeking and gold of the "Amazons."

Lower California has two large cities, with a population of 2,000, sixty-five miles by sea from San Diego, Cal., and La Paz, B.C., people, many of whom are of Spanish descent, which are among the most important in the world.

In addition to its pearls, Lower California has sponges, tortoiseshell, sperm whales, while in the bayous of the east coast crocodiles are to be found.

LADIES!

Don't throw away your straw hat because it is faded. A 25c. bottle of hair oil will make it good as new. Colors to choose from at V. Drug Store, sole agents for



The Key to the Situation

If you are looking for a situation a Classified Want Ad. is the key which will unlock the door to the private office of the business man. He is too busy to interview all promiscuous callers, but you can catch his attention and secure an appointment by a "Situation Wanted" ad.

Copyright 1917 by E. W. McCarty

Silo Stock

Cedar Posts and Stakes.

WALL BOARD
READY ROOFING

Shingles and Lath,
All Grades in Stock

ROBERT LIGHT, Richard Street.
Telephone 53. Napanee, Ont.





House in Opposition to Lam-
e, Liberal who is the sit-
er.
Macdonald, M.P.P., for
uce, has been speaking in
and under the auspices of
's Liberal Association of
He reviewed the 1917 leg-

t Toronto women, under
ship of Mrs. J. W. Bundy,
in educational and organ-
ork. They held an effective

In a Safe Place.
First Undergraduate—Have you tele-
graphed to the old man for money?
Second Undergraduate—Yes.
“Got an answer?”
“Yes. I telegraphed the governor.
‘Where is that money I wrote for?’ and
his answer reads, ‘In my pocket.’”—
Baltimore Sun.

Early Morning Talks.

Another Lie Nailed.

The American correspondent of the *Maasbode* of Rotterdam, who sailed from the United States on the steamer with Count von Bernstorff, writes an article protesting against reports of bad treatment by the Canadian authorities at Halifax of the former German Ambassador at Washington and members of his party. The writer is Chevalier Van Der Schueren, a Dutch nobleman, who is a relative of the Dutch Minister at the Vatican. He writes:

“It is a pity that Count von Bernstorff has given way to caricaturing the situation, but when he invokes the testimony of his non-German co-passengers, I am bound to state that while the protracted period of search at Halifax was tiresome business, it was made bearable by the incredible courtesy and willingness of the British staff charged with the search of the vessel, courtesy which was the subject of discussion by all the passengers.”

Germany has addressed a protest to the United States regarding alleged indignities suffered by members of the Bernstorff party at Halifax.

FORD CARS.

We have still a few Cars to sell at present prices. Place your order at once.

NAPANEE BICYCLE AND AUTOMOBILE WORKS.

Joy For a Policeman.

“After all,” remarked a policeman, “the life of a cop has some joy in it.”
“For instance,” suggested an elderly gentleman, who overheard the remark.
“Well, as a general thing, a policeman is kept so busy listening to the troubles of other people he has little time to think of his own.”—*Yonkers Statesman*.

Effect of Rats as Feed.

The *Lahore (India) Tribune* quotes a Chinaman's explanation of the use of rats for food purposes as follows:

“What a carrot is to a horse's coat a rat is to the human hair. Neither fact can be explained, but every horseman knows that a regimen of carrots will make his stud smooth and lustrous as velvet, and the Chinese, especially the women, know that rats used as food stop the falling out of hair and make the locks soft, silky and beautiful. I have seen it tried many times.”

Blackleg has broken out in several vicinities. You cannot be too particular in procuring fresh Vaccine. It's every farmer's duty to vaccinate the young stock and keep this much dreaded disease out of his locality. At WALLACE'S DRUG STORE you can procure the government standard Vaccine FRESH in sealed vials. No order too small or too large. We take care of quite a few club orders: Also the new one hand injector that never loses a pill—WALLACE'S, Napanee.

WRIGLEY'S

A New and Tempting Taste:



As toothsome as the name implies.

Delicious, long-lasting. The third of the Wrigley trio

st Toronto women, under
rship of Mrs. J. W. Bundy,
in educational and organ-
work. They held an effective
meeting in Sherbourne House.
Olive has been elected Pre-
the new St. Catharines Wo-
eral Association and Miss
ads a similar organization
a-on-the-Lake.
sults are expected from the
ion of the women of London
men's Liberal Club.
o. S. Gibbons, wife of the
ndidate for the city of Lon-
onorary President, and Mrs.
Vey is President. This Club
only to look after the in-
London Liberal women, but
similar women's organiza-
Western Ontario.

WER CALIFORNIA.

nd Barren, It Was Once a
of Fable and Adventure.

California, once a land of fan-
ce and thrilling adventure,
the most sparsely settled re-
he Mexican republic. It has
responding in size to that of
tic coast peninsula of Flor-
nearly 700 miles more coast
; to its extreme length of 700
orida has more than fourteen
many people.

in width from thirty to 150
wer California is a rugged,
ip of land, with a mountain-
one largely of volcanic ori-
nearly 200 years after its dis-
the Spaniards it was thought
land.

hern portion of the peninsula
rain, but the northern section
l arid, producing cereals, to-
pes, cassava and sugar cane
being thoroughly irrigated.
ral resources are valuable
l. Gold, silver, lead, copper,
im, turquoises, opals and gar-
profitably mined. The silver
La Paz were worked by the
early as 1700, three years
famous padre, Salvatierra,
d the first permanent Spanish
in the land.

gnificent Magdalena bay, on
otected waters, forty miles
twelve miles wide, the Pa-
of the American navy have
their target practice in re-
s, was discovered by Fran-
illoa in 1539 while on a voy-
ploration seeking the pearls
of the "Amazons."

California has two capitals—
ada, with a population of
y-five miles by sea from San
L, and La Paz, with 5,500
any of whom earn a liveli-
the port's pearl fisheries,
among the most important
ld.

ion to its pearl oysters the
f Lower California yield
rtoises, sperm and gray back
hile in the bayous and river
the east coast many alliga-
be found.

row away your last year's
because it is dingy and
25c. bottle of "Colorite"
it good as new. Eleven
choose from at WALLACE'S
e, sole agents for Napanee.

his answer reads, "In my pocket,"—
Baltimore Sun.

Early Morning Talks.

"He is always doing something that
causes a lot of talk."

"Why, I never heard any of it."

"He is the only one who hears it.
He is always staying out at night later
than his wife wishes him to."—Hous-
ton Post.

Wonderful Tree Roots.

The jand, a tree which grows pro-
fusely in the Indian Punjab, a very
dry region, is chiefly remarkable for
its very long tap root, which was
eighty-four feet in one remarkable
specimen and which descended verti-
cally sixty-four feet into the earth.

"I'll try" has not the genuine metal
ring. "I will" puts money into the pay
envelope.

The busy season has come. Write
or phone us your orders and we will
guarantee delivery by return mail.—
WALLACE'S Napanee's Leading
Drug Store.



Three of a kind
Keep them in mind

tasting. The
third of the
Wrigley trio
of refreshing
confections.

Good for teeth,
breath, appe-
tite, digestion.

Scaled Tight—
Kept Right!

Chew it after
every meal

MADE IN CANADA

ON SALE WHEREVER CONFECTIONS ARE SOLD

The Flavour Lasts!

JF-13

HEALTHFUL!

APPETIZING!

INVIGORATING!

White Label Ale



Makes Good Friends Everywhere

Possesses the delicious hop
flavor, the creamy head, the rich
amber color, brilliance, and body of
the older brew, which for more than
50 years held premier place among
Canadian ales. You will find it a
delicious beverage, suitable for all
occasions.

SERVE COLD

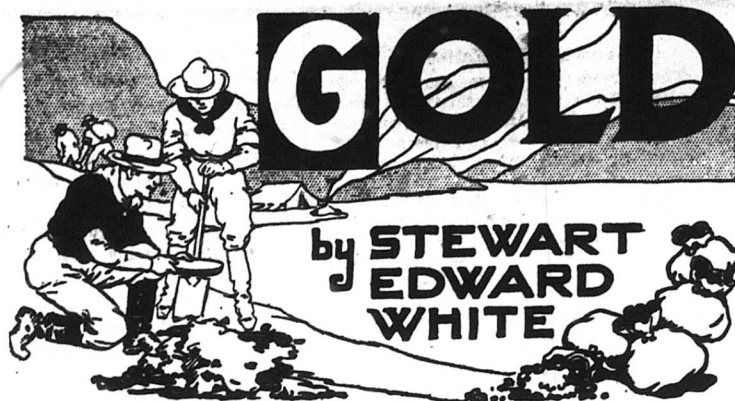
For Sale by all Dealers, Hotels and Cafes.

The Dominion Brewery Co. Ltd.

Made to meet the require-
ments of the Ontario
Temperance Act

Phone Main 333

Toronto, Ont.



Copyright, 1913, by Doubleday, Page & Co.

We arrived in Panama in the afternoon, and we were all eyes, for here was a city taken directly from the pages of the "Boy's Own Pirate." Without the least effort of the imagination we could see Morgan or Kidd or some other old swashbuckler, cutlass in teeth, pistols in hand, broadsashed, fierce and ruthless, rushing over the walls or through the streets, while the cathedral bells clanged wildly and women screamed. Everything about it was of the past, for somehow the modern signs of American invasion seemed temporary and to be blown away. The two story wooden houses with corridor and veranda across the face of the second story, painted in bright colors, leaned crazily out across the streets toward each other. Narrow and mysterious alleys led up between them. Ancient cathedrals and churches stood gray with age before grass grown plazas. And in the outskirts of town were massive masonry ruins of great buildings, convent and colleges, some of which had never been finished.

We stopped over one day at the Fonda Americano and then, realizing that we were probably in for a long wait, found two rooms in a house off the main street. These we rented from a native at a fairly reasonable rate. They were in the second story of a massive stone ruin whose walls had been patched up with whitewash. Outside the walls of the city was a large encampment of tents in which dwelt the more impecunious or more economical of the miners. Here too had located a large hospital tent. There was a great deal of sickness, due to the hardships of the journey, the bad climate, irregular living, the overeating of fruit, drinking, the total lack of sanitation. In fact, only the situation of the city—out on an isthmus in the sea breezes—I am convinced, saved us from pestilence. Every American seemed to possess a patent medicine of some sort, with which he dosed himself religiously in and out of season. A good many, I should think, must have fallen victims to these nostrums.

Each morning regularly we went down to harass the steamship employees. Roughly speaking, some 300 of us had bought through passage before leaving New York, and it was announced that only fifty-two additional to those already aboard could be squeezed into the first steamer. The other 248 would have to await the next. Naturally every man was determined that he would not be left.

who are here and have tickets. And then there will be a lot more."

"I'm for the sailing vessel," said Johnny. "They come in every week or two now, and if we can't make the first one we'll have a good chance at the second or the third."

Talbot looked at me inquiringly. "Sounds reasonable," I admitted. "Then we've no time to lose," said Talbot decisively and turned away toward the town.

Yank, who had listened silently to our brief discussion, shifted his rifle to his shoulder and followed. Shortly he fell behind, and we lost him.

CHAPTER VI. Off For the North.

WE accompanied Talbot in some bewilderment, for there was no ship in sight nor in prospect, and we could not understand any reason for this haste. Talbot led the way directly to the steamship office.

"I want to see Brown," he asserted, naming the chief agent for the company.

The clerk hesitated. Brown was an important man and not to be disturbed for trivial matters. But Talbot's eye could be very assured.

"What is your business with Mr. Brown?" asked the clerk.

"It is with Mr. Brown," said Talbot firmly, "and I may add that it is to Mr. Brown's own interest to see me. Tell him just that and that Mr. Talbot Ward of New York city desires an immediate interview."

The clerk was gone for some moments, to the manifest annoyance of a dozen miners who wanted his attention. When he returned he motioned us to a screened off private office in the rear.

"Mr. Brown will see you," said he. We found Brown to be a florid, solidly built man of fifty, with a keen eye and a brown beard. He nodded to us briefly and looked expectant.

"We three men," said Talbot directly, "hold three tickets on your line. We were not fortunate enough to get passage on the next steamer, and our business will not permit us to wait until the one after. We want our money back."

Brown's face darkened. "That is a matter for my clerks, not for me," he said curtly. "I was told your business was to my advantage. I have nothing to do with tickets."

"One minute," said Talbot. "There are between two and three hundred

den departure, except on the possible ground that Yank, realizing that now the party must split forces, had decided to seek new companions among those lucky enough to sail on the first steamer.

"Even then he needn't have been in such a hurry," complained Johnny a trifle bitterly. "And he needn't have thought we'd be in his way."

"Has he paid his share of the lodgings?" it occurred to me to ask.

We felt quite bitter against Yank, and we carefully avoided his usual haunts, for we did not want to meet him. Then we began to think it strange we had not run across him somewhere on the streets. Then we began to look for him. We found that Yank had disappeared!

At that, a little alarmed, we set ourselves to a serious search and inquiry. A few remembered to have seen him, but were vague as to when and where. The authorities moved sluggishly, and with little enthusiasm. Men were dying every day and disappearing underground, leaving no trace of themselves behind. One more or less seemed unimportant.

In the meanwhile we spent much of our time by the shore, together with a comfortable majority of our fellow argonauts, awaiting the sighting of a vessel. We had engaged and paid daily a boatman to be in readiness to take us off, and we settled our lodgings account a week ahead.

"There's going to be a scramble for that blessed ship," said Talbot, "and we'll just be prepared."

To that end we also kept our effects packed and ready for instant removal.

The expected ship came, of course, on one of these dull gray days, and those who had thought themselves unlucky in being crowded out of the huts were the first to sight her. They sneaked down very quietly and tried to launch two of the boats. Of course the native boatmen were all inside; trust them! As a high surf was running, and as none of the men were in any sense good boatmen, they promptly broached to and filled. The noise brought us to the door.

Then there was a fine row. One of the two boats commandeered by the early birds happened to be ours. All our forethought seemed to have been in vain. The bedraggled and crest-fallen men were just wading ashore when we descended upon them. Talbot was like a raving lunatic.

"You hounds!" he roared. "Don't you dare try to sneak off! You catch hold here and help empty these boats! You would, would you?" He caught one escaping worthy by the collar and jerked him so rapidly backward that his heels fairly cracked together. Johnny flew to the combat with a chuckle of joy. I contented myself by knocking two of them together until they promised to be good. The four we had colared were very meek. We all waded into the wash where the boat lay sluggishly rolling. It is no easy matter to empty a boat in that condition. Water weighs a great deal; is fearfully inert, or at least feels so, and has a bad habit of promptly slopping in again. We tugged and heaved and rolled and hauled until our joints cracked, but at last we got her free.

In the meantime forty other boats had been launched and were flying over the waves halfway between the

HEALTHIEST IN THE F

No Sign Of Dropsy And Kidney
Since Taking "FRUIT-A"



HATTIE WARRE

Port Robinson, Ont., July

"We have used 'Fruit-A' in our house for over three years. We always found them a good thing. Our little girl, Hattie, was suffering from Kidney Disease. The Doctor threatened with Dropsy and body were all swollen and she could not live. We decided to try 'Fruit-A' and began to show improvement given her a few tablets. In a few days the swelling had all gone and flesh began to look more normal. She is the healthiest one in the family and has no signs of the disease. We can not say too much for 'Fruit-A' and would never give it up."

WILLIAM V

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, try it. At all dealers or sent direct on receipt of price by Fruit-A to Ottawa.

"Oh, for heaven's sake, cried Talbot.

If he had been a little less miserable we probably would have quarreled. As it was, we humped over and motioned Manuel to return to our boat's head turned, down under the bow of the other. To avoid the sweep of Manuel held us as closely under the bowsprit. We were above us. Looking up we were bending over the rail.

We stared at him, our minds so astonished that for a moment we did not even think of cheering. Then we came back in a flash. Yank yelled at us, at back at him, but so great a crash of waters and the wind that we could make nothing of it. Then Yank, motioning us to where we were, disappeared after a short interval with trumpet.

"Have you got your boots?" he roared.

We shook our heads and arms.

squeezed into the first steamer. In other 248 would have to await the next. Naturally every man was determined that he would not be left for such a delay in such a place at the time of a gold rush was unthinkable. The officials at the steamship office had no easy time. Each man wanted first of all to know just when the ship was to be expected, a thing no one could guess. Then he demanded his accommodations and had a dozen reasons why his claim should be preferred over that of the others. I never saw a more quarrelsome, noisy dog kennel than that steamship office. Why no man was ever shot there I could not tell you.

In the evening the main street was a blaze of light, and the byways were cast in darkness. The crowd was all afoot and moved restlessly to and fro from one bar or gambling place to another. Of the thousands or so of strangers we came in time to recognize by sight a great many. The journey home through the dark was perilous. We never attempted it except in company, and, as Johnny seemed fascinated with a certain game called Mexican monte, we often had to endure long waits before all our party was assembled.

One morning our daily trip to the steamship office bore fruit. We found the plaza filled with excited men, all talking and gesticulating. The much tired officials had evolved a scheme for deciding which fifty-two of the 300 should go by the first ship.

By next morning the transportation officials had worked it out. We could not all get into the office, so the drawing took place on the plaza outside. As each man's name was called he stepped forward, showed his ticket and was allowed to draw a slip from a box. If it proved to be a blank he went away; if he was lucky, he had his ticket vised on the spot. Such a proceeding took the greater part of the day, but the excitement remained intense. No one thought of leaving even for the noon meal.

Yank drew passage on the first steamer. Talbot, Johnny and I drew blanks.

We walked down to the shore to talk over the situation.

"We ought to have bought tickets good on this particular ship, not merely good on this line," said Johnny.

"Doesn't matter what we ought to have done," rejoined Talbot a little impatiently. "What are we going to do? Are we going to wait here until the next steamer comes along?"

"That's likely to be two or three months—nobody knows," said Johnny. "No; it's in six weeks, I believe. They tell me they've started regular trips on a new mail contract."

"Well, six weeks. If we stay in this hole we'll all be sick, we'll be broke, and in the meantime every ounce of gold in the country will have been picked up."

"What's the alternative?" I asked. "Sailing vessel," said Talbot briefly. "That's mighty uncertain," I objected. "Nobody knows when one will get in, and when it does show up it'll be a mad scramble to get to her. There's a mob waiting to go."

"Well, it's one or the other. We can't walk, and I don't see that the situation is going to be much better when the next steamer does get here. There are a couple of hundred to crowd in on her, just counting those

your business was to my advantage. I have nothing to do with tickets."

"One minute," said Talbot. "There are between two and three hundred men in this town each of whom bought a ticket from your company in New



"We want our money back."

York in the expectation, if not the understanding, that they were to get through passage immediately."

"No such thing was expected or guaranteed," interposed Brown abruptly.

"Not guaranteed nor expected by you—by us, yes."

"I cannot argue that matter. I have no further time for you. Good day." And Brown once more reached his hand toward his bell.

"Suppose," said Talbot softly, leaning forward, "I should put it into the heads of those 300 men that they ought to get their passage money back?"

Brown's hand stopped in midair.

"They are large, violent, armed men, and they are far from pure home influences," went on Talbot mockingly. "Here's a sample of them," said he indicating my huge frame. "And there are a thousand or so more not directly interested, but dying for excitement."

"Are you trying to intimidate me, sir?" demanded Brown.

"I am just stating conditions."

"You are threatening me."

"Ah, that is different," said Talbot Ward.

Brown sat lost in thought for some moments. Then he reached forward and at last struck the bell.

"Let me have your tickets," he commanded us shortly.

He indorsed them and handed them to the clerk, together with a written order. We all sat in absolute silence for perhaps five minutes. Then the clerk returned with a handful of gold. This Brown counted over and shoved across to Talbot. The latter also counted it and thrust it in his pocket.

"Now," said Brown, with something approaching geniality, "I am counting on your honor to say nothing of this outside. I am gambling on your evident class in life at home."

"You have our promise, and it will be kept," said Talbot.

At our place we found that Yank had not returned. At first we thought nothing of this, but about dusk we found that all his belongings had disappeared.

We could not understand this sud-

denly change in the meantime forty other boats had been launched and were flying over the waves halfway between the shore and the ship.

Talbot was swearing steadily and with accuracy. Johnny was working like a crazy man. I was heaving away at the stern and keeping an eye on our involuntary helpers. The boatman, beside himself with frantic excitement, jabbered and ran about and screamed directions that no one understood. About all we were accomplishing now was the keeping of that boat's head straight against the heavy wash.

It seemed as though we tugged thus at cross purposes for an hour. In reality it was probably not over two or three minutes. Then Talbot regained sufficient control to listen to the boatman. At once he calmed down.

"Here, boys," said he, "ease her backward. You, Johnny, stand by at the bow and hold her head on. Frank and I will give her a shove at the stern. When the time comes I'll yell, and you pile right in, Johnny. Vamos, Manuel!"

We took our places, the boatman at the oars, his eyes over his shoulder watching keenly the in-racing seas.

The four dripping culprits looked at each other uncertainly, and one of them started to climb in the boat.

"Well, for God's sake!" screeched Talbot and made a headlong bull rush for the man.

The latter tumbled right out of the boat on his back in the shallow water. His three companions fled incontinently up the beach, where he followed them as soon as he could scramble to his feet.

Manuel said something sharply, without looking around.

"Shove!" screeched Talbot. "File in, Johnny!"

We bent our backs. The boat resisted, yielded, gathered headway. It seemed to be slipping away from me down a steep hill.

"Jump in!" yelled Talbot.

I gave a mighty heave and fell over the stern into the bottom of the boat. Waters seemed to be crashing by, but by the time I had gathered myself together and risen to my knees we were outside the line of breakers and dancing like a gull over the smooth broad surges.

Ships could anchor no nearer than about a mile and a half offshore. By the time we had reached the craft she was surrounded by little boats bobbing and rubbing against her sides. She proved to be one of that very tubby, bluff bowed type then so commonly in use as whalers and freighters. The decks swarmed black with an excited crowd.

We rowed slowly around her. We were wet and beginning to chill. No way seemed to offer by which we could reach her decks save by difficult clambering, for the gang ladder was

surrounded ten deep by empty boats. A profound discouragement succeeded the excitement under which we had made our effort.

"The deuce with her!" snarled Johnny. "There's no sense going aboard her. There's enough on deck now to fill her three times over. Let's get back where it's warm."

"If I run across any of those fellows in town I'll break their necks!" said I. "What makes me mad?"—continued Johnny.

you?" he roared.

We shook our heads and wailed.

"Go get it!" he ordered.

We screamed something but "Go get it!" he repeated: drew his head entirely.

We rowed back to town. It was no longer necessary to return to the beach where we had sighted the ships. Johnny indulged in much excited speech but Talbot refused to show emotion.

"He's there, and he's evidently gaged us passage, and he's aboard to claim it," said that's all we can know now, enough for me."

Yank met us at the top of the way and assisted us in getting baggage aboard. Johnny appeared him with questions, to vouchsafed no answer. When paid off the boatman he led down a hatch into a very near the bows. A dim lantern to and fro. Through the could make out a dozen bundled.

"They call this the fo'c's'le Yank placidly. "Crew sleep. This is our happy home. Else full up. We four," said a little flash of triumph, about the only galeots of the billing at Panama that gets She's loaded to the muzzle, that's come away around the her, and the only reason she in here at all is to get a n um-a-jig of some sort that she or busted or something."

"Well, I don't like my ha while she wabbles so," said "I'm going to be seasick, as for heaven's sake. Yank, tell you came from and all about make it brief, for I'm going sick pretty soon."

He lay down in one of the closed his eyes.

"You'd much better come into the fresh air," said Talbot.

"Fire ahead, Yank, please Johnny."

"Well," said Yank, "when that steamer ticket it struck somebody might want it a than I did, especially as you drew blanks. So I hunted who was in a hurry and sold for \$500. Then I hired on sail rigged fishing boats at grub for a week and went out to sea five or six miles."

Johnny opened one eye.

"Why?" he demanded feeling "I was fidgeting on meeting ship that came along a little the crowd got at her," said "And judging by the gang ladder, just left, I should think I gered just right."

"You bet you did," put in phatically.

"It must have been mighty comfortable cruising out there in boat so long," said I. "I wish men would stick."

"I paid them and they ha Yank grimly.

"Why didn't you let us in asked.

SHILO
quickly stops coughs, cures cold
the throat and lungs.

THIEST ONE THE FAMILY

**Dropsy And Kidney Trouble
making "FRUIT-A-TIVES"**



HATTIE WARREN
son, Ont., July 8th, 1915.
re used "Fruit-a-tives" in
or over three years and have
id them a good medicine.
rl, Hattie, was troubled with
ease. The Doctor said she
ned with Dropsy. Her limbs
are all swollen and we began
could not live. Finally, we
try "Fruit-a-tives". She
w improvement after we had
ew tablets. In a short time,
had all gone down and her
to look more natural. Now
healthiest one in the family
signs of the old ailment.
say too much for "Fruit-a-
would never be without

WILLIAM WARREN.
s, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c.
lers or sent postpaid on
ice by Fruit a-tives Limited,

heaven's sake shut up!"

t.
been a little less cold and
we probably would have
As it was, we merely
er and motioned the aston-
ied to return to the shore.
head turned, we dropped
the bow of the ship. In
oid the sweep of the seas
i us as closely as possible
owsprit. We heard a hall
Looking up we saw Yank
er the rail.
l at him, our mouths open,
ed that for a moment we
n think to check the boat.
ame back in a clumsy cir-
velled at us, and we yelled
n, but so great was the
aters and the whistling of
ve could make out nothing.
e, motioning us to remain
ere, disappeared, to return
t interval with a speaking

u got your baggage with
ared.
our heads and waved our

"What for? It was only a one man
job. So then I struck this ship and
got aboard her after a little trouble
persuading her to stop. There wasn't
no way of making that captain believe
we'd sleep anywhere we could except
cash, so I had to pay him a good
deal."

"How much?" demanded Talbot.
"It came to two hundred apiece. I'm
sorry."

"Glory be!" shouted Talbot. "We're
ahead of the game. Yank, you long
headed old pirate, let me shake you
by the hand!"

"I wish you fellows would go away,"
begged Johnny.

Thus at last we escaped from the
isthmus. At the end of twenty-four
hours we had left the island of Tobago
astern and were reaching to the north.

CHAPTER VII. The Golden City.

WE stood in between the hills
that guarded the bay of San
Francisco about 10 o'clock
of an early spring day. A
fresh cold wind pursued us, and the
sky above us was bluer than I had
ever seen it before, even on the isth-
mus. To our right some great rocks
were covered with seals and sea lions,
and back of them were hills of yellow
sand. A beautiful great mountain rose
green to our left, and the water be-
neath us swirled and eddied in numer-
ous whirlpools made by the tide.

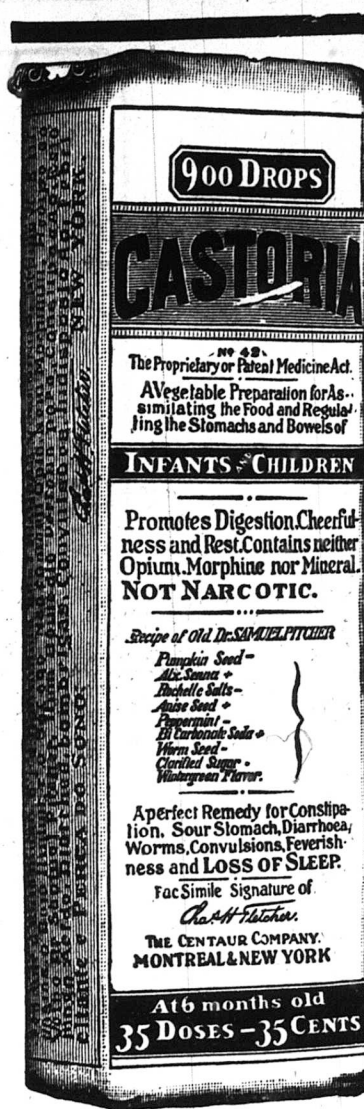
Everybody was on deck and close to
the rail. We strained our eyes ahead
and saw two islands and beyond a
shore of green hills. None of us knew
where San Francisco was located, nor
could we find out. The ship's com-
pany were much too busy to pay at-
tention to our questions. The great
opening out of the bay beyond the
long narrows was therefore a surprise
to us. It seemed as vast as an inland
sea. We hauled to the wind, turning
sharp to the south, glided past the bold
point of rocks.

Then we saw the city concealed in a
bend of the cove. It was mainly of
canvas, hundreds, perhaps thousands
of tents and canvas houses scattered
about the sides of hills. The flat was
covered with them, too, and they ex-
tended for some distance along the
shore of the cove. A great dust borne
by the wind that had brought us in
swept across the city like a cloud of
smoke. Hundreds and hundreds of
vessels lay at anchor in the harbor, a
vast fleet.

We were immediately surrounded by
small boats and our decks filled with
men. We had our first sight of the
genuine miners. They proved to be as
various as the points of the compass.
Big men, little men, clean men, dirty
men, shaggy men, shaven men, but all
instinct with an eager life and energy
I have never seen equaled.

They addressed us eagerly, asking
a thousand questions concerning the
news of the outside world. We
could hardly answer them in our de-
sire to question in return. Were the
gold stories really true? Were the dig-
gings very far away? Were the dig-
gings holding out? What were the
chances for newcomers? And so on
without end, and the burden always
of gold, gold, gold!

We were answered with the enthu-
siasm of an old timer welcoming a



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

**Mothers Know That
Genuine Castoria**

**Always
Bears the
Signature
of**

Dr. H. H. Fletcher
**In
Use
For Over
Thirty Years
CASTORIA**

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

We looked about for some sort of
conveyance into which to dump our
belongings. Apparently none existed.
Therefore we piled most of our effects
neatly above high tide, shouldered our
bundles and started off up the single
street.

The street was, I think, the worst I
have ever seen anywhere. It was a
morass of mud—sticky, greasy mud—
of some consistency, but full of water
holes and rivulets. It looked ten feet
deep, and I should certainly have ven-
tured out on it with misgivings. And
yet, incongruously enough, the surface
ridges of it had dried and were lifting
into the air in the form of dust. This
was of course my first experience with
that common California phenomenon,
and I was greatly astonished.

An attempt had been made to supply
footing for pedestrians. Bags of sand
had been thrown down, some rocks, a
very few boxes and boards. Then our
feet struck something soft and yield-
ing, and we found we were walking
over hundred pound sacks of flour
marked as from Chile. There must
have been many hundred of them. A
man going in the opposite direction
sidled past us.

mouthed and gasping, but seemed to
attract not the slightest attention from
anybody else. We encountered a num-
ber of men dressed alike in suits of
the finest broadcloth, the coats of
which were lined with red silk and the
vests of embroidered white. These
men walked with a sort of arrogant
importance. We later found that they
were members of that dreaded organi-
zation known as the Hounds, whose
ostensible purpose was to perform vol-
unteer police duty, but whose real ef-
fort was toward the increase of their
own power. These people all surged
back and forth good naturedly and
shouted at each other and disappeared
with great importance up the side
streets or darted out with equal busi-
ness from all points of the compass.

We tacked across to the doors of the
Parker House. There after some search
was made we found the proprietor.
He, too, seemed very busy, but he
spared time to trudge ahead of us up
two rickety flights of raw wooden
stairs to a loft, where he indicated
four canvas bunks on which lay as
many coarse blue blankets.

Perhaps a hundred similar bunks oc-
cupied every available inch in the lit-

our heads and waved our
"he ordered.
ied something back at him.
"he repeated and with-
ad entirely.

back to town. It was no
sary to return to the ex-
where we had waited to
hips. Johnny and I in-
much excited speculation,
refused to show curiosity.
e, and he's evidently en-
assage, and he grants us
claim it," said he, "and
can know now, and that's
ne."

us at the top of the gang-
sisted us in getting our
ward. Johnny and I pep-
to questions, to which he
to answer. When we had
boatman he led the way
ch into a very dark hole
rs. A dim lantern swayed

Through the murk we
out a dozen bunks.

"Is this the fo'castle," said
ly. "Crew sleeps here.
happy home. Everything

We four," said he, with
h of triumph, "are just
nly galoots of the whole
anama that gets passage.
to the muzzle with men
away around the Horn in
only reason she stopped
ll is to get a new thing-
ome sort that she had lost
something."

on't like my happy home
ables so," said Johnny.
be seaisick, as usual. But
sake, Yank, tell us where
om and all about it. And
f, for I'm going to be sea-
son."

"n in one of the bunks and
es.
h better come up on deck
h air," said Talbot.
d, Yank, please!" begged

ld Yank, "when I drew
ticket it struck me that
ight want it a lot more
especially as you fellows

So I hunted up a man
t hurry and sold it to him
hen I hired one of these
ishing boats and laid in
eek and went cruising out
six miles."

ned one eye.
demanded feebly.
ering on meeting any old
me along a little before
ot at her," said Yank.
g by the gang's remarks
t, I should think I'd fig-
ht."

ou did," put in Talbot em-
ave been mighty uncom-
ing out there in that little
"said I. "I wonder the
tick."

m and they had to," said
t you let us in on it?" I

We were answered with the en-
thusiasm of an old timer welcoming a
newcomer to any country. Gold, plenty
of it. They told us in breathless
snatches the most marvelous tales.
One sailor had dug \$17,000 in a week.
Another man, a farmer from New



"Plenty more where they came from!"
cried the man.

England, was taking out \$5,000 to \$6,-
000 daily. They mentioned names and
places. They pointed to the harbor
full of shipping. "Four hundred
ships," said they, "and hardly a dozen
men aboard the lot! All gone to the
mines!" And one man, snatching a
long narrow buckskin bag from his
pocket, shook out of its mouth to the
palm of his hand a tiny cascade of
glittering yellow particles—the dust!
We shoved and pushed, crowding
around him to see this marvelous sight.
He laughed in a sort of excited tri-
umph and tossed the stuff into the air.

The breeze caught it and scattered it
wide. A number of the little glitter-
ing particles clung to my rough coat,
where they flashed like spangles.

"Plenty more where that came
from!" cried the man and turned away
with a reckless laugh.

Filled with the wine of this new ex-
citement, we finally succeeded in get-
ting ashore in one of the ship's boats.

We landed on a flat beach of deep
black sand. It was strewn from one
end to the other by the most extraor-
dinary wreckage. There were levers,
cogwheels, cranks, fans, twisted bar
and angle iron in all stages of rust and
disintegration. Some of these machines
were half buried in the sand. Others
were tidily laid up on stones as though
just landed. They were of copper,
iron, zinc, brass, tin, wood. We re-
cognized the genus at a glance. They
were, one and all, patent labor saving
gold washing machines, of which we
had seen so many samples aboard ship.
At this sight vanished the last remains
of the envy I had ever felt for the
owners of similar contraptions.

have been many hundred of them. A
man going in the opposite direction
sidled past us.

"Cheaper than lumber," said he brief-
ly, seeing our astonishment.

"I'd hate to ask the price of lumber,"
remarked one of our ship's compan-
ions, with whom and a number of oth-
ers we were penetrating the town.

We walked on flour for a hundred
feet or so and then came to cook
stoves. I mean it. A battalion of
heavy iron cook stoves had been laid
side by side to form a causeway.
Their weight combined with the traf-
fic over them had gradually pressed
them down into the mud until their
tops were nearly level with the sur-
face. Naturally the first merry and
drunken joker had shied the lids into
space. The pedestrians had now ei-
ther to step in and out of fire boxes or
try his skill on narrow ledges. Next
we came to a double row of boxes of
tobacco, then to some baled goods and
so off on to solid ground.

When we had gained the dry ground
near the head of the street we threw
down our burdens for a rest.

"I'll give you \$10 for those pineap-
ples," offered a passerby, stopping
short.

Our companion quickly closed the
bargain.

"What do you think of that?" he de-
manded of us wide eyed and in the
hearing of the purchaser.

The latter grinned a little and hailed
a man across the street.

"Charley," he yelled, "come over
here!"

The individual addressed offered
some demur, but finally picked his
way across to us.

"How do you like these?" demanded
the pineapple purchaser, showing his
fruit.

"Jerusalem!" cried Charley admir-
ingly. "Where did you get them?
Want to sell 'em?"

"I want some myself, but I'll sell
you three of them."

"How much?"

"Fifteen dollars."

"Give 'em to me."

The first purchaser grinned openly
at our companion.

The latter followed into the nearest
store to get his share of the dust
weighed out. His face wore a very
thoughtful expression.

We came shortly to the Plaza, since
called Portsmouth square. At that
time it was a wind swept, grass grown,
scrubby enough plot of ground. On
all sides were permanent buildings.
The most important of these were a
low picturesque house of the sun dried
bricks known as adobes, in which, as
it proved, the customs were levied; a
frame two story structure known as
the Parker House and a similar build-
ing labeled "City Hotel." The spaces
between these larger edifices were oc-
cupied by a dozen or so of smaller
shacks. Next door to the Parker House
stood a huge flapping tent. The words
El Dorado were painted on its side.

The square itself was crowded with
people moving to and fro. The solid
majority of the crowd consisted of
red or blue shirted miners, but a great
many nations and frames of minds
seemed to be represented.

We saw the wildest incongruities of
demeanor and costume beside which
the silk hat, red shirted combination
was nothing. They struck us open

many coarse blue blankets.

Perhaps a hundred similar bunks oc-
cupied every available inch in the lit-
tle loft.

"How long you going to stay?" he
asked us.

"Don't know; a few days."

"Well, \$6 apiece, please."

"For how long?"

"For tonight."

"Hold on!" expostulated Talbot. "We
can't stand that, especially for these ac-
commodations. At that price we ought
to have something better. Haven't you
anything in the second story?"

(To be Continued.)

In Military Hospitals.

The latest return of Canadian pa-
tients in hospitals in the United
Kingdom, received in Ottawa gives
a total of 19,459 on April 20, in-
cluding 583 officers. The total had
fallen from its highest level, 20,256
on October 20, 1916, to 14,165 on
April 6. The total for April is made
up thus: In Canadian primary hos-
pitals, 3,180; in Canadian special
hospitals, 1,658; in Canadian con-
valescent hospitals, 3,986; in special
sanatoria, 82; and in British hospi-
tals, 10,553.

The latest return of men on the
strength of the Military Hospitals
Commission command in Canada
showed a total of 5,952 on April 30.
The total on April 15 was 5,677, hav-
ing risen to that point from 2,404 at
Christmas. The latest total is made
up of 3,562 in-patients and 2,390
out-patients. Included in the total
are 1,130 men who have not been
overseas. At the convalescent homes
on April 30 there were 2,220 over-
seas and 381 camp men; while the
convalescent out-patients numbered
1,934 overseas and 447 camp men.

There are 631 patients in the san-
atoria for tuberculosis, with eight
out-patients; 414 of the total being
overseas men and the remaining 225
camp men. The total of 5,952 is
completed by 331 men in other in-
stitutions.

A Doukhobor Enterprise.

"The Christian Community of Uni-
versal Brotherhood, Ltd.," is the
name of a million-dollar corporation
which has been granted a Dominion
charter. It is evidently a new Douk-
hobor enterprise, for among its in-
corporators is Peter Verigin, one of
the leaders of the Doukhobor com-
munity, and its head office is at
Verigin, Sask. Its chief object, as
set forth in its charter, is "to carry
on agricultural pursuits and to man-
ufacture the products of the farm,
the mine and the forest."

Great Athlete Killed.

Another great athlete has paid the
supreme sacrifice in France in Jack
("Rufus") Ryan, the star Ottawa
outside wing of six years ago. Word
has been received in Ottawa that this
great footballer, hockeyist, and pad-
dler has passed away. Few better
outside wings were developed than
Ryan, and the "sorrel top" was al-
ways a great favorite with everybody.
The season that he and Stronach oc-
cupied the outside positions Ottawa
had the best pair in the game that
year.

SHILOH
coughs, cures colds, and heals
lungs. 25 cents.

Shiloh
The family remedy for Coughs and Colds.
Small dose. Small bottle. Best since 1870.

POULTRY TALKS.

One of the surest evidences of strength and vigor in a fowl is a sturdy appearance and determined movement.

Hens that have been tightly housed during the winter should be accustomed to going outside gradually.

When hens get scaly around the head and neck and feathers break off and fall out, try an ointment of equal parts of sulphur and lard.

Early hatched pullets lay the most eggs.

Incubators should be thoroughly cleaned and disinfected before the eggs are put in.

DUCK RAISING HINTS.

Information as to Incubation and Feeding of Young Ducklings.

Unless one has the best kind of an incubator and has had experience in artificial hatching it would be better to use hens for raising ducks, says an Iowa poultryman. We get the best result from duck eggs when they are sprinkled once the first week, once the second week and every other day until they are pipped. The eggs are often pipped two or three days before they are hatched, but do not disturb them until the hatch is complete. We run our incubators a day or more before putting the eggs in at a temperature between 101 and 102 degrees. We keep it at this temperature with the thermometer bulb even with the middle of the eggs for the first three weeks, the fourth week between 102 and 103 degrees.

Perhaps more ducklings die from getting chilled than anything else. Take from the incubator and place in a basket well lined and covered with a woolen cloth. Never remove from the incubator until you can have the room real warm; place in a brooder that you have previously warmed up to 100 degrees.

Do not feed until forty-eight hours old, but they should have water from the first. Fountains should be so that they cannot get into the water, but should be large enough so that they can immerse their nostrils and eyes.



ORCHARD AND GARDEN.

Order a few autumn bearing strawberries to furnish fruit next fall. Progressive is a good variety.

Currants and gooseberries may be set out this spring. A few plants of a good red variety will well repay the effort of their care.

Plant at least a half dozen new perennials in the border this year. Pick them out now and get the seed or be ready to order the plants.

Don't be sparing of manure on the garden. We expect large crops from a small area and hence must supply plenty of plant food which may be quickly made use of by plants.

Place plenty of broken pottery, stones or charcoal in the bottom of the pot or box in which seed is sown. Good drainage is needed in the seed box as well as for the growing plant.

SHEEP EASILY KEPT.

Consume More Roughage and Less Grain Than Other Classes of Stock.

Sheep will return a greater profit for each dollar invested than any other class of live stock, in the opinion of A. M. Paterson, instructor in animal husbandry in the Kansas State Agricultural college. For this reason farmers should give more attention to the sheep industry.

None of the disadvantages, the most important of which are dogs, parasites



SOUTHDOWN WETHER.

and disease, should discourage the flockmaster. Proper care and management will control and largely eliminate these troubles. The flock that has to rustle for itself is the one that is hit the hardest by these pests. With a little feed and attention the sheep will be in a more healthful condition and return enough profit to pay for the extra feed and attention.

Sheep produce two cash crops a year—wool in the spring and lambs in the fall. They can be grown and maintained upon a greater percentage of roughage and a smaller percentage of grain than any other class of live stock. They will clean up the weeds from the farm and convert other rough feeds into a marketable product.

As a source of fresh meat which is wholesome in character and flavor a

Poultry Farming

EGGS FOR HATCHING.

Important That Only These Well Formed and Normal Be Selected.

The importance of selecting none but well formed eggs for hatching purposes cannot be overestimated, writes H. A. Roberts in the Philadelphia Ledger. Not only is this essential to the actual hatching capacity of the eggs, but it goes a long way toward flock improvement generally. Eggs which are well shaped and normal are almost certain to produce chickens which will later mature and lay well shaped eggs, consequently the poultryman is enabled to



BIDDY AND HER FLOCK.

secure better prices for his products by reason of their uniformity and superior quality.

Select the eggs of a medium size and an average as to color and shape. By that we mean let the selection be governed by the average product of the hen or breed rather than by some arbitrary standard. Eggs that would be considered abnormally large on one farm might be considered medium size on another plant, or even small on a third. Discard all eggs which are unusually long, too round, flattened on one side, elliptical, wedge shaped and those which have any excrescence or ridge. Monstrosities cannot be expected to hatch.

The ideal hatching egg is the really "egg shaped" specimen, nicely rounded at one end, with a gradual taper to the other and having a firm shell of good texture, free from bumps, corrugations and other imperfections. Avoid eggs with very thin shells or exceedingly thick shells or those with invisible cracks. A good plan is to sound each egg as it is selected by tapping it gently with a lead pencil or with one's finger nail. We have seen eggs with

Why "Anuric" INSURANCE Against Sudden

Before an Insurance Co. take a risk on your life the physician will test the urine whether you are a good or your kidneys get sluggish you suffer from backache, ache, dizzy spells, or the pains of lumbago, rheumatism, gout. The urine is often of sediment; channels of sediment; channels of sleep is disturbed times a night. This is it should consult some physician experience—such as Dr. P. Invalids' Hotel and Surgic Buffalo, N. Y. Send him sample package of his "Anuric." Write him you and send a sample of urine. Experience has taught Dr. "Anuric" is the most powerful in dissolving uric acid, it melts sugar; besides being harmless it is endowed with properties, for it preserves in a healthy condition by cleansing them. Being so more active than lithia, it heart valves of any sandy which may clog them and degeneration of the blood well as regulating blood. "Anuric" is a regular ins life-saver for all big meat eaters who deposit lime-salts in. Ask the druggist for "Anuric" by Dr. Pierce, in 50-cent

STRENGTH AND BE

Come with Dr. Pierce's Golden Discovery. This is a blood alternative that starts the liver into vigorous action. It the body to manufacture it which feeds the heart, nerve organs of the body. The smoothly like machinery run. You feel clean, strong and instead of tired, weak and fai

A DAINTY FRO

For Afternoons at the Be. One Piece.

White georgette crape p white taffeta and cut o straight lines gives thi



PEKING DUCK.

This is necessary to wash away particles of feed. Their eyes may become sore if not kept clean. Change the water each time you feed. Feed regularly five times a day flaked oatmeal or stale bread soaked in water and squeezed as dry as possible and from this feed gradually change to the following mash:

Two measures bran, one measure cornmeal and one measure oatmeal. Beef scrap and green feed are also very good. Keep sand before them at all times. Sifted oyster shells and charcoal are also very good.

After three weeks old the feed can be changed to cracked corn and wheat and can be fed three times a day. Ducklings are easily raised if given proper feed and care and after five weeks old are the most hardy of all domestic fowls. At this age if the weather is warm they may be allowed to swim. They will also do better if chickens are kept out of their yards.

Breeds That Lay White Eggs.

Minorcas, Anconas, Houdans, Hamburgs, Campines, Andalusians, Redcaps, Spanish, Polish, La Fleche, Dorkings and Buttercups lay white eggs. These fowls are not named in the order of their productiveness, however, for the reason that it is impossible to do so. Laying qualities are not a matter of variety or breed, but of a particular strain or flock. Individuals in all varieties have made some wonderful records. It is a question of breeding them for heavy egg production, the same as you would breed race horses for speed and cows for butter fat.

Age of Breeding Roosters.

Always breed from mature stock; full development is essential. Many breeders prefer to use a four-year-old male in robust health rather than an immature or undersize young bird. A male's value is really twofold, remember; he must produce fertility and he must transmit his own desirable qualities. As a general rule two or three years is the limit of profitable usefulness of fowls as they are bred today.

Remove Spurs From Old Males.

Spurs on old males very often become quite a problem. It is a great mistake to allow them to grow so long. Better dehorn them; it is a comparatively simple operation. Use a fine saw, preferably a hack saw, and cut off the spurs within a half inch of the leg, never closer than this. Heat a knife blade until red hot and cauterize the ends to check any flow of blood and to prevent infection.

Insure Oats Against Smut.

Last season the value of the oats crop was increased over \$29,000 through the larger yield due to the treatment of seed oats for smut in six Ohio counties. Smut may or may not cause a big loss to the oats crop this year. However, it costs but a few cents an acre, including time and materials, to treat the seed with formalin. Many farmers recognize this practice as cheap insurance. Detailed information concerning the treatment of oats for smut may be had from the Agricultural college extension service, Columbus, O.

As a source of fresh meat which is wholesome in character and flavor a flock of sheep is the best. This fresh meat is the most healthful class of meat because fewer sheep are condemned than any other class of live stock.

FREE TIMOTHY SEED.

New Variety Sent to Farmers by Ohio Experiment Station.

Arlington timothy, a new variety grown by the United States department of agriculture at its timothy breeding station, Elvira, O., since 1908 in co-operation with the experiment station at Wooster, is now being distributed free among farmers in the state. Comparative lateness of maturity gives a new variety an advantage over common timothy.

With regard to seeding, fertilization, harvesting and yields, Arlington differs little from ordinary timothy at the government farm. Since it matures about five days later under ordinary conditions, the harvest season is extended several days, which often is an advantage to many farmers.

Orders applying to the experiment station at Wooster will be sent twenty pounds, or sufficient to seed two acres. All the station asks of the farmer is that next year a report be given of its yield of seed or of hay and maturity as compared with an equal acreage of the ordinary timothy grown in his community.

Origin of Foxe's "Book of Martyrs."

Foxe's "Book of Martyrs" was published in March, 1652, as the "Actes and Monuments" of the martyrs, a title borrowed from an earlier book, says the London Chronicle. The famous volume might never have appeared at all but for the association of Foxe with the printer Day of Aldersgate street, in whose business Foxe took an active part. On the tombstone of Day in the church of Little Bradley, Suffolk, the partnership is thus immortalized:

He et a Fox to writ how martyrs runne By death to lyfe. Fox ventured paynes and health To give them light. Daye spent in print his wealth.

Even in those days the alien problem troubled industry, for we find Foxe appealing to Cecil to relax the law and permit his friend Day to engage more than four foreign printers.

He Stood the Test.

"What assurance have I that you do not wish to marry me merely for my money?" demanded the heiress.

The impecunious suitor drew himself up proudly.

"Money is nothing to me," he sneered. "I shall be happy in the prospect of never earning a cent in my life, so long as I have you."

And, having put him to the test, she was supremely content.

Transparent Salt.

In the island of Santo Domingo there is a remarkable salt mountain—a mass of crystalline salt, nearly four miles long, estimated to contain nearly 90,000,000 tons, and the crystallized salt is said to be so clear that medium sized print can be read through a block a foot thick.

egg as it is selected by tapping it gently with a lead pencil or with one's finger nail. We have seen eggs with cracked shells hatch, provided the cracks were sealed in some way with adhesive, but as a rule it does not pay to bother with them. Cracks mean excessive evaporation or ruptured blood vessels.

There is a commonplace that round eggs will hatch pullets and long eggs cockerels. This is a notion and should not be taken seriously. The shape of an egg is influenced entirely by the contour of the oviduct in which it is cast and has nothing to do with the egg in its embryo. For further proof of this we observe that the hen laying a long egg or round egg will continue to lay the form peculiar to her with very little variation, providing she is not frightened or injured in any way.

BREEDING FOR EGGS.

Select Cockerels That Are Always Ready to Fight, Says English Expert.

The best cockerels for breeding layers are the ones that fight without provocation, says Tom Barron, the noted English poultry breeder. It takes physical strength for a hen weighing but four pounds to produce a two ounce egg a day for 200 or 225 days a year. He also will tell you that the source of strength for this tremendous task lies in the fighting cockerel, with which the mother of the hen is mated. The mother furnishes the habit and the father the stamina. The combination furnishes double the amount of eggs in twelve months that come from the ordinary hit or miss method.

Such fine physical power is an absolute essential, again, when an attempt is made to push egg production to unusual limits. It takes superior endurance for a hen to lay eggs more than 200 days a year. The fighting cockerel again furnishes the power of endurance demanded. The breeder of laying hens is well on the way to exceptional success, according to Barron, when he is raising fighting cockerels from eggs laid by big egg producing hens and breeding these cockerels with hens from an entirely different strain of heavy egg producers.

Rearing Turkey Poults.

Keep the young poults out of the wet grass. With this exception give them as much range as they desire. Feed only on dry feeds—small grains or ground grains. A little meat may be fed to advantage if they do not have free access to a supply of bugs and insects, but a very small quantity is sufficient. Sour milk is very beneficial, and they may be given all they will consume. Watch for lice. Keep them off the poults at any cost.

"Movie" on Seed Corn Testing.

Would you like to see a motion picture film illustrating a seed corn testing demonstration? The College of Agriculture at Columbus, O., has produced such a film and is lending it for use in local picture theaters without cost to communities desiring it. The film also explains the work of boys' corn clubs conducted by that institution. Another film describing the work of boys' and girls' pig clubs of the College of Agriculture and including pictures of the winners who received free trips to attend farmers' week at Columbus will also be sent if desired.



UP TO DATE.

gown. Huge medallions embroidery break the lon and afford the cuffs. Co buttons closes the neck, a are piped.

Overheard In Vege

"Your heart is like a do Peter Pumpkin.

"Why so?" spoke Mr. Tr

"Because it's farthest fro replied Peter.

Riding a Wooden

It is related that the c very popular toy seen here vention of a man who w his wife to make a toy to amuse their only boy. So



ABOARD A KIDDY K

busy and the popular toy sult. Before his invention for a small wage per day, t little boys and girls all ov try demand his invention b rich, and the little boy w in an auto.

Children C
FOR FLETCHER'
CAST OF

"Anuric" is an INSURANCE st Sudden Death.

an Insurance Company will : on your life the examining will test the urine and report ou are a good risk. When eyes get sluggish and clog, from backache, sick-head- / spells, or the twinges and lumbago, rheumatism and e urine is often cloudy, full at; channels often get sore is disturbed two or three ght. This is the time you sult some physician of wide —such as Dr. Pierce of the Hotel and Surgical Institute, . Y. Send him 10 cents for ckeage of his new discovery, Write him your symptoms a sample of urine for test. has taught Dr. Pierce that is the most powerful agent ng uric acid, as hot water r; besides being absolutely it is endowed with other for it preserves the kidneys by condition by thoroughly hem. Being so many times e than lithia, it clears the es of any sandy substances / clog them and checks the on of the blood-vessels, as regulating blood pressure. is a regular insurance and r all big meat eaters and those it lime-salts in their joints. uggest for "Anuric" put up ice, in 50-cent packages.

NGTH AND BEAUTY
Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical. This is a blood cleanser and hat starts the liver and stom- gorous action. It thus assists o manufacture rich red blood the heart, nerves, brain and the body. The organs work ke machinery running in oil. ean, strong and strenuous in- ed, weak and faint.

DAINTY FROCK.
oons at the Beach Is This One Piece.
orgette crape put up over eta and cut on youthful nes gives this fetching



THIS WORK DRESS.

What Small Girls Will Wear to School Soon.
Cerise is a popular spring shade, so this gown is fashioned of cerise and white blocked gingham cut one piece



ALL READY.

and trimmed with pique pipings and a diagonally piped belt. A black velvet bow tie has a quite grownup effect.

A Cheap Dessert.
Take half dozen bananas, slice them into a deep dish, squeeze the juice of half a lemon over them, covering them with water and half cupful of sugar. Stir them with a dessert spoon, place in ice chest one hour before using. They are good without going on ice.

Keep the Machine In Repair.
Think for a moment. A man who would no more run his motorcar on deflated tires or with sand in the gear box than he would use sulphuric acid for motive power will keep going right on at his business when the tread of his own physical mechanism is flattening out and the gear box of his mind is filling with the wrong kind of grit. The impatient optimism that shakes off a vague oppression with the assurance "I'll be all right tomorrow" has had as much to do with lengthening out the list of bankrupts as any other thing that could be named. You can't correct a bad condition by persisting in the things that cause it. You will only make it worse. You can easily enough, if you are obstinate enough, make it so much worse that it will "be the death of you," or, anyway, put you out of business.

HOW TO KEEP WELL

BY JOHN W. S. McCULLOUGH, M.D., D.P.H., CHIEF OFFICER OF THE PROVINCIAL BOARD OF HEALTH.

THE EYE.

THE HUMAN EYE is a wonderful instrument, but under the trying conditions of modern life it often fails to meet the demands put upon it, and serious trouble of all sorts results because we do not help out by getting glasses to supply Nature's defects.

Particularly at the time when children begin their school life, the new and difficult uses made of the eye often bring on eye strain and a host of resultant disorders.

The signs of beginning eye strain may vary in different cases. At first only a slight fatigue may be noticed after reading or sewing.

DO YOU NEED GLASSES
The eyes may water easily or the eyeball may become bloodshot or the eyelids red. Some persons whose eyes are overtaxed show it by nervousness and others by drowsiness after the eyes have been used. Headaches of all sorts and even attacks of vertigo may be merely the symptoms of eye trouble.

The eye has a remarkable power, called the power of accommodation. When you look from a distant object to one nearby you notice that it takes a few seconds to focus the eye so that you can see it clearly. Little muscles are contracting and changing the shape of the eye to adjust it to the different distances somewhat as you change the focus of a camera according to the nearness of the object to be photographed. If the eye is abnormal in any respect these muscles have to work too hard, and, even though we may by this unconscious effort be able to see clearly, yet the strain is present. In such case we are seeing by a constant effort, while if glasses were provided to correct the defect of vision thy would do this work and save us the strain.

A careful and thorough examination of the eyes should be made by a competent person. Many a miserable hour would be saved if this were done in time.

Because of defective eyesight a child may be dull, fretful, and backward in school, without anyone guessing the reason. An examination of the eyes reveals serious defects; these are corrected by proper glasses, and the effect is most marked. The child appears happier, makes good progress in his studies, and takes his rightful place in the school community.

Glasses or no glasses, there are some things that cannot be done with the eyes except at grave peril. Too little light strains the eyes, and so does too much. A direct glare right in the face is quite as bad as a room that is too dim to see properly. For reading, sewing, or other work which requires close and accurate vision the light should be clear and steady and should come from above and behind.

EARACHE is a common and distressing trouble in young children. It often occurs in connection with winter colds and in the course of measles and scarlet fever; it is due to an infection of the middle ear, the poisonous germs being carried from the throat up the little passage called the Eustachian tube to the middle portion of the ear just inside the ear-drum. In other cases it occurs in children who have adenoids and large tonsils. In cases of earache which are severe and which may easily be neglected because the mother may not know the danger, the ear-drum may burst from the pressure of mucus inside it and the child is left with a running ear. This is often difficult to cure. In other cases the infection may spread to the cells or honeycomb of bone in the mastoid bone behind the ear and necessitate an operation. These bad results may frequently be prevented by a timely puncture of the drum, which at once gives relief and soon clears up the case. In an earache of any severity or where the pain lasts over a day or so, always call in a competent physician or an ear specialist, and give your child the best chance possible. In mild cases relief may be given by putting a few drops of warm olive oil in the ear and a hot water bottle outside.

2.—Responsibility for Disinfection. J.D., Smith's Falls.

Q.—Who pays the expenses of disinfection after a case of contagious disease?

A.—This question is answered by Sections 29 and 62 of the Public Health Act.

BELGIUM'S QUEEN

Lives Unattended by Her Ladies

front, but would walk with a limp to his dying day.

"He spoke of the queen as of the dearest loved member of his family. 'She is a real queen,' he said. 'She cares for the poor and the suffering. I even saw her once, and she smiled at



of you, or, anyway, put you out of business.

Catalogue Your Books.

Have you ever made an alphabetical list of the books in your library? Why not do it? Either by title or author, but better by both. A blank book will answer, but cards are better for the purpose. It is a great joy to watch the number grow and the only practical way to know just what you have on your own shelves. Thoreau called books "the treasured wealth of the world," and it were well for us to know at least how much of this treasure we possess.—Exchange.

Why Plates Are Round.

All our plates are circular in shape. Now, a square or oval plate would be just as convenient. Is there any reason why plates should be of their present shape? It seems that if we dip into the far past we may discover the cause. Our remote ancestors ate their food off flat pieces of wood cut from a tree trunk. The tree trunk being cylindrical in shape, the earliest plates were therefore roughly circular, and the shape has been used ever since.

He Had the Real Kick.

"Don't seem to be a very good day for fish," remarked the man on the bank to the angler who had sat for four hours without a nibble. "Oh, I don't know," replied the fisherman calmly. "I don't see why the fish should complain. I'm the one who ought to kick."

A Boning Process.

Legs and loins of lamb and mutton are the meats ordinarily boned. The butcher will do it, but if it must be done at home wipe the meat and with a sharp knife scrape the meat from the bone, being careful not to cut through the skin. To bone birds, chickens or turkeys, select undrawn birds, with head and feet left on. Remove pin feathers and singe. Draw tendons from legs by making an incision just below the knee joint, and with a strong skewer draw the tendons out one at a time. Loosen the skin near the feet and cut off the feet. Make an incision through the skin from the neck to the tail the entire length of the backbone. Scrape the flesh from the bones until the shoulder blade is found, then scraping around the wing joint. Scrape down the backbone to the thigh, then around the second joint and leg, cutting tendonous portion when necessary. When one side of backbone is boned, bone the other, then remove flesh from breastbone on either side of bird. When flesh is all separated from bone discard carcass, wipe flesh and skin and arrange in original shape. The birds may be seasoned and broiled or stuffed, sewed into shape and steamed.

Macaroni and Cheese.

Cook macaroni in boiling water until it becomes tender, salted to taste. Drain off water, make a white sauce from butter, flour, milk and seasoning. Add macaroni to white sauce, also grated cheese to taste. Pour into buttered baking pan, cover top with bread-crumbs and bake until crumbs become a golden brown. This makes a delicious dish when served piping hot.

Lives Unattended by Her Ladies In Waiting Now.

RECEIVED A NEW YORK GIRL.

Albert's Brave Lady Lives Within Sound of the Big Guns and Spends Her Days Visiting the Soldiers In Hospitals and Cheering Her People. Miss Carita Spencer of New York, having spent much time in Belgium doing relief work, was recently received by the Queen of Belgium at La Panne and gives this interesting account: "La Panne, where the king and queen live, is a charming channel village, a bright dot of color along the shore, about three-quarters of a mile in length and sandy. There is a long row of houses, with a hotel at one end, which is now used as a hospital by Dr. Delage, the noted Belgian surgeon, and at the other end a group of slightly more pretentious villas, where the king and queen and their court officers



ELIZABETH OF BELGIUM.

live and work. They put in a long, hard day's work day in and day out, week after week and month after month. "The queen, in her simple dignity and great devotion to the people of her adoption, spends her days working with and for them, visiting hospitals, cheering the men, bringing presents to the kiddies and in everything she does never forgetting the personal touch and the word of heartfelt sympathy for each patient. "When one meets with her and talks to her—so simple, so direct, so earnest—one feels that the idealized character of this woman is her real character. I always shall remember the smile of happiness that overspread the face of my chamberman at the little hotel in Calais when I told him I was on my way to see his queen. He had been wounded and could not go back to the

care for the poor and the suffering. I even saw her once, and she smiled at me, when I wore my uniform and croix de guerre. "Since the fighting has become heavy near La Panne—the town is often bombarded—the queen was not willing that any of her ladies in waiting should experience such dangers and so was living in the little villa unattended. "She sent me to visit the various orphanages, one in particular, her favorite, where much of the equipment has been donated by children in America wanting to help their little brothers across the sea. One dormitory in particular was filled with beds, over each of which was the name of the American child who gave it. "There were lots of babies so small they could barely toddle. It was the cutest sight imaginable to come with a box of chocolates and stand on the steps of the asylum yard and call to them as you would to a bunch of little chickens. Then to see them rush pell-mell, falling over each other, each eager to get his own piece of candy."

Cozy Living Room.

When planning for the living room of simplicity don't forget the wicker or rattan hourglass chair. We have learned their infinite possibilities for charm by their successful use in the studios of artists and on the well-furnished porch. From these two uses it is merely a step to the small and unconventional living room. One of these chairs, supplied with a pillow, will be an addition.

About Blouses.

There is a decided vogue for dark silk blouses in stripes and plaids. They are most decidedly smart, but they are not very becoming to most women. Not only do they lack any touch of redeeming white at the neck, but they are cut on the most severe lines.

Fashion Cues.

A frock that is very picturesque is made of yellow satin, and on the front of the bodice is embroidered a basket of flowers. Another frock for afternoon wear is a flesh pink georgette crape embroidered with bright blue glass beads.

Corn of Guatemala.

Guatemala's annual corn production amounts to about 6,000,000 quintals of 104.4 pounds each. This suffices for domestic consumption only, as corn is the most important food in that country. Beans rank next in importance as a national food.

Golden Weddings.

"But, papa, things have changed since you were young." "Yes, they have. Folks used to wait fifty years for a golden wedding, but now they demand it at the start."

Her Gain.

Mrs. Jones—Does your husband remember your wedding anniversary? Mrs. Smith—No; so I remind him of it in January and June and get two presents.—Harper's Bazar.

Dangerous Moonlight.

Moonlight, most intense sometimes causes sore eyes in Cuba, and the natives navigate and perambulate with umbrella and paraluna.

UP TO DATE.
Iuge medallions of Chinese y break the long waist line l the cuffs. Cord over twin oses the neck, and all seams

verheard In Vegetown.
cart is like a dog's tail," said apkin.
e?" spoke Mr. Tree.
e it's farthest from the bark," ster.

ding a Wooden Steed.
lated that the common and lar toy seen here was the inf a man who was urged by o make a toy to please and sir only boy. So the man got



BOARD A KIDDY KAB.
the popular toy was the re- ore his invention he worked l wage per day, but now that and girls all over the coun- d his invention he has grown the little boy will soon ride

**ldren Cry
R FLETCHER'S
STORIA**

THE MARKET MEAT SHOP

Your Choice of Meats

here is bound to be satisfactory, as we handle only prime qualities. Even the most inexperienced can buy meats with safety for the same reason. We invite you to give them a trial. You'll find that our prices are as low as any and lower than many.

WE HAVE—Swift's Sealite Bacon—a Special Package put up for shipment Overseas. Guaranteed to keep for a year under any conditions.

E. R. TODD, Proprietor

'Phone 121.

—FOR NEW FRESH—

**Garden Seeds,
Early Peas and
Early Corn,**

—Try—

FRANK H. PERRY.

Dundas St., Opposite Royal Hotel
Phone 130.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP

HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.

**Everything Neat and Sanitary.
Best of Service Guaranteed.**

GIVE US A CALL.

ANGUS THIBAULT,

Licensed Auctioneer.

Prince Edward County and Lennox and Addington.

TERMS REASONABLE

For full information inquire of Edward Thibault, of the Beverly McDonald Grocery Store, or phone 272, Picton. 47-3m

SPENCER & ROSE

**We have a full Car of
Buggies and**

Dominion Day celebration at Napanee, Monday, July 2nd.

Fred Wilson shipped last week, two car loads of Hogs and Cattle to Montreal.

Garden Seeds. Flowers or Vegetables, you need them now. Buy at JUDSON'S.

\$825 in prizes for Horse Races, Base Ball, Kingston, Victoria and Belleville, Ontario. Motor Cycle Races, etc.

Capt. Polmateer, in charge of the steam barge, John Rendal, arrived in the harbor Saturday noon with a load of egg and stove coal for F. E. VanLoven.

Douglas & Co. will remove their office and business about the first of July to the premises on John street, recently occupied by Jas. Fitzpatrick as a grocery.

On account of rain the band did not give a concert in the Park on Friday evening last, but weather permitting they will give a concert this Friday evening.

Mr. Peter Pappas has rented the store lately occupied by Mr. A. E. Paul, on Dundas street, and will remove his ice cream parlor there and be ready for business about the middle of July.

Inspector Corkill has secured a Circular from the Education department, instructing him to advise all school trustee boards to deduct 2½ % from the salaries of all teachers to pay their superannuation rates.

At the County Council on Friday last, after discussing the County House of Refuge matter all week, a committee were appointed to examine available sites, secure options and report at the November Session.

On page one of this issue will be found an adv. in reference to the fire alarm system of the town. Parents would do well to read this to their small boy. The older boy will also do well to read it and abide thereby.

GRACE METHODIST CHURCH

Rev. W. D. P. Wilson will preach both morning and evening.

9.30 a.m.—Class Meeting.

11.45 a.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.

Monday, 8.00 p.m.—Young peoples meeting.

Wednesday, 8.00 p.m.—General Prayer and Praise Service.

Thursday, 3 p. m. — Meeting of Ladies' Aid in Parlor of Church.

Dominion Day celebration at Napanee, Monday, July 2nd.

Word was received on Tuesday morning that Pte. Daniel Ferguson had been killed in action in France. Pte. Ferguson joined the 80th Batt. at Napanee and became a first-class soldier. The community will sympathize with his mother in the loss of her only son.

If you need a spring tonic to relieve that tired feeling, or to build you up after an attack of la grippe, get a bottle of Rexall Special Cod Liver Oil with malt and hypophosphites. Guaranteed to give results or your money back. For sale in Napanee at WALLACE'S Drug Store Limited.

Our townspeople would do well to remember this fact. When an alarm is sent in from a fire box do not run away before the firemen arrive because they have no means of locating the trouble when it is so far away from the box. A few minutes lost by the firemen in hunting for the trouble might mean the loss of hundreds of dollars, by giving the fire a good start.

KEEP YOUR CAR CLEAN.

The best in Chamois and Sponges at WALLACE'S, and the prices are right.

ROPE.

Pure Plymouth Manilla Rope, lighter, stronger, wears longer, costs no more. Ask for Pure Manilla, ply-mouth, take no substitute. Sold at BOYLE & SON'S. 29 t-f

Automobile Tires.

We have just received a full line of tires made by the best makers. We are prepared to fit your car with tires at any catalogue prices, and guarantee satisfaction.

W. J. NORMILE.

THE NEW GROCERY.

Buy your Pineapples now while cheap and good. Oranges, bananas, and all kinds of fruit. Fresh Strawberries nearly every day.

J. W. BOYES,

Phone 236

John St.

Wanted Hogs and Calves.

Will ship, Monday, June 25th, and will pay the highest Montreal market price for hogs and from 8c. to 11c. for veal calves. Highest market price for all kinds of cattle.

Telephone 226

FRED WILSON.

BIRTHDAY SUPPER.

The Ladies' Aid of Trinity Church, will serve a birthday supper in the Dining Hall, on Thursday, evening, June 28th. Admission—Members of Congregation, a birthday offering—Visitors 25c. Serving to commence at 6 o'clock. A cordial invitation to all.

**BUTTERICK
PATTEI**

We now keep in stock well known patterns, taken over the agency from A. E. Paul. We are also agents for.

Parker's Dye W

THE REASO

Our customers express satisfaction over our Made-to-Order Clothing because of the Quality and Wearing Qualities, care in the making.

JAMES WALTER

Merchant Tailoring, . . .

ST. ANDREWS' CHU

(PRESBYTERIAN.)

Rev. A. J. Wilson, B. pastor.

10.30 a. m.—Morning service
11.45—Sunday School
Classes.

7.00 p.m.—Evening service
The pastor will preach at times.

ST. MARY MAGDALENE C

Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M. Services at S. Mary Church :

8.00—Holy Communion.
10.30—Morning Prayer.
12.00—Sunday School.
7.00—Evensong. Sermon—7
7.00—Evensong. Sermon
would John the Baptist
day ?

PLYMOUTH BINDER TWIN.

Soaring and very scarce what you want and do it, you need any. BOYLE & SON

Cheese Board.

On Friday last 1530 white colored cheese were boarded, sold at 21½ cents, and 475 cents. Balance unsold.

RAFFLE OF FORD COUPEL

Tickets for the Ford Coupe \$1.00 each, may be had from I. Maybee, Wallace's Drug & the Robinson Co. Limited. in aid of the Red Cross So

THE CANADIAN ROCKIES.

The best and newest section highest peaks are seen transcontinental trains of the Canadian Northern Railway leave to every Monday, Wednesday day. For attractive booklets tickets, and full information, R. E. McLean, Station Agent, McLaughlin, City Agent

Buggies and Spring Wagons.

WE ALSO SELL

Brantolas, Karn-Morris and Heintzman Pianos.
Kitchen Cabinets, Fanning Mills, Beitz's Goods including Stable Outfits, Hay Forks, Churns, Power Washers, Etc.
Brantford Wind Mills.
Gasoline and Coal Oil Engines, Grinders and Scales.
A full line of McCormick Machinery, new and second hand.
DeLaval and Lilly Cream Separators, Etc.
John Goodson Thrashing Outfits
Several 14 h.p. portable Steam Engines rebuilt for silo filling.
Dawson Ditch Diggers.

Call and Get Our Prices

12-6-m

HOMEMADE CANDY

The most Delicious Confectionery to be had in Napanee.

FRERH MADE EVERY DAY.

Ice Cream and Hot Drinks.

P. PAPPAS

'Phone 208
The Candy Store.

HOMESSEEKER'S EXCURSIONS

LOW RETURN FARES TO WESTERN CANADA

ONCE A WEEK

Convenient Service. Modern Electric Lighted Equipment
Tourist Sleeping Cars and Colonist Coaches

For Tickets, Reservations, Literature and Information, apply to
R. E. McLEAN, STATION AGT. or E. McLAUGHLIN, TOWN AGT.
Or write R. L. Fairbairn, G.P.A., 68 King St. E., Toronto.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

would do well to read this to their small boy. The older boy will also do well to read it and abide thereby.

One of the aeroplanes from Mohawk Camp came down on Mr. H. Hunter's farm on Wednesday morning on account of engine trouble. Three other machines arrived in a short time and assisted the first machine to get going again.

Mr. Paul Killorin this week has had installed in his barber shop on John street, a complete new bath outfit. He is also having the interior of his shop painted and renovated. Paul always was "a tidy cuss," and believes in having everything in first-class shape.

Mr. Chas. Conger's auto received a bad scorching by fire on Friday evening about eleven o'clock. He was filling the tank with gasoline at Anderson's garage when in some manner an explosion occurred and set fire to the machine. The fireman were called and put the fire out. The damage will amount to about \$150.00.

Tuesday about noon the fireman were called out by an alarm sent in from box 26, located at the English Church corner. After some little time the cause for the alarm was found to be at the home of Mrs. Harold Brown, on Mill Street, two streets south from the fire alarm box, where a coal oil stove had caught fire and caused slight damages to the kitchen. Several men had the fire extinguished before the alarm was sent in.

A change has been made in the condition of affairs at the fire hall. In the past the fire hall had been left open and was made fine use of by the public, and consequently the fire appliance were often found out of place when needed. To-day the fire hall is locked up tight. In the big front door an opening has been made into which a glass has been inserted. In case of fire anyone can easily smash this glass, reach the arm in through the opening, and lift the bar which locks the doors. All the other doors may then be easily opened. The public will do well to make a note of this.

June is the month for Buffalo moths—you can destroy them all with a bottle of Wallace's Moth Destroyer. Sold only at WALLACE'S Drug Store

Buy your boy a Bicycle, Stock complete. Prices right. W. J. NORMILE.

visitors 200. Serving to commence at 6 o'clock. A cordial invitation to all.

12 JULY AT NAPANEE.

The Committee in charge of the arrangements are busy completing arrangements for the big celebration here on July 12th. A number of the surrounding places which were to have celebrations have cancelled their arrangements and Napanee will likely have a record crowd.

LOW FARES TO WESTERN CANADA

If you are going west take advantage of the low Homeseekers' Excursion Fares offered by the Canadian Northern Railway. Good leaving Toronto every Monday. For literature and all information apply to R. E. McLean, Station Agent; or E. McLaughlin, City Agent. 28-c

Business Men Work On Road.

A goodly number of the members of the Lennox and Addington Motor League put in their first summer half holiday fixing up the road from the corporation limits at Vine's corner to Mink's bridge. Nearly twenty teams of horses were on the job, drawing the stone and ballast with a volunteer gang, from Napanee and Newburgh, manning the shovels at the pits. On the road another gang were ready with hammers and shovels to break and spread the stone and ballast and the town roller was ready to roll it down. A nice stretch of road was well gravelled and ballasted, making a great improvement in that much used stretch of road. The teams were supplied by Napanee people and by the farmers living along the road. There were a lot of sore hands and tired backs on Thursday morning, but the Motor League are in earnest in their work and next week another bad piece of road will be fixed up and the business men of Napanee are not afraid to take off their coats and do a few hours work a week to help us to have passable roads.

All kinds of Chick Food for sale at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

WEDNESDAY HALF HOLIDAY.

We, the undersigned merchants of Napanee, agree to close our respective stores at the hour of 12 o'clock noon each Wednesday beginning June 20th, 1917, and each Wednesday thereafter until the end of August, 1917, to give our employees an opportunity to assist in the work of greater production.

Dated Napanee, June 14th, 1917.
J. L. Boyes & Son, A. E. Lazier, John Paisley, James Walters, J. J. Haines, The Graham Co., F. Chinnick, R. W. Smith & Bro., Frank H. Perry, J. N. Osborne, J. A. Vandewater, F. S. Scott, The Beverly McDonald Co. (J. P. Wilson), R. J. Wales, J. M. Graham, W. T. Gibbard, R. M. Reid, Boyle & Son, T. D. Scrimshaw, Weiss Bros., Paul & Clancy, Harry M. Scott, Madole Hardware Co., Edward Graham, Dossie & Co., Amos S. Kimmerly, W. Davis, The Fair, Wilson Bros., W. T. Waller, J. G. Fennell, McIntosh Bros., The Robinson Co'y., Limited, H. W. Kelly, L. A. Scott, W. VanDusen, G. S. Naylor, M. B. Judson, Fred A. Perry, V. Cowling, J. P. Ellison, M. Saad, Spencer & Rose, Spencer & Rose, implements, S. Casey Denison, Jas. H. Craig, T. Windover, E. R. Todd, Mark Pizzarello, H. Ming, M. L. Allingham, D. J. Hogan, Paul Killorin, G. W. Boyes, Chas. Switzer, R. B. Allen.

Pineapples, Oranges, Bananas, Asparagus, Onions, at JUDSON'S.

day. For attractive booklets, tickets, and full information, R. E. McLean, Station Agent, McLaughlin, City Agent.

MOTOR RACES.

At the Motor races at Mich., recently Act Klein, dr Briscoe car won the time trier the mile in 52 1-5 Klein also won the class race feated eleven other makes of cluding the Hudson, Super Yercier, National, Maxwell, Special Case, Buic and man. The Briscoe can be turned a 9 feet less space than any c in the world. E. L. VanLuv anee, sells the Briscoe.

SPECIAL.

The Gibbard Fur Co's warerooms are Saturday nights and invite the public to ir their large and sp selected stock of l ture. Automobilist be specially welc Toilets and Wash with towels to r yourselves after drive in the dust. and visit us.

A tube of Elcays Rat Pa save your chickens from t Sold only at WALLACE'S Dr Limited.

LEAVING NAPANEE.

Rev. C. E. Cragg, B.A., v served Grace Church for the l years as Pastor, farewelled day last. A large congregat present to hear him on the of his parting address. He sp the words "Be strong, and courage." The choir gave a ful selection for their Anth Solos were rendered by M Conachie, Miss Grace McMill Miss Grace Oliver. Their s being very suitable to the The Orchestra was present ar several soul stirring selectio cial mention is made of the Mrs. B. Black, for the inter took in the musical part of vice. After the service in t torium, the friends of Mr. Cr asked to repair to the schoo for the purpose of bidding a The room was taxed to many not being able to gain sion. Chas. Stevens, Esq., w to the chair where the meet organized. Mr. and Mrs. Cra invited to the platform, wh Symington, Esq., was called speak the Good-bye, which h a very happy way after w presented Mr. Cragg with a l gold and Mrs. Cragg with a ful music cabinet. Mr. Cragg for the purse presented a Cragg in her most happy at tiest manner for the cabine which Mrs. Black presiding. Piano, all joined in the sin "Blest Be the tie that binds closing a very happy and s three years pastorate. The be of the entire community him for a greater usefulness a new field of labor in the far an Ambassador of Jesus Chr

Mail your Blackleg Vaccine WALLACE'S Drug Store, Full information FREE to e tomer.

ERICK PATTERNS

Keep in stock those worn patterns, having the agency from Mr. J. L. We are also acting for.

's Dye Works.

E REASON

Customers express satisfaction our Made-to-order is because of their Fitting Qualities, due to e making.

ES WALTERS,

Tailoring, Napanee.

DREWS' CHURCH

RESBYTERIAN.)

J. Wilson, B. A., B. D.,

—Morning service.
day School and Bible

—Evening service.
will preach at both ser-

MAGDALENE CHURCH

H. Coleman, M.A., Vicar
at S. Mary Magdalene

Communion.
ing Prayer.
lay School.
ong. Sermon—That
song. Sermon—what
the Baptist preach to-

BINDER TWINE.

nd very scarce. Secure
ant and do it early if
BOYLE & SON. 29 t-f

last 1530 white and 1095
se were boarded. 635 were
ents, and 475 at 21 5-16
ee unsold.

FORD COUPELET.

the Ford Coupelet, at
may be had from Mrs. C.
Wallace's Drug Store, and
Co. Limited. Proceeds
e Red Cross Society.

DIAN ROCKIES.

nd newest sections, and
ks are seen from the
tal trains of the Cana-
n Railway leaving Toron-
day, Wednesday and Fri-
tractive booklets, through
full information, apply to
n, Station Agent; or E.
City Agent. 28-c

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH

Rev. C. W. DeMille, B.A., Minister.
10.30—Flower Sunday. Special pro-
gram. The Sunday School gathers at
10.
9.45—Morning Class.
6.30—Organ Recital.
7.00—Evening Worship.
Prayer Service is announced on Sun-
day.
Thursday, 8.00—Choir practice.

PERSONALS

Mrs. Jas. Daly is home from Buffalo
where she spent the winter.

Miss Anna Anderson, Nurse-in-train-
ing at Hahnemann Hospital, Roches-
ter, N. Y., is spending her vacation
with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas.
Anderson.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Sherwood have
opened their summer home at Syden-
ham for the season.

Lieut. Douglas Ham went to Hamil-
ton on Tuesday to spend a week with
his cousin, Mr. Arthur Rowe.

Dr. and Mrs. Cameron Wilson and
family have taken Mrs. Carson's Cot-
tage at Sans Souci for the season.

Mrs. W. J. Young is visiting friends
at Northport.

Miss Murphy, Ottawa, spent last
week the guest of Mrs. A. L. Dafoe.

Mrs. J. Charles, Yarker, spent a
couple of days this week with Mrs.
E. J. Pollard.

Mrs. Frank Stevens has returned
from England.

Mrs. G. S. Murray and three child-
ren, Hamilton, are guests of Mrs. J.
B. Miller.

Miss Locklin is holidaying at her
home in Prince Edward County.

Mr. and Mrs. F. F. Miller received
news on Monday that Mr. Miles Mil-
ler had been promoted to Major and
received the Military Cross.

Miss Blanche Caton, Toronto, is
the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. R.
Lott.

Mrs. Turner, of Prockville, spent the
past couple of weeks the guest of Mr.
and Mrs. Manson Stevens.

Rev. and Mrs. Cragg left on Thurs-
day for their new home in Leith-
bridge, Alberta.

Messrs. Jack Birrell and Geo. T.
Walters attended C. O. F. Grand
Lodge at Hamilton this week.

Messrs. U. M. Wilson, A. Chin-
neck, R. J. Dickinson and J. N.
Osborne attended District Lodge
I.O.O.F. at Tamworth on Wednesday.

Miss Sarah Bowen spent the week-
end with Miss Lottie Storrington at her
home in Forest Mills.

Lieut. Douglas Ham returned last
week after spending 10 days in Tor-
onto, Guelph and other places.

Messrs. F. E. VanLuven and P.
Gleeson spent a few days last week
in Toronto.

Mr. Milford Dupree has purchased
Mrs. F. H. Carson's residence on the
Newburgh road.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Wallace are
spending the week in Montreal.

Mr. G. B. Curran has rented the
Bottrell house on Dundas street.

W.C.T.U. CONVENTION.

The eighth annual W.C.T.U. County
Convention of Hastings, Lennox and
Addington, will be held in Deseronto,
Tuesday and Wednesday, June 26th
and 27th 1917. Morning and evening
sessions in Methodist Church. After-
noon in Presbyterian Church.

TUESDAY MORNING.

9.30 o'clock.

Opening Exercises.
Nomination of Committees.
Reports of Officers.
Evangelistic—Mrs. T. A. Dunwoodie.
Flower, fruit and delicacy—Mrs. R.
Templeton.

Moral Education and Mother's meet-
ings—Mrs. M. J. Bennett.

Parlor Meetings—Mrs. Jas. Douglas.
Law Enforcement and legislation—
Mrs. T. Hatton.

Franchise—Miss M. Vandyke.
Secretary of Loyal Temperance Le-
gion—Miss L. Randier.

Anti-Narcotics—Mrs. O. N. Rock-
well.

Medal Contests—Miss Edna Farley.
Scientific Temperance—Mrs. R. Gra-
ham.

Temperance in Sabbath Schools—
Mrs. H. Sagar.

Press—Mrs. M. Parks.

Sailors, Soldiers, Lumber Camps
and Missionary—Mrs. M. S. Madole.

Noon-tide Prayer—Mrs. E. A.
Stevens, Prov. Pres.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

2.30 o'clock.

Devotional Exercises—Mrs. T. J.
Johnston.

Address—County President.
A discussion—"Why study Parlia-
mentary Law"—led by Mrs. T. Sym-
ington.

Solo—Miss Grace Richardson.
Collection.

Paper—"The importance of details"
or "Small things"—Miss Farley.

Round Table Conference—led by Mrs.
E. A. Stevens, Prov. Pres.

EVENING SESSION.

8 o'clock.

Chairman—Rev. Mr. Tucker.
Scripture Reading and Prayer.

Words of Welcome.
Reply.

Solo—Mrs. G. James.
Address—Mrs. E. A. Stevens.

Solo—Mr. Acton.
Collection.

WEDNESDAY MORNING.

9.30 o'clock.

Quiet half-hour—led by Miss Kerr.
Election of Officers.

Adjournment.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

2.00 o'clock.

Unfinished reports.
Discussion on Local and County
work followed by a meeting of full
executive.

Hymn.
Prayer.

Sessions open to the public. A
cordial invitation to all.

HUFFMAN'S GOITRE CURE.

The best remedy known for thick
neck. Recommendations received from
all over Canada from people who have
been cured by remedy. Treatment
only cost about 25c. per week. Write
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Drug Store Limited, Napanee, sole
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the
Time



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work and rest—sport and play.—Every
day and Fine Dress Shoes.

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Tweeds—Tailored in the Latest Styles
and guaranteed the Best Range of
\$15.00 Suits in Canada.

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Save Your Eyes Half Seeing is Half Living

You may be suffering eye
strain with headaches, nervous-
ness, indigestion and many other
ills traceable to the eyes. Some-
times the lights, electric or
bright sun-light cause eye strain.
What ever your trouble may be,
we recommend having your eyes
properly examined.

H. F. SMITH

full information, apply to
an, Station Agent; or E.
City Agent. 28-c

RACES.

Motor races at Jackson, N.Y. Act Klein, driving a Buick, won the time trials, covering 52 1-5 miles in 1:55. Other makes of cars included Hudson, Super Six, 1 X 10, Maxwell, Sweney, Buick and many others. The race can be turned around in less space than any other car. E. L. VanLaven, Napanee, Briscoe.

Libbard Furniture Rooms are open nights and they are public to inspect and specially stock of Furnishings will be welcome. Wash Room towels to refresh after your dust. Come to us.

Elcays Rat Paste will kill chickens from the rats. WALLACE'S Drug Store

NAPANEE.

Cragg, B.A., who has been Church for the last three years, farewelled on Sunday a large congregation was gathered on the occasion of his address. He spoke from "Be strong, and of good cheer" for their Anthem and rendered by Miss MacIsaac, Grace McMillan and Oliver. Their selections were suitable to the occasion. A large number of stirring selections. Speeches made of the organist, Mr. Cragg, for the interest she took in the musical part of the service in the audience. Friends of Mr. Cragg were present to the school room for the bidding of a good-bye. Mr. Cragg was taxed to the utmost, being able to gain admission. Stevens, Esq., was called where the meeting was. Mr. and Mrs. Cragg were on the platform, when Thos. Esq., was called on to bid good-bye, which he did in a very way after which he bade Cragg with a purse of money. Mr. Cragg with a beautiful cabinet. Mr. Cragg replied in a most happy and pretentious way for the cabinet, after Black presiding at the joined in the singing of "The tie that binds." This happy and successful pastorate. The best wish of the entire community follow greater usefulness in his labor in the far west, as of Jesus Christ.

Blackleg Vaccine order to Drug Store, Napanee. Distribution FREE to each customer.

Mr. G. B. Curran has rented the Bottrell house on Dundas street.

Miss Mary B. Warner has returned home after spending a few days in Toronto.

Mr. Harold L. Harshaw returned from Upper Canada College, Toronto, on Wednesday last, and is spending his holidays with his parents at "Hillcrest."

Mrs. Travers, Brockville, is the guest of Mrs. R. G. H. Travers.

Messrs. Roy Root and Fred Knapp attended District Lodge I.O.O.F. at Tamworth on Wednesday.

Mrs. Burritt, Toronto, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Robinson.

Mrs. Glenn, Geneva, N. Y., returned home Thursday after spending the past week with her mother, Mrs. John Coates.

Mr. Luther Wagar, Quebec, is the guest of his sister, Mrs. C. A. Walters.

Mrs. W. H. Hunter and Miss Kathleen, spent a few days last week in Toronto.

Mrs. Robt. McMillan is visiting friends in Toronto and Grimsby.

Miss Acton, Watertown, attended the William-Sexsmith wedding at Gosport, on Wednesday.

Misses Irene Wagar and Clara Bowen spent Wednesday in Kingston.

Word was received from Pte. Norman Root that he has suffered the loss of one eye, besides other injuries.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Clancy and Mrs. Arthur Loucks attended the William-Sexsmith wedding at Gosport, on Wednesday.

Mr. Mintum spent a few days this week in Toronto.

Pte. Sam Kearns, C.A.S.E., Petawawa, spent Tuesday in Napanee.

Mr. Irene Vanalstine spent the week-end in Toronto.

Mrs. H. W. Kelly spent the week-end with friends in Gananoque.

Chris. Hartin, of Marlbank, and niece, Mrs. W. J. Ramsay of Selby, visited Mr. and Mrs. Robert Irwin of Albert Street, Kingston, over the week-end taking home Whitney Hartin, of Roblin, who has been seriously ill in Hotel Dieu.

DEATHS

HENDERSON — At Richmond, on Monday, June 18th, 1917, Hugh Henderson, aged 68 years, 7 months, 15 days.

JOYCE — At North Fredericksburg, on Thursday, June 14th, 1917, John Joyce, aged 72 years, 5 days.

STRATTON — At Napanee, on Sunday, June 17th, 1917, Hester A., wife of Dr. C. M. Stratton, aged 48 years, 5 months.

CHANGE OF TIME

In connection with the Summer Change of Time on the Canadian Northern Railway effective June 16th trains between Napanee, Ottawa and Toronto will run on the same schedule as at present excepting that of train now leaving Ottawa 1.10 p.m. Ex. Sunday on and after the above date will leave Ottawa 12.50 noon. For further particulars see latest time table folders, or apply to R. E. McLean, Station Agent; or E. McLaughlin, Town Agent, Napanee. 28-c

A 25c. bottle of WALLACE'S Strychnine meal will save your chickens and corn from the crows. Sold only at WALLACE'S Drug Store Limited.

\$825 in prizes for Horse Races, Base Ball, Kingston, Victoria and Belleville, Ontario. Motor Cycle Races, etc.

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ANNOUNCEMENT



Series Four Ninety-A

Yacht Line Body, Demountable Rims,
One Man Top.

PRICE \$750

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New Features One-Man Top, Sloping Windshield, Yacht Line Body extremely graceful, Five Demountable Rims, Body painted in Chevrolet Green nicely striped, Tire and Demountable Rim Carrier designed with Tail Lamp and License Bracket Attachment, New Designed Front and Rear Fender Skirts, Robe Rail and Foot Rail, Radiator Splash Guard gives front of car a Conventional appearance, Tonneau Floor laid with Pile Carpet, Pockets in all doors, Hand Pads to protect finish on doors.

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